

# PLEASE CHECK FOR CHANGE INFORMATION AT THE REAR OF THIS MANUAL.

# 7B15 DELAYING TIME BASE

# INSTRUCTION MANUAL

Tektronix, Inc. P.O. Box 500 Beaverton, Oregon 97077

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#### INSTRUMENT SERIAL NUMBERS

Each instrument has a serial number on a pañel insert, tag, or stamped on the chassis. The first number or letter designates the country of manufacture. The last five digits of the serial number are assigned sequentially and are unique to each instrument. Those manufactured in the United States have six unique digits. The country of manufacture is identified as follows:

B000000	Tektronix, Inc., Beaverton, Oregon, USA
100000	Tektronix Guernsey, Ltd., Channel Islands
200000	Tektronix United Kingdom, Ltd., London
300000	Sony/Tektronix, Japan
700000	Tektronix Holland, NV, Heerenveen, The Netherlands

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# WARNING

THE REMAINING PORTION OF THIS TABLE OF CONTENTS LISTS THE SERVICING INSTRUCTIONS. THESE SERVICING INSTRUCTIONS ARE FOR USE BY QUALIFIED PERSONNEL ONLY. TO AVOID ELECTRICAL SHOCK, DO NOT PERFORM ANY SERVICING OTHER THAN THAT CALLED OUT IN THE OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS UNLESS QUALIFIED TO DO SO.

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# **OPERATORS SAFETY SUMMARY**

The following general safety information applies to all operators and service personnel. Specific warnings and cautions will be found throughout the manual where they apply and should be followed in each instance.

WARNING statements identify conditions or practices which could result in personal injury or loss of life.

CAUTION statements identify conditions or practices which could result in damage to the equipment or other property.



#### **GROUNDING THE INSTRUMENT**

To reduce electrical-shock hazard, the mainframe (oscilloscope) chassis must be properly grounded. Refer to the mainframe manual for grounding information.

### DO NOT REMOVE INSTRUMENT COVERS

To avoid electric-shock hazard, operating personnel must not remove the protective instrument covers. Component replacement and internal adjustments must be made by qualified service personnel only.

#### DO NOT OPERATE IN EXPLOSIVE ATMOSPHERE

To avoid explosion, do not operate this instrument in an explosive atmosphere unless it has been certified for such operation.



### PREVENT INSTRUMENT DAMAGE

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Plug-in units should not be installed or removed without first turning the instrument power off, to prevent instrument damage.

# SERVICING SAFETY SUMMARY

### FOR QUALIFIED SERVICE PERSONNEL ONLY

Refer also to the preceding Operators Safety Summary

The following are safety precautions which appear in the servicing information sections of this manual. This Servicing Safety Summary is in addition to the Operators Safety Summary given previously.



#### DO NOT SERVICE ALONE

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Do not attempt internal service or adjustment unless another person, capable of rendering first aid and resuscitation, is present.

#### DISCONNECT INSTRUMENT POWER

To avoid electric-shock disconnect the instrument from the power source before removing protective panels, soldering, or replacing components.

#### SILICONE GREASE HANDLING

Handle silicone grease with care. Avoid getting the silicone grease in your eyes. Wash hands thoroughly after use.



#### AVOID EXCESSIVE MOISTURE

Circuit boards and components must be dry before applying power to prevent damage from electrical arcing.

#### EXERCISE CARE WHEN CHECKING DIODES

When checking diodes, do not use an ohmmeter scale that has a high internal current, since high currents may damage the diodes under test.

### EXERCISE CARE WHEN SOLDERING ON MULTI-LAYER BOARDS

All but the Readout circuit board in the instrument are multi-layer type boards with a conductive path laminated between the top and bottom board layers. All soldering on these boards should be done with extreme care to prevent breaking the connections to this center conductor. Only experienced maintenance personnel should attempt repair of these boards.

#### USE PROPER CLEANING AGENTS

Avoid the use of chemical cleaning agents which might damage the plastics used in this instrument. Use a non-residue type of cleaner, preferably isopropyl alcohol, totally denatured ethyl alcohol, or Freon TF. Before using any other type of cleaner, consult your Tektronix Service Center or representative.

#### DO NOT USE PIN SOCKETS FOR CONNECTION POINTS

The spring tension of the pin sockets ensures a good connection between the circuit board and the pin. This spring tension can be destroyed by using the pin sockets as a connecting point for spring-loaded probe tips, alligator clips, etc.



**7B15** Features

The 7B15 Delaying Time-Base unit provides calibrated sweep rates from .2 seconds to 2 nanoseconds and triggering to 1 Gigahertz for 7100-, 7700-, 7800-, and 7900-series oscilloscopes. The X10 Magnifier increases each sweep rate by a factor of 10 and a VARIABLE control allows continuously variable sweep rates between calibrated steps. Variable hold off and alpha-numeric readouts are provided. Also, when operating in the AUTO TRIGGERING MODE, a bright baseline trace is displayed in the absence of a trigger signal.

Other features include independent sweep operation of continuously variable sweep delay (DELAY TIME) and differential sweep delay (
TIME) with a companion time-base unit. Delay time or differential delay time readout is displayed on the mainframe cathode-ray tube.

# **GENERAL INFORMATION**

### INTRODUCTION

#### **OPERATORS MANUAL**

The Operators Manual contains information necessary to effectively operate the 7B15 Time Base and is divided into three sections: Section 1 provides a basic description of the 7B15 with instrument specifications and accessories; section 2 contains operating information for the instrument; instrument option information is located in section 3 of the manual.

#### **INSTRUCTION MANUAL**

The Instruction Manual provides both operating and servicing information for the 7B15 Time Base. The Instruction Manual is divided into nine sections. Operating information is covered in the first two sections; servicing information for use by qualified service personnel is contained in the remaining seven sections of the manual. Schematic diagrams are located at the rear of the manual and can be unfolded for reference while reading other parts of the manual. The reference designators and symbols used on the schematics are defined on the first page of the Diagrams and Circuit Board Illustrations section. All abbreviations used in this manual, with the exception of the parts lists and schematic diagrams, comply with the American National Institute Y1.1-1972 publication. The parts lists are computer printouts and use computer-supplied abbreviations. Instrument option information is located in section 6 of the Instruction Manual.

### INSTALLATION

The time-base unit is designed to operate in the horizontal plug-in compartment of the mainframe. This instrument can also be installed in a vertical plug-in compartment to provide a vertical sweep on the crt. However, when used in this manner, there are no internal triggering or retrace blanking provisions, and the unit may not meet specifications.

To install the unit in a plug-in compartment, align the upper and lower rails of the plug-in with the mainframe tracks and push it in until it fits firmly into the compartment. The front panel of the unit should be flush with the front panel of the mainframe. Even though the gain of the mainframe is standardized, the sweep calibration of the unit should be checked when installed. The procedure for checking the unit is given under Sweep Functions in the Operators Checkout procedure in section 2.

To remove the unit, pull the release latch (see Fig. 1-1) to disengage the unit from the mainframe, and pull it out of the plug-in compartment.

## INSTRUMENT PACKAGING

If this instrument is to be shipped for long distances by commercial means of transportation, it is recommended that it be repackaged in the original manner for maximum protection. The original shipping carton should be saved and used for this purpose. If more information is needed, contact your local Tektronix Field Office or representative.



Figure 1-1. Location of release latch.

# SPECIFICATION

This instrument will meet the electrical characteristics listed in Table 1-1, following complete adjustment. The following electrical characteristics are valid over the stated environmental range for instruments calibrated at an ambient temperature of +20° to +30° C, and after a twenty-minute warmup unless otherwise noted.

TABLE 1-1 Electrical Characteristics				
Characteristics Performance Requirement				
SWE	EP GENERATOR			
Sweep Rates				
Calibrated Range	0.2 s/div to 2 ns/div in 25 ste fastest calibrated sweep rate t	eps. X10 Magnifier extends o 0.2 ns/div.		
Variable Range	Continuously variable uncalibr 2.5 times the calibrated sweep	Continuously variable uncalibrated sweep rate to at least 2.5 times the calibrated sweep rate setting.		
Sweep Accuracy <sup>1</sup> with 7104, 7900 and 7800 Series Mainframes	Measured over center 8 displa adjusted at 1 ms/div within th (7B15 Delay Mode Switch set	ived divisions. SWP CAL is le +20 to +30° C range. to Independent.)		
+15 to +35° C	UNMAG	MAG X10		
0.2 s/div to 10 ns/div	2%	3%		
5 ns/div and 2 ns/div	3%	4% <sup>2</sup>		
0 to +50° C	Derate +15 to +35° C accuracy	y by additional 1%.		
Excluded Portions of Sweep				
7104	None.	None.		
7800, 7900 Series	First 5 ns.	First 5 ns.		
Sweep Length	At least 10.2 div.	At least 10.2 div.		
MAG Registration	0.5 div or less from graticule of MAG X10 to MAG X1.	0.5 div or less from graticule center when changing from MAG X10 to MAG X1.		
Position Range				
POSITION Controls fully CW	Start of sweep must be to righ 1 ms/div.	Start of sweep must be to right of graticule center at 1 ms/div.		
POSITION Controls fully CCW	End of sweep must be left of g	End of sweep must be left of graticule center at 1 ms/div.		

<sup>1</sup>Some mainframes limit fastest calibrated sweep rate.

<sup>2</sup>200 ps/div is measured over any 5 divisions within the center 8 divisions.

1-2

#### TABLE 1-1 (CONT.) Electrical Characteristics

Characteristics	Performance Requirement		
VARIABLE TIME DELAY			
Range	0.0 to at least 9.0 times TIME/DIV setting.		
Accuracy (20 ms/div to 100 ns/div)			
+15° to +35° C	Within (0.5% of Measurement + 3 digits).		
0° to +50° C	Within (0.5% of Measurement + 4 digits).		
TRACE SEP Range	Functional only in the △ TIME Mode when alternating or chopping between timebase units. The second delayed sweep display can be vertically positioned at least 3 divisions below the first delayed sweep display when the mainframe vertical trace separation control is centered.		
DELAY TIME			
Range	0.2 or less to at least 9.0 times TIME/DIV setting.		
Jitter			
0.2 s/div to 50 $\mu$ s/div	(0.02% of TIME/DIV setting) or less		
20 $\mu$ s/div to 100 ns/div	(0.03% of TIME/DIV setting + 100 ps) or less.		
Absolute Delay Accuracy (Start of delayed sweep with respect to start of delaying sweep; $0^{\circ}$ to +50° C)			
0.2 s/div to 10 $\mu$ s/div	Within (0.5% of Delay + 5% of TIME/DIV setting).		
Differential Measurement Accuracy (Measure- ment is made by subtracting 2 delay time readings; 0.2 s/div to 100 ns/div; 0° to 50° C)	Within (0.5% of Measurement + 4 digits).		

# TRIGGERING

Trigger Sensitivity for Repetitive Signals	Triggering Frequency Range <sup>3</sup>	Minimum Triggering Signal Required	
Coupling		Internal	External
AC	30 Hz to 250 MHz	0.5 div	50 mV
	250 MHz to 1 GHz	1.5 div	150 mV
AC LF REJ⁴	50 kHz to 250 MHz	0.5 div	50 mV
	250 MHz to 1 GHz	1.5 div	150 mV
AC HF REJ	30 Hz to 30 kHz	0.5 div	50 mV
DC⁵	Dc to 250 MHz	0.5 div	50 mV
	250 MHz to 1 GHz	1.5 div	150 mV

<sup>3</sup>The triggering frequency ranges given here are limited to the -3 dB frequency of the oscilloscope vertical system when operating in the Internal mode.

<sup>4</sup>Will not trigger on sine waves at or below 60 Hz when amplitudes are less than 8 divisions Internal or 3 volts External.

<sup>5</sup>The Triggering Frequency Range for DC COUPLING applied to frequencies above 30 Hz when operating in the AUTO TRIGGERING MODE.

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# TABLE 1-1 (CONT.) Electrical Characteristics

Characteristics	Performance Requirement
Single Sweep	Same as for Repetitive and Pulsed Triggering.
Internal Trigger Jitter	30 ps or less at 1 GHz.
Operating in HF SYNC MODE	
AC, AC LF REJ, or DC	250 MHz to 1 GHz - 0.3 div Internal 75 mV External
External Trigger Input	
LEVEL RANGE	At least $+$ and $-3.5$ V (checked on 1 kHz sine wave).
Maximum Safe Input	
1-Megohm Input	250 V (dc plus peak ac).
50-Ohm Input	1 Watt average.
Input R and C	
1-Megohm Input	1 M $\Omega$ within 5%, 20 pf within 10%.
50-Ohm Input	50 $\Omega$ within 2%.
Trigger Holdoff Time	
Minimum Holdoff Setting <sup>6</sup>	
0.2 s/div to 50 ms/div	40 ms, or less
20 ms/div to 2 µs/div	2 times TIME/DIV setting, or less
1 µs/div to 2 ns/div	2.0 $\mu$ s, or less
Maximum Holdoff Setting <sup>6</sup>	
0.2 s/div to 50 ms/div	400 ms, or greater
20 ms/div to 2 µs/div	20 times TIME/DIV setting, or greater
1 $\mu$ s/div to 0.5 $\mu$ s/div	20.0 μs, or greater
0.2 $\mu$ s/div to 2 ns/div	6.0 $\mu$ s, or greater

<sup>6</sup>Performance requirement not checked in the manual.

-

#### TABLE 1-2 Environmental Characteristics

Refer to the Specification section of the associated mainframe manual.

#### TABLE 1-3 Physical Characteristics

Net Weight	Approximately 2.6 pounds (1.2 kilogram).
Dimensions	See Figure 1-2, dimensional drawing.

# STANDARD ACCESSORIES

1	1 eaOperators	Manual
1	1 eaInstruction	Manual



Figue 1-2. 7B15 dimensional drawing.

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# **OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS**

The 7B15 Time-Base unit operates with a Tektronix 7100-, 7700-, 7800-, or 7900-series oscilloscope mainframe and a 7A-series amplifier unit to form a complete oscilloscope system. This section describes the operation of the front-panel controls and connectors, provides detailed operating information, an operators checkout procedure, and basic applications for this instrument.

# CONTROLS, CONNECTORS, AND INDICATORS

All controls, connectors, and indicators required for the operation of the time-base unit are located on the front panel. Figure 2-1 provides a brief description of all front-panel controls, connectors, and indicators. More detailed information is given in the Detailed Operating Information portion of this section.

## **OPERATORS CHECKOUT**

The following procedures are provided for checking basic instrument functions. Refer to the description of the controls, connectors, and indicators while performing this procedure. If performing the functional check procedure reveals a malfunction or possible maladjustment, first check the operation of the associated plug-in units, then refer to the instruction manual for maintenance and adjustment procedures.

#### SETUP PROCEDURE

1. Install the 7B15 in the A horizontal compartment of the mainframe.

2. Install an amplifier plug-in unit in a vertical compartment.

3. Set the 7B15 controls as follows:

SLOPE (+)
MODE AUTO
COUPLING AC
SOURCE INT
B DELAY MODE INDEPENDENT
TRACE SEP OFF (fully clockwise)
POSITIONMidrange
TIME/DIV 1 ms
VARIABLE (CAL IN) Calibrated (Pushed in)
HOLD OFF MIN (fully counterclockwise)
MAG X1 (pushed in)
EXT TRIG IN ΟUT 50 Ω

4. Turn on the oscilloscope and allow at least 20 minutes warmup.

5. Set the mainframe vertical and horizontal modes to display the plug-in units used and adjust the intensity and focus for a well-defined display. See the oscilloscope mainframe and amplifier unit instruction manuals for detailed operating instructions.

# SWEEP FUNCTIONS

Normal Sweep

Perform the following procedure to obtain a normal sweep and to demonstrate the function of the related controls:

1. Perform the preceding Setup Procedure.

2. Connect a 0.4-volt, 1-kilohertz signal from the mainframe calibrator to the amplifier plug-in unit input.

3. Set the amplifier plug-in unit deflection factor for 4 divisions of display.

4. Adjust the LEVEL control for a stable display.

5. Turn the POSITION control and note that the trace moves horizontally.

6. Turn the FINE control and note that the display can be precisely positioned horizontally.

7. Check the display for one complete cycle per division. If necessary, adjust the front-panel SWP CAL screwdriver adjustment for one complete cycle per division over the center 8 graticule divisions. Be sure that the timing of the mainframe calibrator signal is accurate to within 0.25% ( $\pm 20^{\circ}$  to  $\pm 30^{\circ}$  C).

8. Press to release the VARIABLE (CAL IN) control. Turn the VARIABLE (CAL IN) control fully counterclockwise and note that the displayed sweep rate changes to at least the next slower TIME/DIV switch setting (i.e., 2 milliseconds/division). Press the VARIABLE (CAL IN) knob in to the calibrated position.

#### **Magnified Sweep**

Perform the following procedure to obtain a X10 magnified display and to demonstrate the function of the related controls:

1. Obtain a one cycle per division display as described in the preceding Normal Sweep procedure.

2. Press to release the MAG button (X10). Note that the unmagnified display within the center division of the graticule is magnified to about 10 divisions.

3. Press the MAG button (X1).



Figure 2-1. Front-panel controls, connectors and indicators.

	TRIGGERING					
1	LEVEL Control—Selects a point on the trigger signal where triggering occurs.					
2	SLOPE Switch—Permits sweep to be triggered on negative- or positive-going portions of the trigger signal.					
3	READY Indicator-Illuminates when sweep circuit is armed (SINGLE SWP MODE).					
4	TRIG'D Indicator—Illuminates when the display is triggered.					
5	MODE Pushbuttons-Selects the operating mode of the triggering circuits.					
6	COUPLING Pushbuttons-Selects the method of coupling the trigger signal to triggering circuit.					
	SOURCE Pushbuttons—Selects source of the trigger signal.					
Ċ						
	SWEEP					
(8)	POSITION Control—Provides horizontal positioning.					
9	FINE Control—Provides precise horizontal positioning.					
10	HOLD OFF Control—Permits hold off period to be varied to improve triggering stability of repetitive complex waveforms.					
(11)	MAG Pushbutton-Selects X10 magnified or unmagnified sweep.					
(12)	TIME/DIV SwitchSelects the sweep rate of the sweep generator.					
(13)	VARIABLE Control and CAL Switch—Selects calibrated or uncalibrated sweep rates. Uncalibrated sweep rates can be continuously reduced to at least the sweep rate of the next slower position.					
(14)	SWP CAL Adjustment-Compensates for basic timing changes due to the differences in sensitivity of mainframes in which the 7B15 may be used.					
	EXTERNAL TRIGGER INPUT					
(15)	EXT TRIG Button—Selects input impedance.					
16	EXT TRIG IN Connector—Connector (BNC type) provides input for external trigger signals.					
	SWEEP MODE					
11	B DELAY MODE Pushbuttons—Selects independent or delaying sweep operation. In the B STARTS AFTER DLY and B TRIGGERABLE AFTER DLY delaying sweep modes, the DELAY TIME and $\triangle$ TIME functions are activated. There will be a 2 division vertical shift of the trace when switching from INDEPENDENT to B STARTS AFTER DLY.					
	DELAY TIME					
18	DELAY TIME Control—Provides variable delay time before the start of the delayed sweep produced by companion time-base unit.					
(19)	TRACE SEP Control and Switch—Enables $\triangle$ TIME functions and provides vertical separation of the delayed sweep traces ( $\triangle$ TIME operation).					
20	$\triangle$ TIME Control—Provides differential time measurements between 2 selected intensified zones on the delaying sweep trace. Two delayed sweep traces corresponding to the intensified zones are displayed by the companion time-base unit. Differential time is displayed on the crt readout.					
	2319-03					

Figure 2-1 (Cont.). Front-panel controls, connectors, and indicators.

### Delaying And Delayed Sweep

Perform the following procedure to obtain delaying- and delayed-sweep displays and to demonstrate the function of the related controls. To obtain a delayed-sweep display, a companion time-base unit must be installed in the B horizontal compartment of the mainframe.

1. Obtain a display as described in the preceding Normal Sweep procedure.

2. Press the B STARTS AFTER DELAY button.

3. Set the mainframe horizontal mode for chopped operation.

4. Set the companion time-base unit sweep rate for 0.1 millisecond/ division, and triggering for auto mode, ac coupling, internal source, and + slope.

5. Adjust the mainframe B sweep intensity and check for an intensified zone about 1 division wide on the delaying (A) sweep display. Also note that the delayed (B) sweep provides an expanded display of the intensified portion of the delaying (A) sweep.

6. Position the start of the delaying (A) sweep to the left edge of the graticule.

7. Adjust the DELAY TIME control for a crt readout (bottom division of crt graticule) of 5.000 ms. Check that the left edge of the intensified zone is at the graticule center line.

8. Set the 7B15 TIME/DIV switch to .5 ms and the delayed (B) sweep unit sweep rate to 20 microseconds/division.

9. Turn the DELAY TIME control fully counterclockwise to position the intensified zone near the front corner of the first square-wave cycle. Press the B TRIGGERABLE AFTER DLY button and check that the intensified zone moves to the front corner of the next displayed square wave.

#### △ (Differential) Time

Perform the following procedure to obtain a  $\triangle$  (differential) time display and to demonstrate the function of the related controls:

1. Obtain a delaying (A) and delayed (B) sweep display as described in steps 1 through 4 of the preceding Delaying and Delayed Sweep procedure.

2. Turn the TRACE SEP control counterclockwise out of the OFF (detent) position.

3. Set the DELAY TIME and  $\triangle$  TIME controls to the fully counterclockwise position. Check for two delayed (B) sweeps and note that the crt readout (bottom right of crt) is 0.000 ms.

4. Slowly turn the  $\triangle$  TIME control clockwise and note that a second intensified zone moves across the delaying (A) sweep display and the crt readout indicates the differential time between the left edge of the stationary intensified zone and the left edge of the second intensified zone. Also note that the lower delayed (B) sweep is an expanded display of the second intensified zone.

#### TRIGGERING FUNCTIONS

Perform the following procedure to obtain a triggered sweep and to demonstrate the functions of the related controls:

1. Obtain a display as described in the preceding Normal Sweep procedure.

2.Turn the LEVEL control fully counterclockwise to obtain a free-running sweep.

3. Slowly turn the HOLD OFF control clockwise and note that a stable display can be obtained at several positions of the HOLD OFF control. Return the HOLD OFF control to the fully counterclockwise (MIN) position.

#### NOTE

The HOLD OFF control varies the sweep holdoff time which effectively changes the repetition rate of the horizontal sweep signal. However, its primary function is to obtain a stable display of complex waveforms which are otherwise difficult to trigger.

4. Press the AC, AC HF REJ, and DC COUPLING buttons for both the + and - positions of the SLOPE switch and check for a stable display (LEVEL control may be adjusted, if necessary, to obtain a stable display).

5. Apply the 0.4-volt, 1 kilohertz signal from the mainframe calibrator to the amplifier plug-in unit and to the EXT TRIG IN connector.

6. Press the EXT SOURCE button and set the amplifier plug-in unit deflection factor for a 4-division display.

7. Press the AC, AC HF REJ, and DC COUPLING buttons for both the + and - positions of the SLOPE switch and check for a stable display (LEVEL control may be adjusted, if necessary, for a stable display).

8. Press the AC COUPLING, INT SOURCE, and NORM MODE buttons. Adjust the LEVEL control for a stable display.

9. Press the AUTO MODE button and adjust the LEVEL control for a free-running display.

10. Press the NORM MODE button and check for no display.

11. Adjust the LEVEL control for a stable display and press the SINGLE SWP MODE button.

12. Note that one trace occurs when the SINGLE SWP button is pressed again.

13. Disconnect the mainframe calibrator signal from the amplifier plug-in unit input and press the SINGLE SWP button. Check for no display and note that the READY indicator is lit.

14. Note that one trace occurs and that the READY indicator extinguishes when the mainframe calibrator signal is reconnected to the amplifier plug-in unit input.

## DETAILED OPERATING INFORMATION

#### **Triggering Switch Logic**

The MODE, COUPLING, and SOURCE push buttons of the TRIGGERING switches are arranged in a sequence which places the most-often used position at the top of each vertical row of push buttons. With this arrangement, a stable display can usually be obtained by pressing the top push buttons: AUTO, AC, INT. When an adequate trigger signal is applied and the LEVEL control is correctly set, the unit is triggered as indicated by the illuminated TRIG'D light. If the TRIG'D light is not on, the LEVEL control is either at a setting outside the range of the trigger signal applied to this unit from the vertical unit; the trigger signal amplitude is inadequate, or its frequency is below the lower frequency limit of the AC COUPLING switch position. If the desired display is not obtained with these buttons pushed in, other selections must be made. Refer to the following discussions or the instruction manuals for the associated oscilloscope mainframe and vertical unit(s) for more information.

#### **TRIGGERING MODES**

The MODE push-button switches select the mode in which the sweep is triggered.

#### Auto

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The AUTO MODE provides a triggered display with the correct setting of the LEVEL control whenever an adequate trigger signal is applied (see Trigger Level discussions). The TRIG'D light indicates when the display is triggered.

When the trigger repetition rate is outside the frequency range selected by the COUPLING switch or the trigger signal is inadequate, the sweep free runs at the rate indicated by the TIME/DIV switch (TRIG'D indicator off). An adequate trigger signal ends the free-running condition and a triggered display is presented. The sweep also free runs at the rate indicated by the TIME/DIV switch when the LEVEL control is at a setting outside the amplitude range of the trigger signal. This type of freerunning display is useful when it is desired to measure only the peak-to-peak amplitude of a signal without observing the waveshape (such as bandwidth measurements).

#### Hf Sync

The HF SYNC mode provides a triggered display with the correct setting of the LEVEL control whenever a high frequency, (100 MHz or higher) low amplitude signal is applied. This mode is most useful when the incoming signal is too small to produce stable triggering in the AUTO or NORMAL modes. The HF SYNC mode increases trigger sensitivity and provides automatic trigger amplifier centering for optimum triggering under these conditions.

#### Normal

The NORM MODE provides a triggered display with the correct setting of the LEVEL control whenever an adequate trigger signal is applied. The TRIG'D light indicates when the display is triggered.

The normal trigger mode must be used to produce triggered displays with trigger repetition rates below about 30 hertz. When the TRIG'D light is off, no trace is displayed.

#### Single Sweep

When the signal to be displayed is not repetitive or varies in in amplitude, waveshape, or repetition rate, a conventional repetitive type display may produce an unstable presentation. Under these circumstances, a stable display can often be obtained by using the singlesweep feature of this unit. The single-sweep mode is also useful to photograph non-repetitive or unstable displays.

To obtain a single-sweep display of a repetitive signal, first obtain the best possible display in the NORM MODE. Then, without changing the other TRIGGERING controls, press the SINGLE SWP RESET button. A single trace is presented each time this button is pressed. Further sweeps cannot be presented until the SINGLE SWP RESET button is pressed again. If the displayed signal is a complex waveform composed of varying amplitude pulses, successive single-sweep displays may not start at the same point on the waveform. To avoid confusion due to the crt persistence, allow the display to disappear before pressing the SINGLE SWP RESET button again. At fast sweep rates, it may be difficult to view the singlesweep display. The apparent trace intensity can be increased by reducing the ambient light level or by using a viewing hood as recommended in the mainframe instruction manual.

When using the single-sweep mode to photograph waveforms, the graticule may have to be photographed separately in the normal manner to prevent overexposing the film. Be sure the camera system is well protected against stray light, or operate the system in a darkened room. For repetitive waveforms, press the SINGLE SWP RESET button only once for each waveform unless the signal is completely symmetrical. Otherwise, multiple waveforms may appear on the film. For random signals, the lens can be left open until the signal triggers the unit. Further information on photographic techniques is given in the appropriate camera instruction manual.

#### TRIGGER COUPLING

The TRIGGERING COUPLING push buttons select the method in which the trigger signal is connected to the trigger circuits. Each position permits selection or rejection of some frequency components of the signal which triggers the sweep.

#### **Alternating Current**

AC COUPLING blocks the dc component of the trigger signal. Signals with low-frequency components below about 30 hertz are attenuated. In general, AC COUPLING can be used for most applications. However, if the signal contains unwanted frequency components or if the sweep is to be triggered at a low repetition rate or dc level, one of the other COUPLING switch positions will provide a better display.

#### Alternating Current Low Frequency Rejection

AC LF REJ COUPLING rejects dc, and attenuates lowfrequency trigger signals below about 50 kilohertz. Therefore, the sweep is triggered only by the higherfrequency components of the trigger signal. This position is particularly useful for providing stable triggering if the trigger signal contains linefrequency components. Also, the AC LF REJ position provides the best alternate-mode vertical displays at fast sweep rates when comparing two or more unrelated signals.

### Alternating Current High Frequency Rejection

AC HF REJ COUPLING passes all low-frequency signals between about 30 hertz and 30 kilohertz. Dc is rejected and signals outside the above range are attenuated. When triggering from complex waveforms, this position is useful to provide a stable display of the low-frequency components.

#### **Direct Current**

DC COUPLING can be used to provide stable triggering from low-frequency signals which would be attenuated in other COUPLING switch positions. DC COUPLING can be used to trigger the sweep when the trigger signal reaches a dc level set by the LEVEL control. When using internal triggering, the setting of the vertical plug-in unit position control affects the triggering point.

### TRIGGER SOURCE

The TRIGGERING SOURCE push buttons select the source of the trigger signal which is connected to the trigger circuits.

#### Internal

The INT position connects the trigger signal from the vertical plug-in unit. Further selection of the internal trigger signal may be provided by the vertical plug-in unit or by the mainframe; see the instruction manuals for these instruments for more information. For most applications, the internal source can be used. However, some applications require special triggering which cannot be obtained in the INT position. In such cases the LINE or EXT positions of the SOURCE switches must be used.

#### Line

The LINE position connects a sample of the power-line voltage from the mainframe to the trigger circuit. Line triggering is useful when the input signal is time-related (multiple or submultiple) to the line frequency. It is also useful for providing a stable display of a line-frequency component in a complex waveform.

#### External

The EXT position connects the signal from the EXT TRIG IN connector to the trigger circuit. The external signal must be time-related to the displayed waveform for a stable display. An external trigger signal can be used to provide a triggered display when the internal signal is either too low in amplitude for correct triggering or contains signal components on which triggering is not desired. It is also useful when signal tracing in amplifiers, phase-shift networks, wave-shaping circuits, etc. The signal from a single point in the circuit can be connected to the EXT TRIG IN connector through a probe or cable. The sweep is then triggered by the same signal at all times and allows amplitude, time relationship, or waveshape changes of signals at various points in the circuit to be examined without resetting the TRIGGERING controls.

The IN 1M $\Omega$ /OUT 50 $\Omega$  push button provides a convenient means of selecting external trigger input impedance. Pushing the button in sets the amplifier input impedance to 1 M $\Omega$  and the OUT position provides 50 $\Omega$  input impedance.

### TRIGGER SLOPE

The TRIGGERING SLOPE switch (concentric with the TRIGGERING LEVEL control) determines whether the trigger circuit responds on the positive- or negative-going portion of the trigger signal. When the SLOPE switch is in the (+) (positive-going) position, the display starts on the positive-going portion of the waveform (see Fig. 2-2). When several cycles of a signal appear in the display, the setting of the SLOPE switch is often unimportant. However, if only a certain portion of a cycle is to be displayed, correct setting of the SLOPE switch is important to provide a display that starts on the desired slope of the input signal.

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### TRIGGER LEVEL

The TRIGGERING LEVEL control determines the voltage level on the trigger signal at which the sweep is triggered. When the LEVEL control is set in the + region, the trigger circuit responds at a more positive point on the trigger signal. When the LEVEL control is set in the region, the trigger circuit responds at a more negative point on the trigger signal. Figure 2-2 illustrates this effect with different settings of the SLOPE switch.

To set the LEVEL control, first set the TRIGGERING MODE, COUPLING, SOURCE, and slope. Then set the LEVEL control fully counterclockwise and rotate it clockwise until the display starts at the desired point. Less selection of the triggering level is available as the trigger signal frequency exceeds 150 megahertz.

In the HF SYNC mode, the trigger LEVEL control varies the sensitivity of the trigger generator. The LEVEL control is set to provide a stable display.

### HORIZONTAL SWEEP RATES

The TIME/DIV switch provides calibrated sweep rates from 0.2 seconds/ division to 2 nanoseconds/division in a 1-2-5 sequence. The VARIABLE TIME/DIV control must be in the calibrated position and the MAG switch set to X1 to obtain the sweep rate indicated by the TIME/DIV switch. However, the mainframe crt readout will display the appropriate sweep rate.

The VARIABLE TIME/DIV control includes a two-position switch to determine if the sweep rate is calibrated, or uncalibrated. When the VARIABLE control is pressed in, it is inoperative and the sweep rate is calibrated. When pressed and released outward, the VARIABLE control is activated for uncalibrated sweep rates, to at least the sweep rate of the next slower position.

A calibrated sweep rate can be obtained in any position of the VARIABLE control by pressing the VARIABLE control. This feature is particularly useful when a specific uncalibrated sweep rate has been obtained and it is desired to switch between calibrated and uncalibrated displays.

### TIME MEASUREMENT

When making time measurements from the graticule, the area between the second and tenth vertical lines of the graticule provides the most linear time measurements (see Fig. 2-3). Position the start of the timing area to the second vertical line and adjust the TIME/DIV switch so the end of the timing area falls between the second and tenth vertical lines.

### SWEEP MAGNIFICATION

The sweep magnifier can be used to expand the display by a factor of 10. The center division of the unmagnified display is the portion visible on the crt in the magnified





form (see Fig. 2-4). The equivalent length of the magnified sweep is more than 100 divisions; any 10division portion can be viewed by adjusting the POSITION and FINE POSITION controls to bring the desired portion into the viewing area.

When the MAG switch is set to X10 (OUT), the equivalent magnified sweep rate can be determined by dividing the TIME/DIV setting by 10; the equivalent magnified sweep rate is displayed on the crt readout.

### VARIABLE HOLD OFF

The HOLD OFF control improves triggering stability on repetitive complex waveforms by effectively changing the repetition rate of the horizontal sweep signal. The HOLD OFF control should normally be set to its minimum setting. When a stable display cannot be obtained with the TRIGGERING LEVEL control, the HOLD OFF control can be varied for an improved display. If a stable display cannot be obtained at any setting of the LEVEL and HOLD OFF controls, check the TRIGGERING COUPLING and SOURCE switch settings.

### **DELAY-TIME OPERATION**

A 7B15 installed in the mainframe A horizontal compartment can delay a companion time-base unit installed in the B horizontal compartment. When operating the 7B15 in a delaying mode (B DELAY MODE switch set to B STARTS AFTER DLY or B TRIGGERABLE AFTER DLY), an intensified zone is provided on the delaying sweep display during the time that the



#### Figure 2-4. Effect of sweep magnifier on crt display.

companion time-base unit runs (see Fig. 2-5). A delayedsweep trace is provided by the companion time-base unit, corresponding to the intensified zone on the delaying trace, at the sweep rate set by the time/div switch of the companion time-base unit (see Fig. 2-5). The delay time between the triggering event which starts the delayingsweep trace and the start of the intensified zone (and corresponding delayed sweep), is determined by the 7B15 TIME/DIV switch and DELAY TIME control. The amount of calibrated delay time is displayed on the crt readout.

To view the delaying-sweep trace (intensified display), set the mainframe horizontal mode switch to A; to view the corresponding delayed-sweep trace, set the mainframe horizontal mode switch to B. To view the delaying trace (intensified) and the corresponding delayed-sweep trace on the same display, set the mainframe horizontal mode switch to alternate or chop.

Triggering for the delaying-sweep trace is controlled by the 7B15 TRIGGERING controls. Triggering for the intensified zone on the delaying-sweep trace and the corresponding delayed-sweep trace is controlled by the triggering controls of the companion time-base unit when the 7B15 is in the B TRIGGERABLE AFTER DLY mode.





Delay-time measurements must be made with the B DELAY MODE switch set to B STARTS AFTER DLY. When the B DELAY MODE switch is set to B TRIGGERABLE AFTER DLY, the delayed sweep starts with the first trigger pulse after the delay time shown on the crt readout. Therefore, precision time measurements cannot be made in this mode because the time delay is only partially dependent on the DELAY TIME control. The crt readout displays the greater-than symbol (>) preceding the delay time when operating in the B TRIGGERABLE AFTER DLY mode to indicate that the delay time is uncalibrated. However, the B TRIGGERABLE AFTER DLY mode is useful for triggering on waveforms with excessive jitter.

#### △ TIME OPERATION

The  $\triangle$  TIME delaying mode provides the best means of making differential time measurements. The 7B15 can delay a companion time-base unit at 2 separate delay times. At the end of the first delay time (determined by the 7B15 DELAY TIME control and TIME/DIV switch) an

(a)

intensified zone is provided on the delaying-sweep trace. Further, a separate delayed-sweep trace corresponding to the first intensified zone is provided. At the end of the second delay time (determined by the 7B15 TIME/DIV switch, the DELAY TIME, and △ TIME controls) a second intensified zone and corresponding second delayedsweep trace are displayed (see Fig. 2-6). The 7B15 must be installed in the A horizontal compartment. The companion time-base unit must be installed in the B horizontal compartment. The TRACE SEP control must be rotated counterclockwise out of the switch detent position for  $\triangle$  TIME operation. The sweep rate for the delaying-sweep trace is determined by the 7B15 TIME/DIV switch, and the sweep rate of the intensified zones and corresponding delayed-sweep display is determined by the sweep rate setting of the companion time-base unit.

The differential time between the start of the first intensified zone and the start of the second intensified zone is displayed on the crt readout (see Fig. 2-6). A  $\triangle$  symbol preceding the delay-time readout indicates a differential measurement. The > (greater than) symbol following the  $\triangle$  symbol indicates that the TIME/DIV VARIABLE control is activated or that the B DELAY MODE switch is set to B TRIGGERABLE AFTER DLY and therefore the differential time is uncalibrated.

The TRACE SEP control vertically positions the second delayed-sweep trace with respect to the first delayed-sweep trace. Vertical positioning of the delayed-sweep trace is provided by the vertical separation control on the oscilloscope mainframe.

#### △ Time Operation In A Dual-Beam Oscilloscope Mainframe

The 7B15  $\triangle$  TIME function is compatible with 7000series dual-beam mainframes and operation is basically the same as given for [delta] Time Operation. The 7B15 must be installed in the A horizontal compartment and the companion time-base unit must be installed in the B horizontal compartment, as with conventional 4 plug-in compartment mainframes. Set the horizontal mode switch so that the 7B15 provides horizontal deflection for one beam and the companion time-base unit provides horizontal deflection for the other beam. Apply the input signal to the desired vertical plug-in unit and select that unit for vertical deflection of both beams.

Operation of the  $\triangle$  TIME mode in dual-beam mainframes with a dedicated vertical system differs slightly from conventional dual-beam mainframes with vertical-mode switches. The plug-in unit in the left vertical compartment provides vertical deflection of beam 1 and the plug-in unit in the right vertical compartment provides vertical deflection for beam 2. Therefore, the input signal must be applied to the units in both the left and right vertical compartments for  $\triangle$  TIME operation.

#### MAINFRAME OPERATING MODES

The 7B15 can also be operated either as an independent time base in any Tektronix 7100-, 7700-, 7800-, or 7900series mainframes, or as a delayed-sweep unit (B DELAY MODE switch set to INDEPENDENT) in those mainframes that have two horizontal compartments. A companion delaying time-base unit (e.g., another 7B15) is required for delayed-sweep operation. Refer to Applications in this section for additional information.

### **APPLICATIONS**

The 7B15 is designed primarily for use with a companion time-base unit in a readout-equipped mainframe to make delayedsweep time-interval measurements. The 7B15 can also be used as an independent non-delaying time base. The following procedures provide instructions for making several delayed-sweep time-interval measurements using the delay-time and  $\triangle$  (differential) time modes. These procedures provide enough detail to enable the operator to adapt them to other related time-interval measurements. Contact your Tektronix Field Office or representative for assistance in making measurements not described in this manual.

# **DELAYED-SWEEP MEASUREMENTS**

Complex signals often consist of a number of individual events of differing amplitudes. Since the trigger circuits are sensitive only to changes in signal amplitude, a stable display can normally be obtained only when the sweep is triggered by the event(s) having the greatest amplitude. However, this may not produce the desired display of a lower amplitude portion which follows the triggering event. The delayed-sweep feature provides a means of delaying the start of the delayed sweep by a selected amount following the event which triggers the sweep generator. Then, the part of the waveform which contains the information of interest can be displayed at the delayed-sweep rate with a higher apparent magnification than is provided by the MAG switch.

The delayed-sweep feature can also be used to provide rapid and accurate time-interval measurements from a triggering event (i.e., the start of the delaying sweep) to a selected point or between two selected points on a displayed waveform. See General Operating Information in this section for a further discussion of delay-time operation.

In the delay-time mode, the delayed (B) sweep runs for a selected interval after the delaying (A) sweep as indicated by an intensified zone superimposed on the delaying (A) sweep trace. The length of the intensified zone indicates the time that the delayed sweep runs and is determined by the delayed (B) sweep plug-in unit sweep rate (TIME/DIV setting). The time from the start of the delaying (A) sweep to the start of the intensified zone (i.e., the start of the delayed sweep) can be read directly on the crt readout.



Figure 2-6. Typical △ (Differential) Time Operation.

In the  $\triangle$  (differential) time mode, the delayed (B) sweep runs for a second selected interval indicated by a second intensified zone superimposed on the delaying (A) sweep trace. The two intensified zones can be positioned with the DELAY TIME and  $\triangle$  TIME controls. The crt readout then indicates the differential ( $\triangle$ ) time from the start of the first to the start of the second intensified zones.

By selecting the mainframe alternate or chopped horizontal operation, the delaying (A) sweep and either the first delayed (B) sweep interval (delay-time mode) or both delayed (B) sweep intervals ( $\Delta$  time mode) can be displayed simultaneously. Since the delayed (B) sweep(s) can be displayed at a higher magnification than is available with the MAG switch, more precise selection of time intervals is possible.

The following procedures provide instructions for making several types of time-interval measurements in the delay-time and delta (differential) time modes.

#### TIME-INTERVAL MEASUREMENTS (DELAY-TIME MODE)

Perform the following procedure to measure the time from a triggering event (start of sweep) to any point on a displayed waveform:

1. Install the 7B15 in the mainframe A horizontal compartment and a companion time-base unit in the B horizontal compartment.

2. Set the 7B15 controls as follows:

B DELAY MODE...... B STARTS AFTER DLY (button in) MAG......X1 (button in) HOLD OFF ...... MIN (fully counterclockwise) TRACE SEP ...... OFF (fully clockwise) VARIABLE TIME/DIV ..... CALIBRATED (knob in)

3. Connect the signal to be measured to the vertical plugin unit input.

4. Set the mainframe for the A horizontal mode to display the 7B15, and the vertical mode to display the vertical plug-in unit.

5. Set the TRIGGERING controls for a stable display (see General Operating Information in this section for selecting proper triggering).

6. Set the vertical deflection factor and 7B15 sweep rate for the desired display. See the example in Figure 2-7.

7. Set the delayed (B) unit sweep rate for about a 0.5 division intensified zone.

8. Rotate the DELAY TIME control to position the leading edge of the intensified zone at the point on the displayed waveform where the desired time interval ends.

9. Read the time interval from the start of the sweep to the leading edge of the intensified zone directly on the crt readout (see Figure 2-7).

#### DIFFERENTIAL TIME-INTERVAL MEASUREMENTS (DELTA TIME MODE)

Perform the following procedure to measure the timeinterval between any two selected points on a waveform. This procedure can be used to measure the rise time, fall time, period, frequency, or pulse width of a displayed waveform.

1. Install the 7B15 in the mainframe A horizontal compartment and a companion time-base unit in the B horizontal compartment.

2. Set the 7B15 controls as follows:

B DELAY MODE B STARTS AFTER DLY
(button in)
MAG X1 (button in)
HOLD OFF MIN (fully counterclockwise)
TRACE SEP OFF (fully clockwise)
VARIABLE TIME/DIVCalibrated (knob in)

3. Connect the signal to be measured to the vertical plugin unit input.

4. Set the mainframe for the A horizontal mode to display the 7B15 and the vertical mode to display the vertical plug-in unit.



Figure 2-27. Measuring time intervals from a triggering event (start of sweep) to any point on a waveform.

5. Set the TRIGGERING controls for a stable display (see General Operating Information in this section for selection of proper triggering).

6. Set the appropriate triggering, position, deflectionfactor, and sweep-rate controls to obtain the desired display. See the examples in Figure 2-8.

7. Adjust the DELAY TIME control to position the leading edge of the first intensified zone to the beginning of the time interval to be measured (see Fig. 2-8, point A).

8. Turn the TRACE SEP control counterclockwise just out of the OFF (detent) position to obtain a second intensified zone (delta time mode) on the display. 9. Adjust the  $\triangle$  TIME control to position the leading edge of the second intensified zone to the end of the time interval to be measured (see Fig. 2-8, point B).

10. Read the time interval between the intensified zones directly from the crt readout.

#### NOTE

For more accurate time-interval measurements with a dual-trace magnified display, refer to the Delayed-Sweep Magnification procedure.



Figure 2-8. Measuring risetime, fall time, period, frequency, or pulse width in the  $\triangle$  (differential) time mode.

#### DELAYED-SWEEP MAGNIFICATION

By selecting the mainframe alternate or chopped horizontal mode, a dual-trace display of both the delaying (A) sweep and the delayed (B) sweep can be obtained. In the delay-time mode (i.e., TRACE SEP control in the OFF position), the delayed (B) sweep appears as a magnified display of the single intensified portion on the delaying (A) sweep trace. In the delta (differential) time mode (i.e., TRACE SEP control rotated counterclockwise out of the OFF position), the delayed (B) sweep appears as a dual magnified display of both intensified portions of the delaying (A) sweep trace. The dual-delayed (B) sweep displays can be superimposed or separated by rotating the TRACE SEP control.

The following procedures use alternate or chopped horizontal (dual-trace) operation to: Magnify a selected segment of the delaying (A) sweep and determine apparent magnification in the delay-time mode, (2) make more accurate time-interval measurements in the delay-time and  $\Delta$  (differential) time modes, and (3) examine an event that occurs within a selected time interval after a known delay time in the delay-time mode.

1.Install the 7B15 in the mainframe A horizontal compartment and a companion time-base unit in the B horizontal compartment.

2. Set the 7B15 controls as follows:

B DELAY MODE	<b>B STARTS AFTER DLY</b>
	(button in)
MAG	X1 (button in)
HOLD OFF MIN	(fully counterclockwise)
VARIABLE TIME/DIV	Calibrated (knob in)
TRACE SEP	. OFF (fully clockwise)

3. Connect the signal to be measured to the vertical unit input.

4. Set the mainframe horizontal mode for alternate or chopped operation (see oscilloscope mainframe instruction manual for discussion of alternate or chopped operation).

5. To magnify a selected segment of the delaying (A) sweep waveform and determine apparent magnification in the delay-time mode:

a. Perform the procedure in step 1 through 4.

b. Set the appropriate triggering, position, deflectionfactor, and sweep-rate controls for the desired dualtrace display. See the example in Figure 2-9.

#### NOTE

If there is excessive jitter in the delayed (B) sweep display, refer to the Triggered Delayed Sweep Magnification discussion.



Figure 2-9. Magnifying a selected segment of the delaying (A) sweep in the delay-time mode with mainframe alternate or chopped horizontal operation.

c. Turn the DELAY TIME control to position the intensified zone to the portion of the delaying (A) sweep waveform to be magnified.

d. Set the delayed (B) sweep unit sweep rate to select the desired duration of the magnified display as indicated by the length of the intensified zone.

e. Observe the magnified display on the delayed (B) sweep. See Figure 2-9.

#### NOTE

For a better look at the delayed (B) sweep waveform, set the mainframe to the B horizontal mode and the amplifier plug-in unit deflection factor to increase the display amplitude. Do not change the 7B15 TIME/DIV setting.

f. Determine apparent magnification by dividing the 7B15 TIME/DIV setting by the delayed (B) sweep unit sweep-rate setting.

Example: The apparent magnification of the delayed (B) sweep shown in Figure 2-9 with a 7B15 TIME/DIV setting of .1 millisecond and a delayed (B) sweep unit sweep-rate setting of 1 microsecond is:

Apparent _	7B15 TIME/DIV setting		
Magnification	(B) Sweep Time/Div setting		

Substituting values:

A

@

Apparent = 
$$\frac{1 \times 10^{4}}{1 \times 10^{6}}$$
 = 100  
Magnification =  $1 \times 10^{6}$ 

The apparent magnification of the delayed (B) sweep display is 100 times the delaying (A) sweep display.

6. To make more accurate time interval measurements in the delay-time or  $\triangle$  (differential) time mode:

a. Perform the procedures in steps 1 through 4.

#### NOTE

The remaining steps of this procedure apply for both delay-time and  $\triangle$  (differential) time measurements. For  $\triangle$  (differential) time operation, the 7B15 TRACE SEP control must be turned counterclockwise out of the OFF (detent) position. The  $\triangle$  TIME control then positions the second intensified zone and the DELAY TIME control positions the first intensified zone. Parentheses are used to indicate the instructions that apply only to  $\Delta$ (differential) time operation.

b. Set the appropriate triggering, position, deflection factor, and sweep-rate controls for the desired dualtrace display. See the examples in Figure 2-10.



Figure 2-10. Time-interval measurements in the delay-time and △ (differential) time mode with mainframe alternate or chopped operation.

#### NOTE

If there is excessive jitter in the delayed (B) sweep display, refer to the Triggered Delayed Sweep Magnification discussion.

c. Turn the DELAY TIME (and delta TIME) control(s) to position the intensified zone(s) for the precise time interval to be measured using the magnified delayed (B) sweep waveform(s). See the examples in Figure 2-10.

#### NOTE

For a better look at the delayed (B) sweep waveform, set the mainframe to the B horizontal mode and the amplifier-unit deflection-factor to increase the display amplitude. Do not change the 7B15 TIME/DIV setting.

d. Read the desired time interval directly on the crt readout.

7. To examine an event that occurs within a selected time interval after a known delay time in the delay-time mode:

a. Perform the procedures in steps 1 through 4.

b. Set the appropriate triggering, position, deflectionfactor, and sweep-rate controls for the desired dualtrace display. See the example in Figure 2-11.

#### NOTE

If there is excessive jitter in the delayed (B) sweep display, refer to the Triggered Delayed Sweep Magnification discussion.



Figure 2-11. Examining an event that occurs within a selected time interval after a known delay time in the delay-time mode.

c. Adjust the DELAY TIME control for the known delay time as indicated on the crt readout.

d. Set the delayed (B) sweep rate (i.e., the intensified zone length) for the desired time interval after the delay time selected in part c. Multiply the delayed (B) sweep rate by 10 to determine the actual displayed delayed (B) sweep time interval. See the example in Figure 2-11.

e. Observe the magnified event to be examined on the delayed (B) sweep.

#### NOTE

For a better look at the delayed (B) sweep waveform, set the mainframe to the B horizontal mode and the amplifier plug-in unit deflection-factor to increase the display amplitude. Do not change the 7B15 TIME/DIV setting.

#### TRIGGERED DELAYED-SWEEP MAGNIFICATION

The displayed waveform may have excessive jitter at the faster delayed (B) sweep-rate settings. The B TRIGGERABLE AFTER DLY position (button in) of the B DELAY MODE switch provides a more stable display, since the delayed (B) sweep display is then triggered at the same point each time. The crt readout is uncalibrated in this mode as indicated by the > symbol.

Inability to obtain the intensified zone(s) on the delaying (A) sweep display indicates that the delayed (B) sweep triggering controls are incorrectly set, or that the input signal does not meet triggering requirements. If the condition cannot be corrected with the triggering controls, or by increasing the display amplitude, externally trigger the delayed (B) sweep.

# INDEPENDENT TIME-INTERVAL MEASUREMENTS

The 7B15 is designed primarily for use with a companion time-base unit in 7100-, 7700-, 7800-, or 7900-series oscilloscope mainframes with two horizontal compartments and crt readout. However, the 7B15 can also be used as an independent nondelaying time base (e.g., in a compatible mainframe with one horizontal compartment). To operate the 7B15 as an independent time base for time-interval measurements, press the INDEPENDENT button and obtain the desired display as described in step 2 through 6 of the Time-Interval Measurements (Delay-Time Mode) procedure. Measure time intervals by multiplying the horizontal distance, in divisions, between the desired measurement points times the TIME/DIV switch setting.

# THEORY OF OPERATION

This section of the manual describes the circuitry in the 7B15 Delaying Time-Base unit. The description begins with a discussion of the instrument, using the block diagram shown in Figure 3-1. The circuit diagrams at the rear of this manual are blocked off according to circuit

function. These circuit block titles serve as indexes to the circuit discussion. Refer to the appropriate diagram along with the Troubleshooting Chart in the Diagrams and Circuit Board Illustrations when reading this discussion.

# **BLOCK DIAGRAM DESCRIPTION**

The following discussion is provided to aid in understanding the overall concept of the 7B15 before the individual circuits are discussed in detail. A basic block diagram is shown in Figure 3-1. The numbered diamond in each block refers to the corresponding circuit diagram at the rear of this manual.

# TRIGGER GENERATOR

The Trigger Generator ensures a stable crt display by starting each sweep at the same point on the waveform. Circuitry is included for selection of trigger mode, coupling, and source. The output of the Trigger Generator is a fast-rise gate which enables the Sweep Generator.

### SWEEP GENERATOR

The sweep sawtooth signal is initiated when the Trigger Generator output is applied to the Sweep Generator. The rate of change (slope) of the sawtooth signal is determined by the TIME/DIV switch setting. The sawtooth signal provides horizontal deflection for the mainframe (oscilloscope) and is used by the Pickoff Amplifiers and the Delay Gate Generator in the 7B15. The Sweep Generator also generates a Sweep Gate pulse which unblanks the crt in the mainframe.

## PICKOFF COMPARATORS AND DELAY GATE GENERATOR

The Pickoff Comparators and Delay Gate Generator circuits produce a delay gate when the sawtooth signal from the sweep generator reaches the level set by the DELAY TIME and  $\triangle$  TIME controls. The DELAY TIME control determines the pickoff point for the first intensified zone and the  $\triangle$  TIME control determines the pickoff point for the second intensified zone. The Delay Gate signal enables the companion delayed time-base unit.

#### LOGIC

The Logic circuit determines the sweep mode (B DELAY MODE) of the 7B15. The 7B15 can operate either independently or delay a companion delayed sweep timebase unit. The Logic circuit also determines the trigger mode and generates control signals for use by the mainframe (e.g., hold off, auxiliary Y-axis, etc.).

### DIGITAL VOLTMETER

The Digital Voltmeter circuit converts the selected dc pickoff levels (from the Pickoff Comparators) to a calibrated delay-time readout on the crt. When operating in the DELAY TIME mode, the time before the start of the first intensified zone is displayed on the crt readout; when operating in the  $\Delta$  TIME mode, the differential time between the start of the first intensified zone is displayed.



Figure 3-1. Basic block diagram of the 7B15 Delaying Time Base unit.

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3-2

# DETAILED CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION

The operation of circuits unique to this instrument is described in detail in this discussion. Circuits commonly used in the electronics industry are not described in detail.

The following circuit analysis, with supporting illustrations, gives the names of individual stages, and shows how they are connected to form major circuits. These illustrations show the inputs and outputs for each circuit and the relationship of the front-panel controls to the individual stages. The detailed circuit diagrams from which the illustrations are derived are shown in the diagrams foldout section.

### LOGIC FUNDAMENTALS

Digital logic techniques are used to perform many functions within this instrument. The function and operation of the logic circuits are described using logic symbology and terminology. This portion of the manual is provided as an aid in the understanding of these symbols and logic concepts, not a comprehensive discussion of the subject.

#### SYMBOLS

The symbols used to describe digital circuits in this instrument are based on ANSI standard Y32.14-1973. Table 3-1 provides a basic reference for the logic devices used within this instrument. Any deviations from the standard symbology, or devices not defined by the standard, are described in the circuit description for the applicable device.

#### NOTE

Logic symbols used on the diagrams depict the logic function as used in this instrument, and may differ from the manufacturer's data.

#### LOGIC POLARITY

All logic functions are described using the positive logic convention. Positive logic is a system of notation where the more positive of two levels (HI) is called the true or 1-state; the more negative level (LO) is called the false or 0-state. The HI-LO method of notation is used in this description. The specific voltages that constitute a HI or LO state may vary between individual devices. Whenever possible, the input and output lines are named to indicate the function performed when at the HI (true) state.

#### **INPUT/OUTPUT TABLES**

Input/Output (truth) tables are used to show the input combinations important to a particular function, along with the resultant output conditions. This table may be given either for an individual device or for a complete logic stage. For examples of input/output tables for individual devices, see Table 3-1.

## **NON-DIGITAL DEVICES**

Not all of the integrated circuits in this instrument are digital logic devices. The function of the nondigital devices is described individually, using operating waveforms or other techniques to illustrate the function.



The Front-Panel Wiring diagram shows the interconnections between front-panel functions (controls, connectors, and indicators) and circuit boards within this instrument.



The Trigger Generator provides a stable display by starting the Sweep Generator (diagram 4) at a selected point on the input waveform. The triggering point can be varied by the LEVEL control and may be on either the positive or negative slope of the waveform. The triggering signal source may be from either the signal being displayed (INT), a signal from an external source (EXT), or a sample of the power-line voltage (LINE).

#### EXTERNAL TRIGGER AMPLIFIER

The external trigger signal is connected to the Trigger Generator through EXT TRIG IN connector J90. Pushbutton switch S90 selects either 1 M $\Omega$  or 50 $\Omega$  input impedance. The 0.2 ampere fuse protects the 50  $\Omega$  load from signal overload.

Pushing in the EXT push button of SOURCE switch (S50) allows external trigger signals to pass from the External Trigger Amplifier to U124 for amplification. Field-effect transistor Q98 conducts in the DC COUPLING mode only and Q108 is on in all coupling modes except AC LF REJ. Components U110, Q114, and Q118 compose an operational amplifier whose gain is approximately 1/4 determined by feedback resistors R73 and R74. Integrated circuit U110 provides dc stability. Diodes CR74, CR76, and CR77 protect the trigger amplifier from possible overload caused by high amplitude external signals. A portion of the dc leveling voltage from R67 is applied to U110 to provide additional level range in the EXT triggering mode. Pressing the INT button causes Q118 to saturate which interrupts signal flow to U124 and also disables the Ext In amplifier of U124.

# TABLE 3-1

### **Basic Logic Reference**

Device	Symbol	Description	Input/Output Table		
AND gate		A device with two or more inputs	Input		Output
		and one output. The output of the	A	В	x
	A > ×	the inputs are at the HI state.	LO	LO	LO
	в		LO	HI	LO
			HI	LO	LO
			Цні	НІ	н
NAND gate		A device with two or more inputs	Input	put	Output
		and one output. The output of the	A	В	X
	A	of the inputs are at the HI state.	LO	LO	ні
	в		LO	HI	HI
			ні	LO	ні
			НІ	ні	LO
OR gate		A device with two or more inputs	Input		Output
		and one output. The output of the	А	В	X
	A	inputs are at the HI state.	LO	LO	LO
	в		LO	HI	ні
			ні	LO	HI.
			HI	HI	НІ
NOR gate		A device with two or more inputs	its Input		Output
	A X	and one output. The output of the NOR gate is LO if one or more of the inputs are at the HI state.	A	В	X
			LO	LO	ні
			LO	HI	LO
			ні	LO	LO
			НІ	HI	LO
Inverter		A device with one input and one	Input / Outpu		Dutput
	A X	output. The output state is always opposite to the input state.	A		x
			LO		НІ
			HI		LO

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## TABLE 3-1 (CONT.)

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## **Basic Logic Reference**

	Device	Symbol	Description	Input/Outpu	t Table
	LO-state indicator		A small circle at the input or output of a symbol indicates that the LO state is the significant state. Absence of the circle indicates that the HI state is the significant state. Two examples follow:		
_			AND gate with LO-state indicator	Input	Output
				A B	X
			The output of this gate is HI if and only if the A input is LO and the B input is HI	LO LO	LO
		в		LO HI	HI
				HI LO	LO
					LO
			OR gate with LO-state indicator at	Input	Output
				A B	X
		A-Q	The output of this gate is HI if	LO LO	HI
		в — Х	input is HI.		
	Dynamic Indicator		Indicates that this input (usually the trigger input of a flip-top) re- sponds to the indicated transition of the applied signal.		
~	Triggered		A bistable device with one input	Input / C	Output
- -	(toggle) Flip-Flop		outputs may be used). When trig- gered, the outputs change from one stable state to the other stable state with each trigger. The outputs are complementary (i.e., when one out- put is HI the other is LO). The	Condition Co before trigger r pulse Q Q Q LO HI H	after after trigger pulse $\overline{Q}$ I LO
-			dynamic indicator on the trigger (T) input may be of either polarity depending on the device.	HI LO L	о ні
# TABLE 3-1 (CONT.)

# **Basic Logic Reference**

Device	Symbol	Description	Input/Output Table
Triggered Set-Clear (J-K) Flip-Flop	J <sub>G</sub> FF Q О G К <sub>G</sub>	A bistable device with three or more inputs and two outputs (either or both outputs may be used). When gated, the outputs change state in response to the states at the inputs prior to the trig- ger. The outputs are complemen- tary (i.e., when one output is HI the other is LO). The dynamic indi- cator on the gate (G) input may be of either polarity depending on the device.	InputOutputJKQQLOLONo changeLOHILOHIHILOHILOHIHIChanges stateOutput conditions shown after gate pulse.
D (data) Type Flip-Flop with Direct Inputs (Direct Inputs may be applied to all triggered flip-flops)	$O_{\rm S}$ FF $O_{\rm C}$ $D_{\rm C}$ C $O_{\rm R}$ $\overline{O}$	A bistable device with two inputs and two outputs (either or both outputs may be used). When clock- ed, the state of the Q output changes to the state at the data (D) input. The outputs are complemen- tary (e.g., when one output is HI the other is LO). The dynamic indi- cator on the clock input may be of either polarity, depending upon the device.	Set (S) and reset (R) in- puts override data (D) and clock (C) inputs. Input / Output S R Q Q HI LO LO HI LO LO Undefined HI HI No Effect LO HI HI LO
		For devices with set (S) or reset (R) inputs, the indicated state at either of these inputs overrides all other inputs to the states shown in the Input/Output Table.	Set (S) and Reset (R) inputs both high. Input Output Condition Condition before after clock clock pulse pulse D Q Q HI H! LO LO LO HI

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When the AC HF REJ button is pressed, 5 Hz to 30 kHz external signals pass from U64A to U64B and then to U124's Level input. Also, U124's Ext In amplifier is disabled and U124's low-frequency amplifier is enabled, allowing only filtered signals from U64B to be amplified.

# TRIGGER AMPLIFIER AND SOURCE SELECTOR

The time base trigger source is selected by the SOURCE switch (S50) which enables the appropriate amplifier in U124. A dc voltage from the LEVEL control is applied to pin 8 of U124 to provide internal amplifier voltage offset. The amplifiers' outputs are summed and applied to pins 14 and 16 to drive the following Trigger Generator stage.

The internal trigger signal from the trigger source selector of the mainframe is connected to U12 via interface connector pins A20 and B20. Integrated circuit U12 provides common mode rejection for frequencies up to 100 kHz; T1 provides cmr above 100 kHz. Ac-coupled trigger signals enter U124 at pin 4 and are terminated in 50Ω at pin 3. Integrated circuit U38 provides a path for low-frequency trigger signals which are fed to pin 5 of U64B. These signals then arrive at the level port of U124 (pin 8) where they are summed with the high frequency signals to provide wide-band triggering in the AC and DC COUPLING modes. Pressing the front-panel AC LF REJ push button breaks the low-frequency signal path allowing only high-frequency trigger signals to appear at the output of U124. When the AC HF REJ push button is pressed, the internal signal amplifier is disabled and the low-frequency amplifier is enabled allowing only lowfrequency signals to pass.

In the HF SYNC mode, the output of U138A drives the level input of U124. A voltage appears at the output when a voltage difference is detected at the inputs of U138A. Thus, when an unbalanced trigger condition occurs, U138A provides automatic dc leveling of U124 so that U144 will always have a balanced signal input in the HF SYNC mode. Transistor Q142 is turned off in the HF SYNC mode providing a path through CR145 for voltage from the LEVEL control. This enables the LEVEL control to adjust the hysterisis of Trigger Generator U144 to almost zero, allowing very small signals to trigger U144.

#### SLOPE SELECTOR AND TRIGGER GENERATOR

Integrated circuit U144 converts the differential trigger signal from the Trigger Amplifier and Source Selector block to a differential gate waveform for use by the Gate Generator stage. SLOPE switch S140 is connected to U144-pin 3 to determine whether the display is triggered on the positive-going or negative-going slope. When the SLOPE switch is set to +, a positive-going signal on pin 5 produces a positive-going gate on pin 15 and a negativegoing gate on pin 16. When the SLOPE switch is set to -, a negative-going signal on pin 5 produces a positivegoing gate on pin 15 and a negative-going gate on pin 16. Trigger Generator sensitivity is controlled by R147. The delay mode control input at U144-pin 4 provides control when the unit is operating as a delayed sweep unit in the B horizontal compartment of a mainframe with 2 horizontal compartments. When the unit is operating in the independent or triggerable after delay time modes (as determined by the delaying sweep timebase unit in the A horizontal compartment), there is no effect on the Trigger Generator circuits. However, when the unit is operating in the B starts after delay time mode, U144-pin 4 is HI, causing the trigger disable signal at pin 2 to initiate a trigger gate pulse at U144-pins 15 and 16.

#### GATE GENERATOR

The Gate Generator stage provides an auto enable gate to the Logic circuits (diagram 3), and a sweep start gate and Z-axis gate (unblanking) to the sweep generator circuitry (diagram 4). Refer to Figure 3-2 for a timing diagram of the Gate Generator functions.

When an adequate trigger signal is applied to U144-pins 5 and 8 and when U144 is enabled (pin 2 is LO), a HI level is produced at U144-pin 15 and a LO level is produced at U144-pin 16.

The HI level from U144-pin 15 is coupled through emitter follower Q184 and J200-2 into the Logic circuit (diagram 3) to indicate that a triggering signal has been received. The Logic circuit (diagram 3) sets the auto sense at J200-3 HI, turning off Q160. Simultaneously, the LO level at U144-pin 16 gates comparator Q174-Q164. The collector of Q164 rises HI to provide a sweep start gate at J200-5 and the collector of Q174 falls LO to provide a Z-axis gate (unblanking) at J200-4.

In the absence of a trigger signal at U144-pins 5 and 8, pin 15 is set LO and pin 16 is set HI. The LO level from U144-pin 15 is coupled through J200-2 to the Logic circuit (diagram 3) to indicate the lack of a triggering signal. The Logic circuit provides a LO-level auto sense pulse through J200-3 to the base of Q160. This LO level gates the comparator (Q160 and Q174). The collector of Q160 rises high to provide a sweep start gate and the collector of Q174 falls LO to provide a Z-axis gate (unblanking) at J200-4.



The Logic circuit controls the sweep modes and associated functions to the time-base unit (e.g., sweep display, hold off, auto sweep, single sweep, etc.). The Logic circuit also generates control signals for the mainframe.

#### TRIGGER MODE SWITCHING

Integrated circuit U220 controls the NORM, AUTO, and SINGLE SWP MODE and also generates control signals used in the 7B15. HF SYNC operation is described in the Trigger Generator circuit description (diagram 2).



Figure 3-2. Timing diagram for Gate Generator stages Q160, Q164, and Q174.

# Normal Mode

The NORM MODE is provided when U220-pin 12 is LO. In the NORM MODE, only the appropriate trigger signal can initiate a sweep gate to the Ramp Generator (diagram 4). Integrated circuit U220 controls sweep lockout and hold off functions.

#### Auto Mode

An internal control stage (within U220) produces a freerunning reference trace (bright base line) in the absence of a trigger signal.

A HI level from MODE switch S230 is inverted by Q230 to set U220-pin 19 LO, which selects AUTO MODE operation. In the presence of a trigger pulse from the Trigger Generator (diagram 2), a HI level at U220-pin 1 discharges an internal control stage which inhibits the auto drive signal from U220-pin 3. In the absence of a trigger pulse, the LO level at U220-pin 1 enables this internal control stage with a time delay generated by R228, C228, and other circuitry internal to U220-pin 2. After the time delay, an auto drive signal is initiated from U220-pin 3 to the Trigger Generator (diagram 2).

#### Single Sweep Mode

The SINGLE SWP MODE provides display of only one sweep. After one sweep has run, all other sweeps are inhibited until the SINGLE SWP-RESET push button is pressed. The READY light indicates when the sweep is ready to accept a trigger.

After completion of one sweep, the hold off start pulse at U220-pin 16 causes the sweep disable out at pin 17 to rise HI. A HI level at U220-pin 12 initiates single- sweep operation and holds the sweep disable out at U220-pin 17 HI after completion of the sweep. Momentary contact of the RESET push button places a LO at U220-pins 14 and 15, which removes the sweep disable out from pin 17 and allows the Ramp Generator (diagram 4) to accept a trigger. Interface connector B15 provides a remote single-sweep reset input from compatible mainframes.

# HOLD OFF TIMING

The hold off stages prevent the Ramp Generator (diagram 4) from being retriggered until the sweep timing capacitors are discharged.

At the end of each sawtooth waveform from the Ramp Generator (diagram 4), a sweep stop comparator pulse (HI) is coupled to U220-pin 16. This pulse enables the hold off timing circuits at U220-pin 8, which sets the sweep disable out at U220-pin 17 HI and the hold off signal at pin 10 LO for the duration of the hold off cycle. Hold off timing (U220-pin 8) is provided by capacitors C211 through C215, and resistors R212 through R214. Transistors Q203 and Q204 prevent the sweep disable out pulse at U220-pin 17 from falling LO until the holdoff timing capacitors have discharged. Transistors Q212 and Q214 and front-panel HOLD OFF control R210 provide variable current to the timing components to change the hold off time period.

#### LOCKOUT BUFFER AMPLIFIER

A lockout pulse (HI) may be initiated at interface connector pin B8 by mainframe switching functions. A HI level coupled from interface connector B8 through the Lockout Buffer Amplifier (Q201, Q202, and Q206) to the lockout input at U220-pin 18, thereby disabling the sweep. The lockout pulse (HI) is also applied through Q358 (diagram 4) to the hold off start input at U220-pin 16 to enable the hold off cycle.

#### HOLD OFF GENERATOR

The Hold Off Generator provides an appropriate hold off pulse to the hold off output amplifier (Q272, Q274), depending upon the sweep mode.

In the  $\triangle$  TIME (delta time) mode, a HI level from Q546 (diagram 5) reverse biases CR248; this sets U250-pins 3 and 10 HI and removes the set input from pin 10. Since the J and K inputs of U250A (pins 2 and 3) are both HI, the outputs at pins 5 and 6 switch with every negative-going hold off pulse. The divide-by-2 output from U250B is coupled to hold off output amplifier Q272 and Q274. A HI level saturates Q272 and blocks the hold off signal from buffer Q262-Q264; a LO level allows the hold off (not bar) signal to pass to the hold off output amplifier. Therefore, a Hold Off output signal is generated on every other hold off (not bar) pulse from U220-pin 10.

When operating in the B DELAY MODE, the LO level from Q546 (diagram 5) forward biases CR248 which switches the set input (pin 10) of U250B LO. As a result, pin 7 switches LO and releases the hold off (not bar) through buffer Q262-Q264 to the Hold Off Output Amplifier. Then, a Hold Off output signal is generated with every hold off (not bar) pulse.

The Hold Off Output Amplifier inverts and amplifies the hold off signal from the Hold Off Generator for use by the mainframe.

Transistor Q272 inverts the hold off signal Q264 to provide a HI level when hold off is present. The inverted signal is coupled through emitter follower Q274 to interface connector B4.

#### **DELAY PICKOFF INHIBIT**

The Delay Pickoff Inhibit stage provides an inhibit level to disable the delay pickoff comparator (diagram 4) of the delayed sweep not being displayed (two delayed sweep traces are produced by a delayed companion time base when operating in the  $\Delta$  TIME mode). When the 7B15 is set to INDEPENDENT, both delay pickoff comparators are inhibited. When the 7B15 is set for DELAY TIME operation (TRACE SEP control set to OFF detent), the second delay pickoff comparator Q512B, Q522B (diagram 5) is inhibited. During  $\Delta$  TIME operation, the first and second delay pickoff comparators (Q512A, Q522A and Q512B, Q522B diagram 5) are alternately inhibited.

A HI level from the Hold Off Generator turns on Q252 and turns off Q254, which results in a LO level at P33pin 3 and a HI level at P33-pin 2. A LO level turns off Q252 and turns on Q254 which results in a HI level at P33-pin 3 and a LO level at P33-pin 2. A LO pickoffinhibit level (P33-pins 2 and 3) disables the appropriate delay time comparator (diagram 5). Refer to the timing diagram in Figure 3-3.

#### DELAY MODE CONTROL

The Delay Mode Control stage determines whether the delayed companion time-base unit operates in the B STARTS AFTER DLY or B TRIGGERABLE AFTER DLY modes. The delay mode information is coupled from S205 to the delayed companion time-base unit through interface connector B2. In either delay mode, Q282 is turned on to provide a force readout level to the mainframe through interface connector A35. Force readout enables the readout display in the A horizontal compartment of a mainframe with 2 horizontal compartment has not been selected for display. This provides delay-time readout in the delaying sweep applications where only the B horizontal unit is displayed.

When Q282 is on, Q288 is turned off to provide a HI level through CR288 to interface connector A37. The HI level disables the channel 1 readout in the A horizontal compartment (top of graticule) when only the B horizontal compartment has been selected for display.

#### AUXILIARY Y-AXIS GENERATOR

The Auxiliary Y-Axis Generator provides vertical trace separation to the mainframe when operating in the $\Delta$ ] TIME mode (3 trace display). Information from interface connector B7 indicates which trace (delaying or delayed sweep trace) is displayed by the mainframe. Information from U250A-pin 6 of the Hold Off Generator stage indicates which delayed sweep trace is displayed. The Auxiliary Y-Axis Generator processes the sweep mode information and supplies the appropriate positioning current to interface connector B16. Also, auxiliary Y-axis information for dual-beam mainframes is supplied at interface connector B14. This information is supplied by a 2-volt pulse on pin 2 of P38 making cable dress important from this circuitry. See Figure 4-6, in the Maintenance section.



Figure 3-3. Timing diagram for Delay Pickoff Inhibit stage.

During the delaying sweep trace (intensified trace), Q292 turns off, Q294 turns on, and CR293 is reverse biased. As a result, a fixed positioning current is provided to interface connector B16 by R292 and the +15 V supply.

During the delayed sweep traces, Q292 is saturated and Q294 is turned off. Diode CR292 is reverse biased to block positioning current from R292 and the +15 V supply. Therefore, positioning is determined by U250A-pin 6 of the Hold Off Generator stage. The first delayed sweep trace is the reference trace and does not require vertical positioning. Therefore, the HI level from U250A-pin 6 reverse biases CR293 and blocks positioning current. However, during the second delayed sweep trace, the LO level from U250A reverse biases CR295 and opens the variable positioning current path from TRACE SEP control R295, through R294 and CR293 to interface connector B16.



The Sweep Generator produces a linear ramp waveform for the mainframe when gated by the Trigger Generator. The sweep trace is displayed either independently or as the intensified sweep (when used with a companion delayed time-base unit) of an alternate display. The sweep ramp is also used as a time reference for the delay pickoff comparators (diagram 5). A sweep gate (unblanking) is also generated in this circuit block.

The linear sweep ramp waveform is produced by charging a capacitor from a constant current source. The slope of the ramp determines the sweep rate of the displayed trace.

#### TIMING CURRENT SOURCE

The Timing Current Source stages generate a constant current for the Ramp Generator stages. A reference voltage source is established by the +50 volt supply and R306, R305, R304, and R300 (front-panel SWP CAL adjustment).

The reference voltage is applied to U314. Operational amplifier U314 provides unity voltage gain and low output impedance. The output of U324 is connected through Q322 and Q324 to the timing resistors (R398 through R398). Timing current is the result of the voltage drop across the timing resistors and flows through the collector of Q324 to the Ramp Generator stages.

#### RAMP GENERATOR

The Ramp Generator stages produce a linear positivegoing ramp for the Output Preamplifier and Sweep Gate Generator stages, and for delay pickoff in the Logic circuit (diagram 5).

Upon the arrival of a HI-level sweep start gate at the current switch stage (Q354, Q356), Q354 turns on and Q356 turns off. The source current from Q324 charges the timing capacitors (C364, C365, C366) in a positive ramp. Field effect transistor Q372A, Q372B, and transistor Q376 form a unity-gain ramp voltage follower for the sweep ramp. The output of Q376 is connected to the Output Preamplifier, Auxiliary Sweep Preamplifier, and Sweep Gate Generator.

When the sweep start gate is LO, Q354 turns off and Q356 turns on causing the timing capacitors (C364, C365, and C366) to discharge. The baseline stabilizer stage (Q336, Q342) maintains a constant level from

which the ramp begins. The output of Q376 is compared (by way of Q336A) with the reference level at the base of Q336B. If the output of Q376 is less than the reference, Q342 will charge the timing capacitors through CR345 until the output and reference voltages are equal. If the output of Q376 is greater than the reference, Q342 conducts more and CR345 conducts less causing the timing capacitors to discharge through Q356 and R358. When the output and reference voltages are equal, the current through CR345 and Q354 equal the current through Q356.

#### OUTPUT PREAMPLIFIER

The Output Preamplifier stages connect the differential sweep signal to the mainframe and provide an offset voltage for trace positioning. Provisions are made in these stages for sweep magnification, and a negativegoing sawtooth signal is supplied to the mainframe for sawtooth output and special plug-in unit functions.

The sweep ramp voltage from Q376 is coupled to the horizontal preamplifier stage at the base of Q454. Transistors Q454 and Q464 form a single-ended to push-pull converter with Q458 and Q468 as current follower stages for the push-pull signal. Transistor Q460 is employed as a nonlinear capacitance to compensate for the nonlinear collector-to-base capacitance of Q458. Output drivers Q476 and Q496 provide final amplification and connect the sweep signal to the mainframe.

The MAG switch, S460, increases the horizontal preamplifier gain ten times by connecting R461 and R460 in parallel with R454 and R464.

In the 2 ns and 5 ns TIME/DIV switch positions field effect transistor Q484 is biased into a low resistance state setting the gain of the output amplifier at two times its normal value.

The position voltage source stage (U386) combines the dc voltages of the FINE and POSITION controls for a position voltage level at the output. This voltage level on the base of Q464 provides a ramp waveform offset voltage to horizontally position the displayed trace.

#### AUXILIARY SWEEP PREAMPLIFIER

The Auxiliary Sweep Preamplifier stage provides a negative-going sweep ramp to the mainframe (via interface connector pins-A3 and B3 for sawtooth output and special plug-in unit functions. Transistors Q434 and Q438 form a unity-gain inverting amplifier for the sawtooth signal from the ramp voltage follower stage (Q376). Diode CR434 provides emitter-base compensation.

#### SWEEP GATE GENERATOR

The Sweep Gate Generator produces an unblanking gate for the Z-axis system of the mainframe. When the sweep is displayed, the crt is unblanked (gate level LO). The sweep is blanked (gate level HI) between sweeps. The sweep ramp is applied to the sweep stop comparator stage (Q402, Q406, Q410). A comparison voltage is set at the base of Q406. When the ramp voltage exceeds the comparison voltage, Q402 turns off and Q406 couples a HI level through common-base transistor Q410. The output of Q410 is coupled to Q415, Q420, and Q425, and to the Logic circuit (diagram 3) to initiate hold off.

The Z-axis gate from the Trigger Generator circuit (diagram 2) is LO at the start of the sweep. This LO level turns off Q420. The resultant HI-level sweep gate pulse at the collector of Q420 is coupled through emitter follower Q425 to the mainframe for sweep unblanking. At the end of the sweep, the HI level from Q410 turns Q415 off and Q420 on. The resultant LO is coupled through emitter follower Q425 to the mainframe for sweep blanking.



The Delay Pickoff Comparators and Delay Gate Generator circuits determine the first and second delay times and generate the delay gate that allows the delayed sweep of the companion time-base unit to run. Calibrated dc voltages are supplied to the Digital Voltmeter circuit (diagram 6) to provide delay time and  $\triangle$  time crt readout.

#### DELAY PICKOFF COMPARATORS

#### **Delay Time Comparison**

DELAY TIME control R520 determines the delay time before the start of the first delayed sweep trace and the associated intensified zone. The delay-time voltage, selected by R520, is coupled through unity gain buffer amplifier U530B to the delay comparison voltage switch stage (Q592), and to the delay time pickoff comparator (Q512B and Q522B).

When the sweep ramp voltage at the base of Q522B exceeds the delay time voltage at the base of Q512B, the comparator switches (Q522B turns off and Q512B turns on). The resultant LO level at the base of Q562 initiates the delay gate which allows the delayed sweep of the companion time-base unit to run (refer to Delay Gate Generator discussion).

The current source for the delay time pickoff comparator (Q512B and Q522B) is provided by Q518. A LO level from the Logic circuits (diagram 3) at P3-3 turns off Q518 and disables the comparator. The delay time pickoff comparator (Q512B and Q522B) is then inhibited during the time that the second delayed sweep trace (delta TIME mode) is displayed.

### △ TIME Comparison

 $\triangle$  TIME control R530 determines the amount of delay time from the start of the first intensified zone and corresponding delayed sweep display, to start the second intensified zone and corresponding delayed sweep display (delta TIME operation only). The  $\triangle$  TIME control also supplies a dc level, which corresponds to the differential time from the start of the first intensified zone to the start of the second intensified zone, through Q592 to the Digital Voltmeter circuit (diagram 6). Refer to the Delay Time and  $\triangle$ Time Reference Voltage Sources discussion.

The voltage levels from the DELAY TIME control R520 and  $\triangle$  TIME control R530 are added in the delay summing amplifier U556. The summed voltage levels are coupled to the  $\triangle$  time pickoff comparator stage Q522 to determine the amount of the delay time before the start of the second delayed sweep trace.

When the sweep ramp at the base of Q522A exceeds the  $\triangle$  time voltage at the base of Q512A, the comparator switches (Q522A turns off and Q512A turns on). The collector of Q522A falls LO and initiates the delay gate which allows the second delayed sweep of the companion time-base unit to run (refer to Delay Gate Generator discussion).

The current source for the  $\triangle$  time pickoff comparator (Q512A and Q522A) is provided by Q528. A LO level from the Logic circuits at P3-2 turns off Q528 and disables this comparator. The  $\triangle$  time pickoff comparator (Q512A and Q522A) is inhibited during the time that the first delayed sweep trace is displayed (delta TIME mode).

# DELAY AND $\bigtriangleup$ TIME REFERENCE VOLTAGE SOURCES

Bias for delay-time controls R520 and R530 is provided by Q536 and associated circuitry. Base current into Q536, and consequently delay-time bias at the junction of R537 and R533, changes with respect to the frontpanel SWP CAL adjustment. The SWP CAL reference voltage is also coupled to the reference current source stage (Digital Voltmeter circuit, diagram 6) in an amount proportional to the change in delay bias and the resultant delay comparison voltage. As a result, a change in SWP CAL adjustment does not affect the delay time readout.

Transistor Q534 senses the output of delay summing amplifier U556 and limits the comparison voltage at Q512A to a level equivalent to approximately 10 divisions of delay time. Transistor Q534 turns on and reduces the  $\triangle$  time voltage output from U530A and thereby limits the second delay pickoff to approximately 10 divisions. The voltage at which Q534 turns on can be varied by Pickoff Bias adjustment R535. Delay Time or  $\triangle$  Time voltage is coupled through the delay comparison voltage switch to the Digital Voltmeter circuit (diagram 6), where voltage is converted for delay time readout.

When operating in the DELAY TIME mode, S295 couples a HI level to the base of Q546 and to the gate of Q592. Transistor Q546 turns on; the resultant LO at its collector turns off Q582. Field-effect transistor Q592 then turns on and couples the delay time comparison voltage to the Digital Voltmeter circuit (diagram 6).

In the  $\triangle$  TIME operation, S295 is open, and a LO level is coupled to the base of Q546 and to the gate of Q592. Field-effect transistor Q592 and transistor Q546 turn off. The resultant HI at the collector of Q546 turn on Q582 and couples the  $\triangle$  time comparison voltage to the Digital Voltmeter circuit (diagram 6).

## DELAY GATE GENERATOR

The Delay Gate Generator produces a square-wave delay gate signal on command of the Delay Pickoff Comparators. The delay gate signal controls the delayed sweep of the delayed companion time-base unit.

At the time of delay pickoff of either the delay time (Q512) or  $\triangle$  time (Q522) pickoff comparator, transistor A turns off and transistor B turns on. The base of emitter follower Q562 then falls LO, as does the input to Schmitt trigger Q564, Q568 (base of Q564). Transistor Q564 turns off and Q568 turns on, and thereby increases the current through R572, Q574, and R574. The collector of Q574 falls and the LO level is coupled through emitter follower Q578 to interface connector B9. The LO level enables the sweep of the delayed companion time-base unit.

Transistor Q572 disables the Delay Gate Generator until the Z-axis circuits are ready for the sweep to run. A HI level at the base of Q572 turns on the transistor and diverts current from Q574, which inhibits the companion time-base unit sweep (delay gate HI).

When B DELAY MODE switch S280 is set to INDEPENDENT, a LO level at the base of Q578 holds the delay gate LO and allows the companion time base to run independently.

# 6

# DIGITAL VOLTMETER

The Digital Voltmeter circuit converts the Delay Comparison Voltage, determined by the DELAY TIME and  $\triangle$  TIME front-panel controls, to an accurate time measurement which is displayed on the crt by the mainframe readout system. The schematic for the Digital Voltmeter circuit is given in the diagrams section of this manual.

through R621 and R622 (delay comparison current, determined by the DELAY TIME and  $\triangle$  TIME front-panel controls) causes the voltage at pin 6 of U626 to go negative. The rate at which this can occur is limited by the charging of C627. The result is a negative-going ramp with a slope proportional to the delay comparison voltage. Consequently, the more positive the delay comparison voltage, the more negative the ramp will run.

After a period of time (determined by U686) diode CR632 turns on and adds reference current to the delay comparison current. This reference current polarity is opposite to the delay comparison current and is always at least 10 times greater. Therefore, the output of U626 becomes a positive-going ramp. When the positive-going ramp reaches about 7 volts, the Comparator stage switches and the Ramp control turns off CR632. The output of U626 becomes a negative-going ramp, completing the cycle.

#### DELAY COMPARISON VOLTAGE TO RAMP CONVERTER

The Delay Comparison Voltage to Ramp Converter stage develops a positive- and negative-going ramp (see Fig. 3-4, pin 6 of the U626 waveform). Integrated circuit U626 is connected as a Miller integrator. The current that flows

The DVM Zero adjustment R625 provides a dc offset current to set the quiescent operating level of the Delay Comparison Voltage to Ramp Converter. DVM Gain adjustment R620 allows for calibration of the delay comparison current.



Figure 3-4. Digital Voltmeter timing diagram.

#### COMPARATOR

The Comparator circuitry drives the comparator input of U686. When the output of U626 rises to about 7 volts, CR643 becomes forward biased which turns on Q644. Components U662B and D and R654 provide rapid latchup of the positive-going signal from Q644. Integrated circuit U662C inverts this signal which causes pin 8 of U686 to go low. A low is then generated at pin 16; the ramp control output of U686. This ramp control signal is used for reference current switching.

## **REFERENCE CURRENT SOURCE**

The Reference Current Source determines the amount of current to be used for comparison with the delay comparison current. The front-panel SWP CAL control determines the absolute value of reference current. The swp cal reference input, on pin 1 of J100, changes the reference current value to compensate for different front-panel SWP CAL settings.

## **REFERENCE CURRENT INVERTER**

The Reference Current Inverter acts as a current "mirror" to produce an equivalent current in opposite polarity. Thus, current flowing through R631 is reversed in direction as it flows through R632. Reversing current flow direction allows U626 to sum the reference current with the delay comparison current.

Reference current switching is controlled by the ramp control output of U686. A high on pin 16 of U686 causes a low at U654's output which reverse biases CR634. This forward biases CR632 allowing reference current to flow into the summing node at pin 2 of U626. A low at pin 16 of U686 causes CR634 to forward bias turning off CR632 which routes the reference current away from the summing node at U626.

#### COUNTER AND ENCODER

The Counter and Encoder integrated circuit consists basically of a 4-decade counter with multiplexer and associated circuitry.

An integration cycle of 100,000 counts (see Fig. 3-4) begins with the ramp control (pin 16) going high and the start of a short internal delay. During the delay, the counters are cleared and set to their initial state. After the delay, the counters are enabled and count until a transition occurs on the comparison input (pin 8) signaling that the counters contain the desired digital output which is a direct function of the unknown input current. At this point clock pulses to the counters are disabled, the ramp control is set low, and the contents of the counter are latched. The counter then resumes operation.

Each decade counter counts synchronously with data read out by sequentially strobing the four column-select lines, pins 3, 4, 5, and 6. The output appears at pin 18 as a current which varies from 0 ma to 1 ma in 100  $\mu$ a steps.

Integrated circuit U686 uses S800 cam switch control voltages at pins 10 and 11 for accurate 1, 2, and 5 sweep speed scaling. The presence of voltages at pins 10 and/or 11 allows the IC to determine if it should be dividing by 2 or 5. An absence of voltage at both pins is interpreted as divide by one.



# TIME/DIVISION AND READOUT SWITCHING

The readout switching circuits provide sweep rate and delay time information to the mainframe readout system. Readout circuitry is shown on the Time/Division and Readout Switching diagram (7) at the rear of this manual.

# BASIC READOUT SYSTEM

The readout system in 7000-series mainframes provides alpha-numeric display of information encoded by the plug-in units. This display is presented on the crt, and is written by the crt beam on a time-shared basis with the analog waveform display.

The readout system produces a pulse train consisting of ten negative-going pulses called time-slots. Each pulse represents a possible character in a readout word, and is assigned a time-slot number corresponding to its position in the word. Each time-slot pulse is directed to one of ten output lines, labeled TS1 through TS10 (time slots one through ten), which are connected to the vertical and horizontal plug-in compartments. Two output lines, row and column, are connected from each channel (two channels per plug-in compartment) back to the readout system.

Data is encoded on these output lines either by connecting resistors between them and the time-slot input lines or by generating equivalent currents. The resultant output is a sequence of analog current levels on the row and column output lines. The row and column current levels are decoded by the readout system to address a character matrix during each time slot, thus selecting a character to be displayed or a special instruction to be followed.

# TIME/DIVISION READOUT

Time/Division readout is displayed on channel 1 (top of the graticule) corresponding to the plug-in compartment in which the time-base unit is installed. The sweep rate is selected by TIME/DIV switch S800, which also selects the resistors that determine the various readout characters shown in Table 3-2.

#### DELAY TIME READOUT

Both delay-time readout (delay time before the start of the first intensified zone) and  $\triangle$  time readout (differential delay time between the start of the first intensified zone and the start of the second intensified zone) are displayed on channel 2 (bottom of the graticule) corresponding to the plug-in compartment in which the 7B85 is operating. Delay time is selected by DELAY TIME control R520 and differential delay time is selected by  $\triangle$  TIME control R530 as explained in the Pickoff Comparators and Delay Gate Generator description (diagram 5).

The resistors that control the various delay time readout functions are shown in the channel 2 portions of Table 3-2. Numerical scaling for delay time readout (0, 1, 2, 3, etc.) is explained in the Digital Voltmeter Description (diagram 6). Origin of the  $\triangle$  readout symbol is explained in the Logic discussion (diagram 3).

#### **△ SYMBOL ENABLE**

The  $\triangle$  symbol enable stage senses  $\triangle$  TIME operation and sets the readout row and column output current necessary to enable the  $\triangle$  symbol.

During DELAY TIME operation, the HI level from S295 (diagram 5) turns Q548 on; its emitter rises and reverse biases CR543. Column current is thus blocked from interface connector A38, thereby disabling the  $\triangle$  symbol.

During  $\triangle$  TIME operation, S295 is open and the LO level through R547 holds Q548 off. A -15 volt pulse, during time-slot 2, at interface connector A33 provides approximately 0.9 ma column current through R543 and approximately 0.1 ma row current through R542. This enables the  $\triangle$  symbol via interface connectors A38 and B38. At time slots other than time-slot 2, the -15 volt pulse is not present at interface connector A33.



# INTERFACE CONNECTORS AND POWER SUPPLY

The Interface Connectors provide interconnection for control signals and power supply voltages between the mainframe and the time-base unit.

The Power Supply derives supply voltages from the mainframe supplies for power requirements unique to this instrument. Additional voltage regulation is also provided. TABLE 3-2 Readout Character Selection

			Encoded by		
Characters	Time-Slot	Description	Channel 1	Channel 2	
Decimal	TS-1	Determines decimal magni- tude (number of zeroes dis- played or prefix change in- formation).	R751, U752 R756	R753, R754 R755, R757	
Uncalibrated TS-3 (>)	TS-3	Indicates calibrated or uncalibrated sweep rates and delay times.	R761, R764	S205 R762, R763	
1, 2, 5	TS-4	Scaling (TIME/DIV).	R771, R772 R773		
0 through 9	TS-4, TS-5, TS-6, TS-7	Scaling (Delay Time).		U686	
n, u, n, p TS-8		Defines the prefix which modifies the units of measurement.	R781, R782 R783, R784	R785, R786 R787	
s(seconds)	TS-9	Defines the unit of measurement.	R793, R794	R791, R792	
Δ	TS-2	Indicates differential delay- time measurement.		R542, R543	

#### TABLE 3-2

**Readout Character Selection** 

# MAINTENANCE

This section of the manual contains information for performing preventive maintenance, troubleshooting, and corrective maintenance for this instrument.

# PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE

Preventive maintenance consists of cleaning, visual inspection, lubrication, etc. Preventive maintenance performed on a regular basis may prevent instrument breakdown and will improve the reliability of the instrument. The severity of the environment to which this instrument is subjected determines the frequency of maintenance. A convenient time to perform preventive maintenance is preceding adjustment of the instrument.

# CLEANING

This instrument should be cleaned as often as operating conditions require. Accumulation of dirt on components acts as an insulating blanket and prevents efficient heat dissipation which can cause overheating and component breakdown.



Avoid the use of chemical cleaning agents which might damage the plastics used in this instrument. Use a non-residue type of cleaner, preferably isopropyl alcohol, totally denatured ethyl alcohol, Freon TF. Before using any other type of cleaner, consult your Tektronix Service Center or representative.

#### EXTERIOR

Loose dust accumulated on the front panel can be removed with a soft cloth or small brush. Dirt that remains can be removed with a soft cloth dampened with a mild detergent and water solution. Abrasive cleaners should not be used.



To avoid electric shock, disconnect the instrument from the power source before removing protective panels.

#### INTERIOR

Dust in the interior of the instrument should be removed occasionally due to its electrical conductivity under highhumidity conditions. The best way to clean the interior is to blow off the accumulated dust with dry, low-pressure air. Remove any dirt which remains with a soft brush or a cloth dampened with a mild detergent and water solution. A cotton-tipped applicator is useful for cleaning in narrow spaces.

#### SWITCH CONTACTS

Switch contacts and pads are designed to operate dry for the life of the switch. However, as the switches are not sealed, dust attracted to the contact area may cause switch contacts to become electrically noisy. Cleaning may be accomplished by flushing the contact area with isopropl alcohol or kelite (1 part kelite to 20 parts water). Do not use chemical cleaning agents that leave a film or that might damage plastic parts. Do not use cotton swabs or similar applicators to apply cleaning agents, as they tend to snag and leave strands of cotton on switch contacts. Should it become necessary to remove a switch for replacement or cleaning, refer to Component Removal and Replacement in this section.

## VISUAL INSPECTION

This instrument should be inspected occasionally for such defects as broken connections, improperly seated semiconductors, damaged circuit boards, and heatdamaged parts.

The corrective procedure for most visible defects is obvious; however, particular care must be taken if heatdamaged components are found. Overheating usually indicates other trouble in the instrument; therefore, it is important that the cause of overheating be corrected to prevent recurrence of the damage.

# LUBRICATION

Generally, there are no components in this instrument that require a regular lubrication program during the life of the instrument.

#### CAM SWITCH LUBRICATION

In most cases, factory lubrication should be adequate for the life of the instrument. However, if the switch has been disassembled for replacement of switch sub-parts, a lubrication kit containing the necessary lubricating materials and instruction is available through any

Tektronix Field Office. Order Tektronix Part 003-0342-02. General Electric Versilube<sup>TM</sup> silicone grease should be applied sparingly so that the lubricant does not get on the contacts. Refer to Figure 4-1 for lubrication instructions.



Figure 4-1. Lubrication procedure for a typical cam switch.

# SEMICONDUCTOR CHECKS

Periodic checks of the semiconductors in this instrument are not recommended. The best check of semiconductor performance is actual operation in the instrument. More details on checking semiconductor operation are given under Troubleshooting.

# ADJUSTMENT AFTER REPAIR

After any electrical component has been replaced, the adjustment of that particular circuit should be checked, as well as the adjustment of other closely related circuits. The Performance Check procedure in this manual provides a quick and convenient means of checking instrument operation. In some cases, minor troubles may be revealed or corrected by adjustment.

# TROUBLESHOOTING

The following information is provided to help troubleshoot this instrument. Information contained in other sections of this manual should be used along with the following information to aid in locating the defective component. An understanding of the circuit operation is very helpful in locating troubles, particularly where integrated circuits are used.

# TROUBLESHOOTING AIDS

#### DIAGRAMS

Circuit diagrams are shown on foldout pages in section 8. The component number and electrical value of each component in this instrument is shown on the diagrams. Components that are mounted on circuit boards are outlined on the diagrams with a heavy black line.

#### **TROUBLESHOOTING CHART**

The Troubleshooting Chart in Section 8 is useful for locating a fault in the absence or presence of specific symptoms. Refer to the chart, circuit description, and circuit diagrams when troubleshooting the instrument.

#### **VOLTAGES AND WAVEFORMS**

Typical operating voltages and waveforms are shown next to the diagram where they were measured. Each waveform is numbered to locate on the diagram the point where the waveform was taken. Voltages and waveform conditions given on the diagram page list the test equipment used and the front-panel control status necessary to obtain the given waveform.

#### CIRCUIT-BOARD ILLUSTRATIONS

Circuit-board illustrations are shown on the foldout page preceding the associated diagram. Each board-mounted electrical component is identified by its circuit number, as are interconnecting wires and connectors.

Figure 8-2, in the front of the diagrams section, shows the location and assembly number of each circuit board in this instrument.

#### SWITCH CAM IDENTIFICATION

Switch cam numbers shown on diagrams indicate the position of each cam in the complete switch assembly. The switch cams are numbered from front to rear.

#### DIODE COLOR CODE

The cathode end of each glass-encased diode is indicated by a stripe, a series of stripes, or a dot. The cathode and anode ends of metal-encased diodes are identified by the diode symbol marked on the case. For most silicon or germanium diodes with a series of stripes, the color code identifies the four significant digits of the JEDEC or vendor number using the resistor color-code system (e.g., a diode color-coded yellow-brown-green-red indicates a 1N-4152 diode).

#### WIRING COLOR CODE

Insulated wire and cable used in this instrument is colorcoded to facilitate circuit tracing.

#### SEMICONDUCTOR BASING

Figure 4-2 illustrates the basing configurations for all semi-conductors used in this instrument. Some plasticcase transistors have lead configurations that do not agree with those shown here. If a replacement transistor is made by a different manufacturer than the original, check the manufacturer's basing diagram. All transistor sockets in this instrument are wired for the standard basing used for metal-case transistors.

#### INTER-BOARD PIN CONNECTOR IDENTIFICATION

The inter-board pin connector sockets are installed on circuit boards, in groups of 5 sockets (as in Fig. 4-3). Socket number 1 is indexed on the circuit board with either a triangular mark or the number 1. Each group of sockets is identified by its J (jack) number etched on the circuit board. The J numbers correspond with the J (jack) and P (plug) circuit numbers on the schematic diagrams.

#### MULTI-PIN CONNECTOR IDENTIFICATION

Multi-pin connectors mate with groups of pins soldered to circuit boards. Pin number 1 is indexed with a triangular mark on the circuit board and molded on the holder of the multi-pin connector, as shown in Figure 4-4. Each group of pins is identified by its corresponding J number etched on the circuit board. J numbers on the circuit boards correspond with J and P component numbers on the schematic diagrams.

#### INTERFACE CONNECTOR PIN LOCATIONS

The Interface circuit board couples the plug-in unit to the associated mainframe (oscilloscope). Figure 4-5 identifies the pins on the interface connector as shown on Interface Connectors and Power Supply (diagram 8) in the Diagrams section.

#### ADJUSTMENT AND PERFORMANCE CHECK

The Adjustment and Performance Check procedure in section 5 of this manual provides a quick and convenient means of checking instrument operation. In some cases, minor troubles may be revealed or corrected by adjustment.



Figure 4-2. Semiconductor lead configuration.



Figure 4-3. Inter-board multi-pin connector assembly.

#### TROUBLESHOOTING EQUIPMENT

The following equipment, in addition to that listed in the Calibration section, is useful for troubleshooting.

#### **Transistor Tester**

Description: Dynamic-type tester.

Purpose: Test semiconductors.

**Recommended Tektronix types:** 576 Curve Tracer, 577/177 Curve Tracer system, 7CT1N Curve Tracer unit and a 7000-series oscilloscope system, or a 5CT1N Curve Tracer unit and a 5000-series oscilloscope.



Figure 4-4. End-lead multi-pin connector assembly.



Figure 4-5. Location of pin numbers on Interface connector.

#### Multimeter

**Description**: Voltmeter, 10 megohm input impedance and a range from 0 to at least 50 volts dc; accuracy, within 0.1%. Ohmmeter, 0 to 20 megohms. Test probes should be insulated to prevent accidental shorting.

Purpose: Check voltage and resistance.

#### **Test Oscilloscope**

**Description:** Frequency response, dc to 100 megahertz minimum; deflection factor, 5 millivolts to 5 volts/division. A 10X, 10 megohm voltage probe should be used to reduce circuit loading.

Purpose: Check operating waveforms.

# TROUBLESHOOTING TECHNIQUES

The following troubleshooting procedure is arranged to check the simple trouble possibilities before proceeding with extensive troubleshooting. The first few checks ensure proper connection, operation, and adjustment. If the trouble is not located by these checks, the remaining steps aid in locating the defective component. When the defective component is located, it should be replaced using the replacement procedure provided in Corrective Maintenance.

#### 1. CHECK CONTROL SETTINGS

Incorrect control settings can indicate a trouble that does not exist. If there is any question about the correct function or operation of any control, see Operating Instructions, section 2.

#### 2. CHECK ASSOCIATED EQUIPMENT

Before troubleshooting, check that the equipment used with this instrument is operating correctly. Check that the signal is properly connected and that the interconnecting cables are not defective. Also, check the power source. If the trouble persists, the time-base unit is probably at fault.

#### 3. VISUAL CHECK

Visually check the portion of the instrument in which the trouble is located. Many troubles can be located by visible indications such as unsoldered connections, broken wires, damaged circuit boards, damaged components, etc.

#### 4. CHECK INSTRUMENT ADJUSTMENT

Check the adjustment of this instrument, or the affected circuit if the trouble appears in one circuit. The apparent trouble may be the result of misadjustment. Complete adjustment instructions are provided in the Adjustment and Performance Check, section 5.

#### 5. ISOLATE TROUBLE TO A CIRCUIT

To isolate trouble to a circuit, note the trouble symptom. The symptom often identifies the circuit in which the trouble is located. When trouble symptoms appear in more than one circuit, check the affected circuits by taking voltage and waveform readings. Incorrect operation of all circuits often indicates trouble in the power supply. Check first for correct voltages of the individual supplies. However, a defective component elsewhere in the instrument can appear as a powersupply trouble and may also affect the operation of other circuits.

The Troubleshooting Chart in Section 8, Diagrams and Circuit Board Illustrations, serves as a a guide for locating a defective circuit. Start at the top of the chart and perform the checks given on the left side of the page until a step is found that does not produce the indicated results. Further checks, or the circuit in which the trouble is probably located, are listed to the right of the step. The shaded blocks on the Troubleshooting Chart indicate circuit(s) that may cause instrument malfunction. The circuit(s) listed in shaded blocks are discussed in detail in the Theory of Operation section of this manual. This chart does not include checks for all possible defects; use steps 6 and 7 in such cases. After the defective circuit has been located, proceed with steps 6 and 7 to locate the defective component(s).

#### 6. CHECK VOLTAGES AND WAVEFORMS

Often the defective component can be located by checking for the correct voltages and waveforms in the circuit. Refer to the diagrams section at the rear of the manual for typical voltages and waveforms.

#### NOTE

Voltages and waveforms on the diagrams are not absolute and may vary slightly between instruments. To obtain operating conditions similar to those used to take these readings, see the voltage and waveforms page adjacent to each schematic diagram. Note the recommended test equipment, front-panel control settings, voltage and waveform conditions, and test equipment cable connection instructions.

#### 7. CHECK INDIVIDUAL COMPONENTS

The following procedures describe methods for checking individual components. Two-lead components that are soldered in place are best checked by first disconnecting one end. This isolates the measurement from the effects of surrounding circuitry.



To avoid electric shock, always disconnect the instrument from the power source before replacing components.

#### TRANSISTORS

The best check of transistor operation is actual performance under operating conditions. A transistor can be most effectively checked by substituting a new component or one that has been checked previously. However, be sure that circuit conditions are not such that a replacement transistor might also be damaged. If substitute transistors are not available, use a dynamic tester. Static-type testers are not recommended, since they do not check operation under simulated operating conditions.

#### INTEGRATED CIRCUITS

IC's can be checked with a voltmeter, test oscilloscope, or by direct substitution. A good understanding of circuit operation is desirable when troubleshooting circuits using IC's. Use care when checking voltages and waveforms around the IC's so that adjacent leads are not shorted together. A convenient means of clipping a test probe to the inline IC's is with an IC test clip. This device also serves as an extraction tool. The lead configuration for the semiconductors used in this instrument are shown on a pullout page in the front of the diagrams section.



When checking diodes, do not use an ohmmeter scale that has a high internal current, since high currents may damage the diodes under test.

#### DIODES

A diode can be checked for an open or shorted condition by measuring the resistance between terminals with an ohmmeter scale having a low internal source current, such as the R X 1K scale. The resistance should be very high in one direction and very low when the meter leads are reversed. The cathode end of each glass-encased diode is indicated by a stripe, a series of stripes, or a dot. The cathode and anode ends of metal-encased diodes are identified by the diode symbol marked on the case. For most silicon or germanium diodes with a series of stripes, the color code identifies the four significant digits of the JEDEC or vendor number using the resistor color-code system (e.g., a diode color-coded yellow-brown-green-red indicates a 1N-4152 diode).

#### RESISTORS

Check resistors with an ohmmeter. See the Replaceable Electrical Parts list for the tolerance of the resistors used in this instrument. Resistors normally do not need to be replaced unless the measured value varies widely from that specified.

#### INDUCTORS

Check for open inductors by checking continuity with an ohmmeter. Shorted or partially shorted inductors can usually be found by checking the waveform response when high-frequency signals are passed through the circuit. Partial shorting often reduces high-frequency response.

#### CAPACITORS

A leaky or shorted capacitor can usually be detected by checking resistance with an ohmmeter on the highest scale. Do not exceed the voltage rating of the capacitor. The resistance reading should be high after initial charge of the capacitor. An open capacitor can best be detected with a capacitance meter or by checking that the capacitor does not pass ac signals.

#### 8. REPAIR AND ADJUSTMENT

If any defective parts are located, follow the replacement procedures in Corrective Maintenance. Be sure to check the performance of any circuit that has been repaired or had any electrical components replaced.

# CORRECTIVE MAINTENANCE

Corrective maintenance consists of component replacement and instrument repair. Special techniques required to replace components in this instrument are given here.

# **OBTAINING REPLACEMENT PARTS**

All electrical and mechanical part replacements can be obtained through your Tektronix Field Office or representative. However, many of the standard electronic components can be obtained locally in less time than is required to order them from Tektronix, Inc. Before purchasing or ordering replacement parts check the parts list for value, tolerance, rating, and description.

#### NOTE

When selecting replacement parts, remember that the physical size and shape of a component may affect the performance of the instrument, particularly at high frequencies. All parts should be direct replacements unless a different component will not adversely affect instrument performance. Some parts are manufactured or selected by Tektronix, Inc. to satisfy particular requirements, or are manufactured to specifications for Tektronix, Inc. Most of the mechanical parts used in this instrument have been manufactured by Tektronix, Inc. To determine the manufacturer of parts, refer to parts list, Cross Index Mfr. Code Number to Manufacturer.

When ordering replacement parts from Tektronix, Inc., include the following information:

1. Instrument type.

2. Instrument number.

3. A description of the part (if electrical, include circuit number).

4. Tektronix part number.

# SOLDERING TECHNIQUES



To avoid electrical shock, disconnect the instrument from the power source before soldering.

The reliability and accuracy of this instrument can be maintained only if proper soldering techniques are used when repairing or replacing parts. General soldering techniques, which apply to maintenance of any precision electronic equipment, should be used when working on this instrument. Use only 60/40 rosin-core, electronicgrade solder. The choice of soldering iron is determined by the repair to be made. When soldering on circuit boards, use a 15- to 40-watt pencil-type soldering iron with a 1/8-inch wide, wedge-shaped tip. Keep the tip properly tinned for best heat transfer to the solder point. A higher wattage soldering iron may separate the wiring from the base material. Avoid excessive heat; apply only enough heat to remove the component or to make a good solder joint. Also, apply only enough solder to make a firm solder joint; do not apply too much solder.



All circuit boards, except the readout circuit board, in this instrument are multilayer type boards with a conductive path(s) laminated between the top and bottom board layers. All soldering on these boards should be done with extreme care to prevent breaking the connections to the center conductor(s); only experienced maintenance personnel should attempt repair of these boards.

For metal terminals (e.g., switch terminals, potentiometers, etc.) a higher wattage-rating soldering iron may be required. Match the soldering iron to the work being done. For example, if the component is connected to the chassis or other large heat-radiating surface, it will require a 75-watt or larger soldering iron.

The following techniques should be used to replace a component on a circuit board:

1. Grip the component lead with long-nose pliers. Touch the soldering iron to the lead at the solder connection. Do not lay the iron directly on the board, as it may damage the board.

2. When the solder begins to melt, gently pull the lead out. If unable to pull out the lead without using force, try removing the other end of the component as it may be more easily removed.

#### NOTE

Some component leads are difficult to remove due to a bend placed on each lead during the manufacturing process. The bent leads hold components in place during a process that solders many components at one time.

If a component lead is extremely difficult to remove, it may be helpful to straighten the leads on the back side of the board with a small screwdriver or pliers while heating the soldered connection.

Use only enough heat to remove the component lead without removing the solder from the board. If it is desired to remove solder from a circuit-board hole for easier installation of a new component, a solderremoving wick or solder extractor should be used.

3. Bend the leads of the new component to fit the holes in the board. If the component is replaced while the board is mounted in the instrument, cut the leads so they will just protrude through the board. Insert the leads into the holes so the component is firmly seated against the board (or as positioned originally). If it does not seat properly, heat the solder and gently press the component into place.

4. Touch the iron to the connection and apply a small amount of solder to make a firm solder-joint. To protect heat-sensitive components, hold the lead between the component body and the solder joint with a pair of longnose pliers or other heat sink.

5. Clip any excess lead protruding through the board (if not clipped in step 3).

6. Clean the area around the solder connection with a flux-removing solvent. Be careful not to remove information printed on the board.

## COMPONENT REMOVAL AND REPLACEMENT

WARNING

To avoid electrical shock, disconnect the instrument from the power source before replacing components.

The exploded-view drawing associated with the Replaceable Mechanical Parts list may be helpful in the removal or disassembly of individual components or subassemblies. Component location and circuit board locations are shown in the Diagrams section.

#### **CIRCUIT BOARDS**

If a circuit board is damaged beyond repair, replace the entire board assembly. Part numbers for completely wired boards are given in the Replaceable Electrical Parts list.

#### A4-Digital Voltmeter Circuit Board

To remove the circuit board:

1. Remove 2 inter-board multi-pin connectors (see Fig. 4-3 for identification).

2. Note color of other multi-pin connectors and J numbers to which each is attached (see Fig. 4-4 for identification).

3. Disconnect all cables that terminate on Digital Voltmeter board.

4. Remove 3 securing screws from circuit board.

5. Lift rear of circuit board away from frame and slide toward rear until board clears the B DELAY MODE switch.

To replace the circuit board, reverse the order of removal. Be sure to dress the cable from P38 behind the mounting posts as shown in Figure 4-6 to prevent signal coupling to the circuit board.

#### A3. Readout Circuit Board

To remove circuit board, follow procedure given in Figure 4-7.

#### A2-Trigger Circuit Board

To remove circuit board:

1. Remove 3 inter-board multi-pin connectors (see Fig. 4-3 for identification).

2. Remove 2 screws from circuit board.

3. Lift rear of circuit board away from frame and slide board to the rear until push-button switches are clear of front panel.

4. Note wire color on single-conductor shielded cables (see Fig. 4-8 for identification) and connector to which each is attached.

5. Disconnect cables from back of circuit board.

To replace circuit board, reverse order of removal.



Figure 4-6. P38 cable dress illustration.

## A1-Interface Circuit Board

To remove circuit board:

1. Remove Trigger and Digital Voltmeter circuit boards using procedures given previously.

2. Set TIME/DIV knob to 2 ms position and VARIABLE TIME/DIV knob to expose the set screw.

3. With hex-key wrench, loosen set screws in both knobs. Remove knobs from shafts.

4. Note color of multi-pin connectors (see Fig. 4-4 for identification) and P numbers to which each connect. Disconnect all multi-pin connectors from board.

5. Remove 4 screws that secure gray plastic rear panel to instrument frame.

6. Remove 6 screws that secure perimeter of board to instrument frame.

7. Remove Interface circuit board through rear of instrument.

To install the Interface circuit board:

1. Guide TIME/DIV switch shaft through hole in front-panel.

2. Install 6 screws that secure perimeter of board to instrument frame.

3. Install gray plastic rear panel with 4 securing screws.

4. Replace TIME/DIV knob on shaft. Align knob index with 2 ms position; then, tighten 2 set screws on knob.

5. Replace VARIABLE knob and tighten set screw.

6. Replace all cables as noted during removal procedure.

7. Replace Trigger and Digital Voltmeter circuit boards.

#### **SWITCHES**

Two types of switches are used in this instrument. Contact alignment and spacing are critical to the operation of the push-button and cam switches. Therefore, defective switches should either be replaced as a unit or repaired only by personnel experienced with these types of switches. Your local Tektronix Field Office or representative can provide additional repair information. The following special maintenance information is provided for switch replacement.

#### Cam Switches

Cam switches consist of a rotating cam that mates with contacts on the adjacent circuit board. These contacts are

activated by lobes on the cam as the switch is rotated. A cam switch can be disassembled for inspection, cleaning, repair, or replacement; however, it is recommended that the switch be removed and replaced as a unit. Refer to Figure 4-9 for special instructions on cam switch removal.



Cam switch repair should be undertaken only by experienced maintenance personnel. Switch alignment and contact spacing must be carefully maintained for proper operation. A cam switch repair kit is available (Tektronix part 040-0541-00) which contains special alignment tools for use in repairing or replacing the switch contacts. For information or assistance on maintenance of cam switches, contact your local Tektronix Field Office or representative.

#### **Push-Button Switches**

Removal and replacement instructions for push-button switches are shown in Figure 4-10.



Figure 4-7. Readout board removal procedure.



Figure 4-8. Coaxial end-lead connector assembly.

#### SEMICONDUCTORS



To avoid electric shock, disconnect the instrument from the power source before replacing components.

Semiconductors should not be replaced unless actually defective. If semiconductors are removed during routine maintenance, return them to their original sockets. Unnecessary replacement of semiconductors may affect the adjustment of this instrument. When semiconductors are replaced, check the operation of that part of the instrument which may be affected. Handle silicone grease with care. Avoid getting silicone grease in eyes. Wash hands throroughly after use.

WARNING

Replacement devices should be of the original type or a direct replacement. Figure 4-2 shows the lead configurations of the semiconductor devices used in this instrument. Some plastic-case transistors have lead configurations that do not agree with those shown here. When replacing, check the manufacturer's basing diagram for correct basing. All transistor sockets in this instrument are wired for the standard basing used for metal-case transistors. Semiconductors that have heat radiators use silicone grease to increase heat transfer. Replace the silicone grease when replacing these semiconductors. See HYPCON CONNECTORS for hybrid integrated circuit replacement instructions.

An extraction tool should be used to remove the inline integrated circuits to prevent damage to the pins. This tool is available from Tektronix, Inc. Order Tektronix part 003-0619-00. If an extraction tool is not available when removing one of these integrated circuits, pull slowly and evenly on both ends of the device. Try to avoid having one end of the integrated circuit disengage from the socket before the other, as the pins may be damaged.

#### HYPCON CONNECTORS

The Hypcon connector is a precision-made connector designed to provide low loss electrical and thermally efficient connection between the printed circuit board and hybrid integrated circuit. An exploded view of the Hypcon connector is shown in Figure 4-11. Care must be taken when replacing the hybrid IC's not to touch the elastomer gold-plated contacts with the fingers or to use a cleaner which will degrade the conductivity of the contacts. The Hypcon connector and hybrid IC should be removed if it becomes necessary to use a cleaning solvent near the connector when replacing adjacent (within 1/2") circuit board components. IMPORTANT: Remove all traces of solder flux or foreign material contamination from the circuit board contact area before replacing the connector. Contamination usually takes place during the soldering and cleaning processes. Even when the soldering is done carefully, flux, oil, or other contaminants can be carried into these devices during the cleaning operation. When the solvent evaporates, non-conductive contaminants may remain on or near the contact interfaces.

The cleaning process, either hand cleaning with a solvent or machine cleaning in an automatic detergent wash, is not recommended with boards fitted for Hypcon connectors.

If a component adjacent to a Hypcon connector must be replaced, the following steps are recommended:

4-12

1. Remove the hybrid IC and Hypcon connector (see Disassembly and Removal instructions) before any soldering or cleaning and store in a dirt-free covered container. When several hybrids and Hypcon connectors are to be removed, keep parts together and replace as sets; do not interchange parts.

2. Hand soldering:

a. Use small diameter solder (0.030"-0.040").

b. Use low wattage soldering irons (15 to 40 watts).

c. Use care with flux amount and placement.

3. Remove solder flux and contact contamination with isopropyl alcohol.

4. Flush the hybrid and Hypcon connector mounting area with isopropyl alcohol. Do not scrub with a cotton-tipped applicator, as cotton fibers will adhere to edges and surfaces of contact areas and cause open or intermittent connections. If the etched circuit board surfaces require more cleaning, scrub with a pink pearl rubber eraser and blow or vacuum clean while dusting surface with a small soft clean brush.

5. If the hybrid IC and elastomer contact holder are contaminated, clean the contact holder and hybrid by brushing or spraying with alcohol and oven dry at 100° C. Do not scrub with a cotton-tipped applicator or similar device. If the contact holder is excessively contaminated, replace it with a new one.

Two inch-pounds of torque should be applied to the mounting screws to secure the Hypcon to the circuit board.

Exercise care when mounting the frame-elastomer connector holder-hybrid IC assembly to the circuit board to prevent misalignment between the connector and board. Grasp the assembly at the hybrid with tweezers to facilitate correct alignment of the plastic frame projections with the circuit board.

CAUTION

Because of the close tolerances involved, special care must be taken to assure correct index alignment of each Hypcon part during reassembly. Failure to do so can result in damage to the parts when they are joined together. See Figure 4-11 for index locations.

If your instrument contains both the flush and stepped type of Hypcon connectors be careful not to mix the elastomer contact holders during reassembly. The flush Hypcon connectors have green elastomer contact holders and the plastic frame is marked "FLUSH." The stepped Hypcons have neutral-colored elastomer contact holders with a light ridge or step on the contact surface; the large frames are marked "STEPPED." The registration pins on the stepped plastic frame are slightly longer than those on the flush frame. The elastomer contact holder in the small stepped connectors is indexed differently than the large connectors. Look for a small gold arrow in one corner of the holder instead of a flat corner. Match this corner arrow with the pointed corner of the plastic frame. Give close attention to this indexing, as it is easy to insert the elastomer contact holder incorrectly.

Differences also exist between the large flush and large stepped Hypcon circuit board receptacles. Figure 4-11 shows the cross-sectional differences which must be observed when working with an instrument that contains both types of Hypcon connectors.

Damage to the elastomer contact holder can result if the connectors are not mated properly with the board receptacles.

When replacing the flush-type hybrid, insert the hybrid in the board opening and then position the Hypcon connector in the board registration holes for perfect alignment. With the large and small-size stepped connectors, assemble the connector and hybrid before installing on the circuit board. Use tweezers to hold the assembly by the hybrid "hat" and guide the frame registration pins into the circuit board openings. Avoid touching the hybrid and elastomer contact holder with your fingers; finger oils can degrade conductivity.

A procedure for removal and replacement is included in Figure 4-11.

Beginning and ending hybrid substrate contact numbers are printed on the substrate at the index corner. See Figure 4-2, Semiconductor lead configurations.

#### INTERCONNECTING PINS

Three methods of interconnection are used to connect the circuit boards with other boards and components. When the interconnection is made with a coaxial cable, a special end-lead connector plugs into a socket on the board (Fig. 4-8). When the interconnection is made with a wire lead, an end-lead connector is used which mates with the interconnecting pin soldered into the board (Fig. 4-4). When the interconnection is made between adjacent boards, an inter-board multi-pin connector is used (Fig. 4-3). The following informaton provides the removal and replacement procedure for the various types of interconnection methods.

#### **Coaxial End-Lead Connectors**

Replacement of the coaxial-type end-lead connectors requires special tools and techniques; only experienced maintenance personnel should attempt to remove and replace these connectors. It is recommended that the



Figure 4-9. Cam switch removal procedure.

#### REMOVE CAM-TYPE SWITCH ASSEMBLY AS FOLLOWS:

1. Remove Trigger circuit board as follows:

- a. Remove the 3 inter-board multi-pin connectors.
- b. Remove 2 screws from circuit board.
- c. Lift rear of board away from frame and slide toward rear of instrument.
- d. Note wire color of single-conductor shielded cables and connector to which each attach. Then, disconnect cables.
- 2. Remove Digital Voltmeter circuit board as follows:
  - a. Remove the 2 inter-board multi-pin connectors.
  - b. Note color of multi-pin connectors and J numbers to which each attach. Then, disconnect 4 multi-pin connectors.
  - c. Remove the 3 securing screws from circuit board.
  - d. Lift rear of board and slide toward rear of instrument until board clears the B DELAY MODE switch.

3. Remove the TIME/DIV and VARIABLE (CAL IN) knobs as follows:

a. Set the TIME/DIV switch to the 2 ms position and the VARIABLE (CAL IN) knob out to expose set screw.

b. With a hex key wrench loosen the set screws in both knobs. Remove knobs from shaft.

4. Remove 8 screws securing cam-type switch to the Interface circuit board.

5. Disconnect multi-pin connector from Readout circuit board.

To replace the cam-type switch, reverse the order of removal.

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Figure 4-9 (Cont.). Cam switch removal procedure.

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cable be replaced as a unit. For cable part numbers see the Replaceable Mechanical Parts list. An alternative solution is to refer the replacement of the defective connector to your local Tektronix Field Office or representative.

#### **End-Lead Connectors**

The pin connectors used to connect the wires to the interconnecting pins are clamped to the ends of the associated leads. To remove and replace damaged end-lead pin connectors, remove the old pin connector from the end of the lead and clamp the replacement connector to the lead.

Some of the pin connectors are grouped and mounted together in a plastic holder; the overall result is that these connectors are removed and installed as a multi-pin connector (see Fig. 4-4). To provide correct orientation of this multi-pin connector when it is replaced, an arrow is marked on the circuit board and a matching arrow is molded into the plastic holder of the multi-pin connector. Be sure these arrows are aligned as the multi-pin connector is replaced. If the individual end-lead pin conectors are removed from the plastic holder, note the color of the individual wires for replacement.

#### Inter-Board Multi-Pin Connector

The inter-board multi-pin connector pin-holder is not repairable and should be replaced as a unit (see Fig. 4-3). Refer to the Replaceable Mechanical Parts list for part number. Interboard multi-pin connector pin-sockets are soldered to circuit boards (see Fig. 4-3). To replace a socket, first remove the guide. Then, remove the old socket using soldering techniques previously described. Solder the new socket in place, making sure it will align properly with the inter-board connector pins.

#### **Circuit-Board Pins**

All circuit boards in this instrument, except the Readout circuit board, are multilayer type boards with a conductive path(s) laminated between the top and bottom board layers. All soldering on these boards should be done with extreme care to prevent breaking the connection to the center conductor(s); only experienced maintenance personnel should attempt repair on these boards. A circuit board pin replacement kit including the necessary tools, instructions, and replacement pins is available from Tektronix, Inc. Order Tektronix part 040-0542-01. Replacement of circuit-board pins on multilayer boards is not recommended; refer such repairs to your local Tektronix Field office or representative.

To replace a damaged pin which is mounted on a singlelayer circuit board, first disconnect any pin connectors. Then (using Soldering Techniques given earlier in this section), unsolder the damaged pin and pull it from the board with a pair of pliers, leaving the ferrule (see Fig. 4-12) in the hole, if possible. If the ferrule remains in the circuit board, remove the spare ferrule from the replacement pin and press the new pin into the hole in the circuit board. If the ferrule is removed with the damaged pin, clean out the hole, using a solder-removing wick and a scribe. Then, press the replacement pin with attached spare ferrule into the hole. Position the replacement pin in the same manner as the damaged pin. Solder the pin to the circuit board on each side of the board. If the old pin was bent at an angle to mate with a connector, carefully bend the new pin to the same angle. Replace the pin connector.

#### FRONT-PANEL LIGHTS

This instrument uses LED's (light-emitting diodes) and incandescent lamps for front-panel lights.

LED's are used to illuminate the TRIG'D and SINGLE SWP READY lights. To replace LED's, remove the cap from the sleeve as in Figure 4-13. Note lead wire color coding and LED lead configuration. Unsolder wire leads and remove LED from the cap. Solder the replacement LED and lead wires to the socket cap as noted previously. Install the cap in the sleeve.

Incandescent lamps are used to illuminate the transparent push-button switches. To replace incandescent lamps unsolder the lead wires from the rear of the cap (see Fig. 4-13), pull the cap and bulb out of the sleeve. Solder the replacement lamp and lead wires to the cap. Install the assembly in the sub-panel sleeve.

# ADJUSTMENT AFTER REPAIR

After any electrical component has been replaced, the adjustment of that particular circuit should be checked, as well as other closely related circuits. See section 5 for a complete adjustment procedure.



5) To replace the switch, first check that the slide contacts are properly installed in the carrier. Then, place the front of the switch into the front clip and push the rear of the switch down until the rear clip catches and holds the switch in place.

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Figure 4-10. Removal procedure for typical push-button switch.



Figure 4-11. Hypcon connector removal and replacement.

#### DISASSEMBLY AND REMOVAL

(1) Note index on circuit board (arrow) and Hypcon plastic frame (pointed mounting ear).

2) Unscrew and remove the 4 screw/washer assemblies.

3) Lift Hypcon connector from board.

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4) Note index location of hybrid and remove from board with tweezers.

5) Note index location of elastomer contact holder and remove by grasping a corner of the contact holder with tweezers and lifting up. Do not touch the gold-plated contacts with your fingers.

#### REASSEMBLY AND REPLACEMENT

Grasp corner of elastomer contact holder with tweezers and place in plastic frame slot being careful to match the flat contact holder with the flat frame corner. Place a clean plastic envelope over finger and press with finger to seat contact holder into the frame. The contact holder must be evenly seated on all four sides.

Flush Hypcon: Match hybrid flat corner with board receptacle flat corner and place hybrid in receptacle. Match pointed mounting ear of Hypcon connector with flat corner of receptacle and guide registration pins into the board holes.

Stepped Hypcon: Using tweezers, match the hybrid corner index with the elastomer contact holder index and insert between the registration pins. Turn the assembly over, grasp the hybrid "hat" with the tweezers, and guide the registration pins into the board holes. Match the plastic frame pointed mounting ear with the circuit board arrow.

Insert mounting hardware and apply 2 inch-pounds of torque to secure the connector assembly.

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Figure 4-11 (Cont.). Hypcon connector removal and replacement.







Figure 4-13. Front-panel light socket assembly.

# **REPACKAGING FOR SHIPMENT**

If the Tektronix instrument is to be shipped to a Tektronix Service Center for service or repair, attach a tag showing: owner (with address) and the name of an individual at your firm that can be contacted. Include complete instrument serial number and a description of the service required.

Save and re-use the package in which your instrument was shipped. If the original packaging is unfit for use or not available, repackage the instrument as follows:

Surround the instrument with polyethylene sheeting to protect the finish of the instrument. Obtain a carton of corrugated cardboard of the correct carton strength and having inside dimensions of no less than six inches more than the instrument dimensions. Cushion the instrument by tightly packing three inches of dunnage or urethane foam between carton and instrument, on all sides. Seal carton with shipping tape or industrial stapler.

The carton test strength for your instrument is 200 pounds.

# CALIBRATION

This section provides information necessary to: (1) Verify that this instrument meets the electrical specifications in Section 1, General Information, (2) verify that all controls function properly, and (3) perform all internal adjustments. The Part I-Performance Check procedure checks the electrical specifications listed in section 1 without making any internal adjustments. The Part II-Adjustment and Performance Check procedure provides a complete sequential check of instrument performance concurrent with a complete sequential adjustment of internal controls. A separate Operators Checkout Procedure, in the Installation section of this manual, can be used to check only the functions of the front-panel controls and connectors.

#### PRELIMINARY INFORMATION

#### USING THESE PROCEDURES

Both the Part I-Performance Check and Part II-Adjustment and Performance Check are divided into functional block subsections (e.g., A. Triggering System and B. Horizontal System). The order in which the subsections and steps (A1, A2, B1, B2, etc.) appear in each procedure is the recommended sequence for accomplishing a performance check or calibration of the instrument. Subsections within either procedure can be performed independently, as can each step within any subsection. Refer to Partial Procedures for specific instructions on performing either a partial Performance Check or a partial Adjustment and Performance Check.

All functional block subsections begin with a list of required test equipment, followed by instructions for Before You Begin and the list of Preliminary Control Settings for that subsection (e.g., TRIGGERING SYSTEM Preliminary Control Settings, etc.). Each step contains separate Setup Conditions which, if applicable, include the instrument control settings, an illustrated test setup, and test equipment control settings. The instrument and test equipment control settings listed in the Setup Conditions for each step may include additional settings, changes from the previous step, or changes to the Preliminary Control Settings making it possible to perform partial procedures. The illustrated test setup in the Setup Conditions shows all test equipment needed to perform the entire step, as well as the setup necessary to begin the step instructions.

#### Partial Procedures

**Part I-Performance Check.** To perform a partial Performance Check procedure, first determine which electrical specifications are to be checked. Table 5-1, Performance Check Summary, lists the applicable electrical specifications from Section 1, General Information, and provides references to the step(s) in which the performance requirements are checked. The Performance Check Index, at the start of Part I Performance Check, provides a convenient means for locating the desired subsections and steps. For example: if the external trigger amplifier had been repaired and a performance Check Summary table to locate the specifications affected by the repair, and the step title of Part I-Performance Check in which those performance requirements are checked. Then use the Performance Check Index to locate the TRIGGER SYSTEM subsection and the step and page number of the applicable step(s).

Any step of a subsection can be performed separately by following the instructions given below.

1. Locate the desired subsection and applicable steps (e.g., B1, B2, B4, etc.) with the Performance Check Summary table and the Performance Check Index.

2. Perform the Performance Check Power Up Sequence at the start of Part I-Performance Check, and the instructions under Before You Begin and Preliminary Control Settings at the beginning of the subsection.

3. Perform the Setup Conditions instructions for the desired step. Disregard any control settings which are the same as those under Preliminary Control Settings.

4. Proceed with the lettered instructions (e.g., a, b, c, etc.).

#### NOTE

If the steps performed are consecutive, it is not necessary to repeat the Preliminary Control Settings after the first step. However, when a step is skipped, the Preliminary Control Settings must be performed again.

**Part II-Adjustment and Performance Check.** Although each step in the Part II-Adjustment and Performance Check procedure can be performed independently, we recommend that the entire subsection be performed if any adjustments are made. Table 5-1, Performance Check Summary, lists the electrical specifications from Section 1, General Information, and provides references to the step(s) in which the performance requirements are checked and appropriate adjustments are made. The Adjustment and Performance Check Index, at the start of Part II provides a convenient means for locating the desired subsections and steps. For

#### Calibration-7B15

example: If the A1 Interface board had been replaced, use the Performance check and Calibration Summary table to locate the specifications affected by the repair, and the step title(s) of Part II-Adjustment and Performance Check in which those performance requirements are checked and adjusted. Then use the Adjustment and Performance Check Index to locate the HORIZONTAL SYSTEM subsection and the step and page number of the appropriate step(s).

A heading system is used to readily identify the steps (A1, A2, B1, B2, etc.) that contain performance check and/or adjustment instructions. For example, if CHECK appears in the title of a step, a performance requirement listed in the Specifications is checked. If ADJUST appears as the first word in the title, the step concerns one or more internal adjustments. And if CHECK/ADJUST appears in the title, the step involves one or more performance requirement checks and adjustments.

The alphabetical instructions under each step (a, b, c, etc.) may contain CHECK, EXAMINE, or ADJUST as the first word of the instruction. These terms are defined as follows:

1. **CHECK**—indicates that the instruction accomplishes a performance requirement check.

2. **EXAMINE**—usually precedes an ADJUST instruction and describes how to determine whether the adjustment is necessary.

3. ADJUST—describes which adjustment to make the desired result. We recommend that adjustments not be made if a previous CHECK or EXAMINE instruction indicates that no adjustment is necessary.

#### ADJUSTMENT INTERVAL

To maintain instrument accuracy, check the performance of the time base every 1000 hours of operation, or every 6 months if used infrequently. Before complete adjustment, thoroughly clean and inspect this instrument as outlined in Section 4, Maintenance.

#### **TEKTRONIX FIELD SERVICE**

Tektronix Field Service Centers and the Factory Service Center provide instrument repair and adjustment services. Contact your Tektronix Field Office or representative for further information.

Performance Check Su	mmary
	Performance

Characteristic	Performance Requirement		Performance Check Step	Adjustment and Performance Step		
HORIZONTAL SYSTEM						
Sweep Rates Calibrated Range	0.2 s/div to 2 ns/div in 25 steps. X10 Magnifier extends fastest calibrated sweep rate to 0.2 ns/div.		B11. Check Sweep Timing. B12. Check Magnified Sweep Timing.	B5 Adjust Sweep Timing (C361, R305, R310, R480) B18. Check Mag- nified Sweep Timing		
Variable Range Continuously variable uncalibrated sweep rate to at least 2.5 times the calibrated sweep rate setting.		B4. Check Variable Time/Division and Variable Hold Off.	B4. Check Variable Time/Division and Variable Hold Off.			
Sweep Accuracy <sup>1</sup> with 7104, 7900 and 7800 Series Mainframes	with Measured over center 8 displayed divisions. SWP CAL is adjusted at 1 ms/div within the +20° to +30° C range. (7B15 DELAY MODE Switch set to INDEPENDENT)			B5. Adjust Sweep		
+15° to +35° C	UNMAG	MAG X10	B11. Check Sweep	R310, R480)		
0.2 s/div to 10 ns/div	0.2 s/div to 10 ns/div 2% 3%		Timing. B12. Check Magnified Sweep Timing.	B18. Check Mag- nified Sweep Timino.		
5 ns/div and 2 ns/div	3%	4% <sup>2</sup>				
0° to +50° C	Derate +15° to +35° C accuracy by additional 1%.		Customer verification n	ormally not required.		
Sweep Length	At least 10.2 div.		B2. Check Sweep Length and Position-	B2. Check Sweep Length and Positioning Bange.		

Some mainframes limit fastest calibrated sweep rate.

<sup>2</sup>200 ps/div is measured over any 5 divisions within the center 8 divisions.

5-2

## TABLE 5-1 (CONT.) Performance Check Summary

Characteristic	Performance Requirement	Performance Check Step	Adjustment and Performance Step
MAG Registration	0.5 div or less from graticule center when changing from MAG X10 to MAG X1.	B3. Check Magnifier Gain and Registration.	B3. Check/Adjust Magnifier Gain and Registration (R460, R470)
Position Range			
POSITION Controls fully CW	Start of sweep must be to right of graticule center at 1 ms/div.	B2. Check Sweep Length and Positioning Range.	B2. Check Sweep Length and Positioning Range.
POSITION Controls fully CCW	End of sweep must be left of graticule center at 1 ms/div.		
Range	0.0 to at least 9.0 times TIME/DIV setting.	B6. Check Delay Time, $\triangle$ Time, and Trace Separation Ranges.	B10. Adjust Delay Start and Pickoff Bias (R335, R535).
Accuracy (20 ms/div to 100 ns/div)			
+15° to +35° C	Within (0.5% of Measurement + 3 digits).	B7. Check $\triangle$ Time Accuracy.	B7. Check △ Time Accuracy.
			B8. Check $\triangle$ Time Linearity.
			B9. Check Delay Time Accuracy (Start of Delayed Sweep Display with Respect to Delaying Sweep Display).
			B12. Check Mag- nified Sweep Timing.
0° to +50° C	Within (0.5% of Measurement + 4 digits).	Customer verification ne	ormally not required.
DELAY TIME			
Range	0.2 or less to at least 9.0 times TIME/DIV setting.	B6. Check Delay Time, △ Time, and Trace Separation Ranges.	B10. Adjust Delay Start and Pickoff Bias (R335, R535).
Jitter			
0.2 s∕div to 50 <i>µ</i> s∕div	(0.02% of TIME/DIV setting) or less.	B10. Check Delay Time Jitter.	B16. Check Delay Time Jitter.
20 <i>µ</i> s∕div to 100 ns∕div	(0.03% of TIME/DIV setting + 100 ps) or less.		
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### TABLE 5-1 (CONT.) Performance Check Summary

Characteristic	Performance Requirement	Performance Check Step	Adjustment and Performance Step
Differential Measure- ment Accuracy (Measurement is made by subtracting 2 delay time readings; 0.2 s/div to 100 ns/ div; 0° to 50° C)	Within (0.5% of Measurement + 4 digits).	Customer verification normally not require Satisfactory operation is substantiated other tests in the procedures.	
Absolute Delay Accu- racy (Start of delayed sweep with respect to start of delaying sweep; 0° to +50° C)		B9. Check Delay Time Accuracy (Start of De- layed Sweep Display with respect to Delay- ing Sweep Display).	B10. Adjust Delay Start and Pickoff Bias (R335, R535).
0.2 s∕div to 10 μs∕div	Within (0.5% of Delay + 5% of TIME/DIV setting).		
Trigger Holdoff	Variable Holdoff is stable at least three times throughtout HOLD OFF control range.	B4. Check Variable Time/Division and Variable Hold Off.	B4. Check Variable Time/Division and Variable Hold Off.

# **TRIGGERING SYSTEM**

Trigger Sensitivity for Repetitive Signals	gger Sensitivity for Triggering Fre- Minimu quency Range <sup>3</sup> gering Requ		ım Trig- Signal uired	A4. Check External Triggering Sensi- tivity.	A2. Adjust External Trigger Compen- sation (C117).
Coupling		Internal	External	A5. Check Internal	A3. Adjust Sensi-
AC	30 Hz to 250 MHz 250 MHz to 1 GHz	0.5 div 1.5 div	50 mV 150 mV	Triggering Sensitivity.	tivity (R147).
AC LF REJ <sup>4</sup>	50 kHz to 250 MHz 250 MHz to 1 GHz	0.5 div 1.5 div	50 mV 150 mV		
AC HF REJ	30 Hz to 30 kHz	0.5 div	50 mV		
DC⁵	Dc to 250 MHz 250 MHz to 1 GHz	0.5 div 1.5 div	50 mV 150 mV		
Single Sweep	Same as for Repetitive and Pulsed Triggering.		Customer verification r Satisfactory operation is tests in the procedures.	normally not required. s substantiated by	
Internal Trigger Jitter	30 ps or less at 1 GHz.		A6. Check Internal Trigger Jitter.	A8. Check Internal Trigger Jitter.	

<sup>3</sup>The triggering frequency ranges given here are limited to the -3 dB frequency of the oscilloscope vertical system when operating in the Internal mode.

<sup>4</sup>Will not trigger on sine waves at or below 60 Hz when amplitudes are less than 8 divisions Internal or 3 volts External.

<sup>5</sup>The Triggering Frequency Range for DC COUPLING applies to frequencies above 30 Hz when operating in the AUTO TRIGGERING MODE.

#### TABLE 5-1 (CONT.) Performance Check Summary

	Characteristic	Performance Requirement	Performance Check Step	Adjustment and Performance Step
	Operating in HF SYNC MODE AC, AC LF REJ, or DC	250 MHz to 1 GHz - 0.3 div Internal 75 mV External	A5. Check Internal Triggering Sensitivity. A4. Check External Triggering Sensitivity.	A3. Adjust Sensi- tivity (R147). A2. Adjust External Trigger Compensa- tion (C117).
	External Trigger Input	At least + and -3.5 V (checked with 1 kHz sine wave).	A3. Check External Level Range.	A5. Check External Level Range.
	Maximum Safe Input 1-Megohm Input	250 V (dc plus peak ac).	Specification applicable therefore this is not a	e under fault conditions; procedural check.
	50-Ohm Input	1 Watt average.		···-
	Input R and C 1-Megohm Input	1 M $\Omega$ within 5%, 20 pf within 10%.	Customer verification r Input resistance and determined with appro necessary.	normally not required. capacitance can be opriate testing bridge if
	50-Ohm Input	50 $\Omega$ within 2%.	A1. Check External Trigger Input Resist- ance.	A1. Check External Trigger Input Resistance.
	Trigger Holdoff Time Minimum Holdoff Setting		Customer verification Satisfactory operation other tests in the proce	normally not required. is substantiated by edures.
	0.2 s/div to 50 ms/div	40 ms.		
	20 ms/div to 2 $\mu$ s/div	2 times TIME/DIV setting.		
	1 µs/div to 2 ns/div	2.0 μs.		
	Maximum Holdoff Setting			
	0.2 s∕div to 50 ms∕div	400 ms.		
	20 ms∕div to 2 µs∕div	20 times TIME/DIV setting.		
	1 $\mu$ s/div to 0.5 $\mu$ s/div	20.0 µs.		
	0.2 µs∕div to 2 ns∕div	6.0 <i>µ</i> s.		

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# TEST EQUIPMENT REQUIRED

The test equipment listed in Table 5-2 is required for a complete Performance Check and Calibration of this instrument. The specifications for test equipment, given in Table 5-2, are the minimum required to meet the Performance Requirements. Detailed operating instructions for test equipment are omitted in these procedures. Refer to the test equipment instruction manual if more information is needed.

If only a Performance Check is to be performed, not all of the listed test equipment is required. Footnote 1 denotes equipment used only for performance checks. Items used only for calibration are indicated by footnote 2. The remaining items of equipment are common to both procedures.

#### SPECIAL FIXTURES

Special fixtures are used only where they facilitate instrument adjustment. These fixtures are available from Tektronix, Inc. Order by part number from Tektronix Field Offices or representatives.

#### **TEST EQUIPMENT ALTERNATIVES**

All of the listed test equipment is required to completely calibrate this instrument. However, complete checking or calibration may not always be necessary or desirable. You may be satisfied with checking only selected characteristics, thereby reducing the amount of test equipment actually required.

The calibration procedures are based on the first item of equipment given as an example. When other equipment is substituted, control settings or setups may need to be altered. If the exact item of equipment given as an example in Table 5-2 is not available, first check the specifications column carefully to see if any other equipment might suffice. Then check the Purpose column to see what this item is used for. If used for a check or adjustment that is of little or no importance for your measurement requirements, the item and corresponding step(s) can be deleted.

<b>TABLE 5-2</b>
<b>Test Equipment</b>

Description	Minimum Specifications	Purpose	Examples of Applicable Test Equipment
1. Oscilloscope Mainframe	Tektronix 7000-series. Band- width, 1 GHz with 2 horizon- tal plug-in compartments.	Provides a display for unit under test.	a. TEKTRONIX 7104 Oscilloscope,
2. High-Frequency Amplifier Plug-in Unit	Tektronix 7A-series Band- width, 1 GHz; deflection factor, 10 mV to 0.5 V.	Provides vertical input to oscilloscope mainframe.	a. TEKTRONIX 7A29 Amplifier plug-in unit.
3. High Impedance Amplifier Plug-in Unit.	Tektronix 7A-series. Band- width, 80 MHz; deflection factor, 5 mV to 10 V/div. Input Impedance, 1 MΩ.	Provides high impedance vertical input to oscillo- scope mainframe.	a. TEKTRONIX 7A15A Amplifier Plug-in Unit.
4. High-Frequency Sine-Wave Generator <sup>1</sup>	Frequency, 250 MHz to 1 GHz; output amplitude, variable from 50 mV to $0.5 \text{ V}$ into 50 $\Omega$ .	High-frequency trigger- ing checks.	<ul> <li>a. TEKTRONIX SG 504</li> <li>Leveled Sine Wave Generator with power module.</li> <li>b. Wavetek 2001 Sweep/ Signal Generator.</li> </ul>
5. Time-Mark Generator	Marker outputs, 1 ns to 5 ns; accuracy, within 0.1%.	Sweep timing checks and adjustments.	a. TEKTRONIX TG 501 Time-Mark Generator with power module.
6. Low-Frequency Function Generator	Frequency, 5 Hz to 500 kHz; output amplitude, variable from 50 mV to 3 V into 50 $\Omega$ .	Low-frequency triggering checks and adjustments.	<ul> <li>a. TEKTRONIX FG 503</li> <li>Function Generator with power module.</li> <li>b. General Radio 1310-B Oscillator.</li> </ul>

<sup>1</sup>Used for performance check only; NOT used for adjustment.
Description	Minimum Specifications	Purpose	Examples of Applicable Test Equipment
7. Digital Ohmmeter (with test leads) <sup>1</sup>	Range, 200 $\Omega$ , accuracy, 0.5% of reading, ±1 count.	Input resistance check.	a. TEKTRONIX DM 502 Digital Multi-meter with power module.
8. Time-Base Unit	Tektronix 7B-series delayed sweep unit.	Companion delayed sweep unit for delay time checks and adjustments.	a. TEKTRONIX 7B10 Time- Base unit. b. TEKTRONIX 7B15 Time- Base unit.
9. Rigid Plug-in Extender <sup>2</sup>	Tektronix 7000-series extender.	Provides access to internal adjustments and test points.	a. Tektronix 067-0589-00 Calibration Fixture.
10. Coaxial Cables (2 required)	Impedance, 50 Ω; type, RG 58/U; length, 42 and 18 inches; connectors, BNC.	Provides signal inter- connections.	a. Tektronix Part 012 0057-01, 012-0076-00.
11. T Connector'	Connectors, BNC.	External triggering checks.	a. Tektronix Part 103- 0030-00.
12. 10X Attenuator <sup>1</sup>	Dc resistance, 50 $\Omega$ , ± 1 $\Omega$ ; connectors, BNC.	Trigger checks and adjust- ments.	a. Tektronix Part 011- 0059-02.
13. Screwdriver <sup>2</sup>	3-inch shaft, 3/32-inch bit.	Adjustments.	a. Xcelite R3323.
14. 10X Probe <sup>2</sup>	Attenuation, 10X; for use with 1 $M\Omega$ inputs.	External trigger compen- sation adjustment.	a. Tektronix Part 010- 6105-03.
15. Low-capacitance screwdriver <sup>2</sup>	2-inch shaft, 3/32-inch bit.	Used for adjusting variable capacitor.	a. Tektronix Part 003- 0675-00.

### TABLE 5-2 (CONT.) Test Equipment

'Used for performance check only; NOT used for adjustment.

<sup>2</sup>Used for adjustment only; NOT used for performance check.

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# PART I-PERFORMANCE CHECK

The following procedure (Part I Performance Check) verifies electrical specifications without removing instrument covers or making internal adjustments. All tolerances given are as specified in the Specification tables (section 1) in this manual.

Part II-Adjustment and Performance Check provides the information necessary to: (1) verify that the instrument meets the electrical specifications, (2) verify that all controls function properly, and (3) perform all internal adjustments.

A separate Operators Checkout Procedure is provided in the Operators Manual for familiarization with the instrument and also to verify that all controls and connectors function properly. See Preliminary Information, at the beginning of this section, for information on performing a partial Performance Check procedure.

# PERFORMANCE CHECK PROCEDURE INDEX

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# PERFORMANCE CHECK POWER-UP SEQUENCE

#### NOTE

The performance of this instrument can be checked at any ambient temperature within the  $0^{\circ}$ C to  $+50^{\circ}$ C range unless stated otherwise. Adjustment at  $20^{\circ}$ C to  $30^{\circ}$ C ambient is required to maintain stated accuracy.

1. Install a high frequency amplifier plug-in unit in the left vertical compartment of the oscilloscope mainframe.

2. Install the 7B15 in the A horizontal compartment of the oscilloscope mainframe.

3. Set the mainframe vertical mode switch to display the left vertical unit and the horizontal mode switch to display the A horizontal unit. Set the mainframe intensity controls fully counterclockwise and set the trigger source switches to vertical mode.

4. Turn on the mainframe and allow at least 20 minutes warmup before beginning the procedure.

# A. TRIGGERING SYSTEM

Equipment Required: (Numbers correspond to test equipment listed in Table 5-2)

- 1. Oscilloscope mainframe
- 2. High-frequency amplifier plug-in unit
- 4. High-frequency sine-wave generator
- 6. Low-frequency function generator
- 7. Digital ohmmeter

# **BEFORE YOU BEGIN:**

(1) Perform the Performance Check Power-Up Sequence.

(2) Refer to Section 6, Instrument Options and the Change Information at the rear of the manual for any modifications which may affect this procedure.

(3) See **TEST POINT AND ADJUSTMENT LOCATIONS** foldout page in Section 8, Diagrams and Circuit Board Illustrations.

TRIGGERING SYSTEM PRELIMINARY CONTROL SETTINGS:

7B15 Time Base

TRIGGERING AUTO, AC, EXT, OUT 50 $\Omega$
LEVELMidrange
ΤΙΜΕ/DIV 10 μs
VARIABLECAL IN
MAG X1
B DELAY MODE INDEPENDENT
TRACE SEP OFF
DELAY TIME Fully counterclockwise
△ TIME Fully clockwise
POSITIONMidrange
HOLD OFFMIN

#### Oscilloscope Mainframe

- 10. Coaxial cables (2 required)
- 11. T connector
- 12. 10X attenuator

# A1. CHECK EXTERNAL TRIGGER INPUT RESISTANCE

# SETUP CONDITIONS



a. **CHECK**—That the input resistance is  $50\Omega$  within 2% (1 $\Omega$ ).

# A2. CHECK TRIGGERING MODES

# SETUP CONDITIONS



#### Calibration Part I—7B15 Performance Check

#### NOTE

If the preceding step was not performed, first refer to the Triggering System Preliminary Control Settings, then proceed with the following instructions.

a. Set the TRIGGERING LEVEL control for a stable display (TRIG'D light on).

b. **CHECK**—For a free-running display with the TRIG'D light off when the TRIGGERING LEVEL control is set fully clockwise and fully counterclockwise.

c. Set the TRIGGERING MODE to NORM.

d. Set the TRIGGERING LEVEL control for a stable display (TRIG'D light on).

e. **CHECK**—For no display (TRIG'D light off) when the TRIGGERING. LEVEL control is set fully clockwise and fully counterclockwise.

f. Set the TRIGGERING LEVEL control for a stable display (TRIG'D light on).

g. Set the TRIGGERING MODE to SINGLE SWP and the SOURCE to EXT.

h. CHECK—Press the SINGLE SWP RESET push button and check that the READY light is on.

i. **CHECK**—For one sweep and that the READY light is out after completion of that sweep when the INT SOURCE push button is pressed (oscilloscope intensity may need to be increased to view the single-sweep display).

j. Remove the low-frequency function generator cable from the vertical amplifier plug-in unit and connect the high-frequency sine-wave generator to the amplifier input with a 10X attenuator.

k. Set the time base TRIGGERING MODE to HF SYNC and the TIME/DIV to 2 ns.

I. Set the high-frequency sine-wave generator and amplifier plug-in unit deflection factor for approximately a 1-division display of 250 MHz signal.

m. CHECK—For a stable display (TRIG'D light on) at all positions of the TRIGGERING LEVEL control.

n. Set the TRIGGERING MODE to AUTO and the SOURCE to EXT.

# A3. CHECK EXTERNAL LEVEL RANGE

# SETUP CONDITIONS

## NOTE

If the preceding step was not performed, first refer to the Triggering System Preliminary Control Settings, then proceed with the following instructions.



a. **CHECK**—That all levels of the positive slope may be selected for the sweep starting point as the TRIGGERING LEVEL control is rotated throughout its range (indicates an external level range of at least plus and minus 1.5 volts). Check that the display is not triggered at either end of the LEVEL control rotation.

b. CHECK—Change the TRIGGERING SLOPE to (-) and repeat part a for the negative slope of the waveform.

# A4. CHECK EXTERNAL TRIGGERING SENSITIVITY

#### SETUP CONDITIONS

#### NOTE

If the preceding step was not performed, first refer to the Triggering System Preliminary Control Settings, then proceed with the following instructions.



a. CHECK-Set the TRIGGERING MODE to AUTO and check for a stable display (TRIG'D light on) with the COUPLING push button set to:

- 1. AC
- 2. AC HF REJ
- 3. DC

(Set TRIGGERING LEVEL control as necessary).

b. CHECK---Change the TRIGGERING SLOPE to (-) and repeat part a.

c. Disconnect the low-frequency function generator from the 10X attenuator and connect the high-frequency sinewave generator to the 10X attenuator.

d. Set the SLOPE to (+) and the TIME/DIV switch to 2 ns.

e. Set the high-frequency signal generator for a 5division display (50 millivolts) at 250 megahertz.

f. CHECK-For a stable display (TRIG'D light on) with the COUPLING switch set to:

- 1. AC 2. AC LF REJ 3. DC

(Set the TRIGGERING LEVEL control as necessary.)

g. CHECK-Set the SLOPE switch to (-) and repeat part f.

h. Set the amplifier plug-in unit deflection factor to 50 millivolts/ division and set the high frequency sine-wave generator for a 3-division display (150 millivolts) at 1 GHz.

i. CHECK—For a stable display (TRIG'D light on) with the COUPLING switch set to:

1. AC 2. AC LF REJ 3. DC

(Set the TRIGGERING LEVEL control as necessary)

CHECK—Set the SLOPE switch to (+) and repeat part i.

k. Set the TRIGGERING MODE switch to HF SYNC.

I. Set the amplifier plug-in unit deflection factor to 10 millivolts/division and set the high frequency sine-wave generator for a 7.5 division display (75 millivolts) at 1 GHz.

m. CHECK-For a stable display (TRIG'D light on) with the COUPLING switch set to:

1. AC 2. AC LF REJ 3. DC

(Set the TRIGGERING LEVEL control as necessary.)

n. CHECK-Set the SLOPE switch to (-) and repeat part m.

## **A5. CHECK INTERNAL TRIGGERING** SENSITIVITY

#### SETUP CONDITIONS

#### NOTE

If the preceding step was not performed, first refer to the Triggering System Preliminary Control Settings, then proceed with the following instructions.



a. CHECK---Set the TRIGGERING MODE to AUTO and check for a stable display (TRIG'D light on) with the COUPLING switch set to:

- 1. AC
- 2. AC HF REJ
- 3. DC

(Set the TRIGGERING LEVEL control as necessary.)

b. Change the TRIGGERING SLOPE to (-) and repeat part a.

c. Disconnect the low-frequency function generator and connect the high-frequency sine-wave generator to the amplifier plug-in unit input.

d. Set the SLOPE to (+) and the TIME/DIV switch to 2 ns.

e. Set the high-frequency sine-wave generator and the amplifier plug-in unit deflection factor for a 0.5-division display at 250 megahertz. (Use 10X attenuator.)

f. CHECK---For a stable display (TRIG'D light on) with the COUPLING switch set to:

- 1. AC
- 2. AC LF REJ
- 3. DC

(Set the TRIGGERING LEVEL control as necessary.)

g. CHECK-Set the TRIGGERING SLOPE to (-) and repeat part f.

h. Set the high-frequency sine-wave generator and the amplifier plug-in unit deflection factor for a 1.5 division display at 1 GHz.

i. CHECK-For a stable display (TRIG'D light on) with the COUPLING switch set to:

- 1. AC
- 2. AC LF REJ
- 3. DC

(Set the TRIGGERING LEVEL control as necessary.)

j. CHECK—Set the TRIGGERING SLOPE to (+) and repeat part i.

k. Set the TRIGGERING MODE switch to HF SYNC and the high-frequency sine-wave generator and amplifier plug-in unit deflection factor for a 0.3-division display at 1 GHz.

L CHECK—For a stable display (TRIG'D light on) with the COUPLING switch set to:

- 1. AC 2. DC LF REJ 3. DC

(Set the TRIGGERING LEVEL control as necessary.)

m. CHECK-Set the SLOPE to (-) and repeat part I.

# A6. CHECK INTERNAL TRIGGER JITTER

#### SETUP CONDITIONS

#### NOTE

If the preceding step was not performed, first refer to the Triggering System Preliminary Control Settings, then proceed with the following instructions.



a. CHECK-For a stable display with no more than 0.15 division (30 picosecond) of jitter.

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# A7. CHECK LINE TRIGGERING

# SETUP CONDITIONS

# NOTE

If the preceding step was not performed, first refer to the Triggering System Preliminary Control Settings, then proceed with the following instructions.



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a. **CHECK**—Set the TRIGGERING LEVEL to approximately midrange and check that the TRIG'D light is on.

b. **CHECK**—That the display is not triggered (TRIG'D light off) at either end of the TRIGGERING LEVEL control rotation.

# **B. HORIZONTAL SYSTEM**

Equipment Required: (Numbers correspond to test equipment listed in Table 5-2)

- 1. Oscilloscope mainframe
- 2. High-frequency amplifier plug-in unit
- 13. Screwdriver

10. Coaxial cable (1 required)

- 5. Time-mark generator
- 8. Time-base unit

# **BEFORE YOU BEGIN:**

(1) Perform the Performance Check Power-Up Sequence. (Not necessary if continuing Performance Check.)

(2) Refer to Section 6, Instrument Options and the Change Information at the rear of the manual for any modifications which may affect this procedure.

(3) See **TEST POINT AND ADJUSTMENT LOCATIONS** foldout pages in Section 8, Diagrams and Circuit Board Illustrations.

# HORIZONTAL SYSTEM PRELIMINARY CONTROL SETTINGS:

#### 7B15 Time Base

TRIGGERINGAUTO, AC, INT
LEVEL Midrange
TIME/DIV 1 ms
VARIABLE CAL IN
MAG X1
B DELAY MODE INDEPENDENT
TRACE SEP OFF
DELAY TIME Fully counterclockwise
△ TIME Fully clockwise
POSITION
HOLD OFFMIN

Oscilloscope Mainframe

Vertical (plug-in) M	idrange
Intensity Visible	display
FocusWell defined	display

# **B1. SET BASIC SWEEP CALIBRATION**

# SETUP CONDITIONS



a. Center the 7B15 trace in the upper half of the graticule and the companion unit trace in the lower half.

b. **EXAMINE**—For exactly 1 marker/division (upper trace) over center 8 divisions (position as necessary).

c. **ADJUST**—The 7B15 front-panel SWP CAL adjustment for exactly 1 marker/division (upper trace) over the center 8 divisions (position as necessary).

d. **EXAMINE**—For exactly 1 marker/division (lower trace) over center 8 divisions (position as necessary).

e. ADJUST—Front-panel SWP CAL adjustment on the companion time base unit for exactly 1 marker/division (lower trace) over the center 8 divisions (position as necessary).

f. Set mainframe horizontal mode to A.

# B2. CHECK SWEEP LENGTH AND POSITIONING RANGE

# SETUP CONDITIONS

#### NOTE

If the preceding step was not performed, first refer to the Horizontal System Preliminary Control Settings, then proceed with the following instructions.



a. Horizontally position the display to place the second time marker to the first graticule line.

b. **CHECK**—That the end of the sweep extends to at least 9.2 graticule divisions (indicates sweep length of at least 10.2 divisions).

c. Set the POSITION and FINE controls fully clockwise.

d. **CHECK**—The start of the sweep must be to the right of graticule center.

e. Set the POSITION and FINE controls fully counterclockwise.

f. **CHECK**—The end of the sweep must be to the left of graticule center.

# **B3. CHECK MAGNIFIER GAIN AND REGISTRATION**

# SETUP CONDITIONS

### NOTE

If the preceding step was not performed, first refer to the Horizontal System Preliminary Control Settings, then proceed with the following instructions.



a. **CHECK**---For 1 marker/division over the center 8 divisions of the display (position as necessary).

b. Set the time-mark generator for 5-millisecond markers. Align the center time marker with graticule center.

c. **CHECK**—Set the MAG switch to X1 and check that the center time marker is at graticule center within 0.5 division.

# B4. CHECK VARIABLE TIME/DIVISION AND VARIABLE HOLD OFF

### SETUP CONDITIONS

#### NOTE

If the preceding step was not performed, first refer to the Horizontal System Preliminary Control Settings, then proceed with the following instructions.



#### Calibration Part 1-7B15 Performance Check

a. Set the VARIABLE control fully clockwise and note 3 time markers in 10 graticule divisions.

b. **CHECK**—Set the VARIABLE control fully counterclockwise and check for 2 divisions or less between 5-millisecond markers.

c. Press the VARIABLE control for calibrated sweep rates.

d. Set the TRIGGERING LEVEL control for a free-running display (TRIG'D light off).

e. Set the HOLD OFF control fully counterclockwise.

f. **CHECK**—Rotate the HOLD OFF control slowly clockwise throughout its range and check that the display (3 time markers in 10 divisions) will nearly stabilize at least 3 times throughout the range of the HOLD OFF control (disregard any slow drift).

g. Set the HOLD OFF control counterclockwise to MIN and set the TRIGGERING LEVEL control for a stable display.

# **B5. CHECK DELAY MODES**

#### SETUP CONDITIONS

### NOTE

If the preceding step was not performed, first refer to the Horizontal System Preliminary Control Settings, then proceed with the following instructions.



a. CHECK-Rotate the DELAY TIME control and note that it has no effect on the independent sweep display.

b. **CHECK**—Rotate the TRACE SEP control counterclockwise out of switch detent to enable the  $\triangle$  TIME mode. Rotate the  $\triangle$  TIME control and check for no effect on the independent sweep display.

c. Rotate the TRACE SEP control into the switch detent to disable the  $\triangle$  TIME operation. Set the B DELAY MODE switch to B STARTS AFTER DLY.

d. Set the mainframe horizontal mode to alternate.

e. Set the mainframe intensity control for optimum brightness of the intensified- and delayed-sweep traces. Center the delaying-sweep trace in the upper half of the graticule and the delayed-sweep trace in the lower half of the graticule.

f. **CHECK**—Rotate the DELAY TIME control throughout its range and note that the delay before the start of the intensified zone is continuously variable.

g. Set the B DELAY MODE switch to B TRIGGERABLE AFTER DLY.

h. **CHECK**—Rotate the DELAY TIME control throughout its range and note that the intensified zone jumps from time marker to time marker. This indicates that the intensified zone does not start at the completion of delay time, but waits for the next trigger pulse.

i. **CHECK**—That the greater-than symbol (>) precedes the delay-time readout indicating that the delay-time readout is uncalibrated.

#### NOTE

The 7B15 may be operated as a delayedsweep unit (B horizontal compartment) with a companion delaying sweep unit (A horizontal compartment). To check 7B15 delayed-sweep operation, install the 7B15 in the B horizontal compartment and a companion delaying sweep unit into the A horizontal compartment. Set the 7B15 B DELAY MODE to INDEPENDENT and the TIME/DIV switch to 0.1 ms. Set the delaying-sweep unit for a 1millisecond time markers to the amplifier plug-in unit input. Check delayed-sweep operation as outlined step B5 parts d through i,

# B6. CHECK DELAY TIME, △ TIME, AND TRACE SEPARATION RANGES

# SETUP CONDITIONS

#### NOTE

If the preceding step was not performed, first refer to the Horizontal System Preliminary Control Settings, then proceed with the following instructions.



a. **CHECK**—Set the DELAY TIME control fully clockwise and check for a delay-time readout of 9.000 ms or greater.

b. **CHECK**-Set the DELAY TIME control fully counterclockwise and check for a delay-time readout of 0.200 ms or less.

c. Set the TRACE SEP control counterclockwise, out of the switch detent, to enable  $\Delta$  TIME operation.

d. **CHECK**-That the  $\Delta$  symbol appears in the delay-time readout.

e. CHECK-Set the  $\Delta$  TIME control fully clockwise and check for a  $\Delta$  time reading of 9.000 ms or greater.

f. **CHECK** – Set the  $\Delta$  TIME control fully counterclockwise and check for a  $\Delta$  time readout of 0.000 ms to 0.001 ms. Check that the  $\Delta$  symbol precedes the readout display. g. Set the TRACE SEP control fully clockwise. Set the mainframe vertical trace separation control to midrange. Position the delayed-sweep trace, with the amplifier plug-in unit position control, to the center graticule line.

h. **CHECK**—Set the TRACE SEP control fully counterclockwise and check that the second delayed-sweep trace is at least 3 divisions below graticule center.

# **B7. CHECK** $\triangle$ TIME ACCURACY

### SETUP CONDITIONS

#### NOTE

If the preceding step was not performed, first refer to the Horizontal System Preliminary Control Settings, then proceed with the following instructions.



a. Set the TRACE SEP control to position the second delayed-sweep trace approximately 0.2 divisions below the first delayed-sweep trace.

b. Position the display for 1 marker/division over the center 8 divisions of intensified display.

c. Set the DELAY TIME control to start the first intensified zone on the time marker which is nearest the second graticule line. Set the  $\triangle$  TIME control to start the second intensified zone on the time marker which is nearest the tenth graticule line.

#### Calibration Part I-7B15 Performance Check

d. Further adjust the  $\bigtriangleup$  TIME control to horizontally align the time markers of the first and second delayed-sweep traces.

e.  $\text{CHECK}\cdot$  -For a  $\bigtriangleup$  time readout between 795.7 ns and 804.3 ns.

#### NOTE

The limits in part e and Table 5-3 are derived from the Performance Requirement in the Specification section.

EXAMPLE: The Performance Requirement for  $\triangle$  TIME accuracy at 0.1  $\mu$ s/DIV is:

Within (0.5% measurement + 3 digits.)

For an 8 division measurement (800 ns), the accuracy is:

 $\pm$  (0.5% of 800 ns + 0.3 ns) =  $\pm$  (4.0 ns + 0.3 ns) =  $\pm$  4.3 ns

Therefore, the specified limits for a measurement interval of 800 ns are:

800 ns ± 4.3 ns = 795.7 ns to 804.3 ns

f. CHECK -Follow the procedure outlined in parts c through e and check for  $\triangle$  TIME accuracy as given in Table 5-3.

# **B8. CHECK** $\triangle$ **TIME LINEARITY**

### SETUP CONDITIONS

NOTE

If the preceding step was not performed, first refer to the Horizontal System Preliminary Control Settings, then proceed with the following instructions.



a. Position the delaying- and delayed-sweep traces horizontally to start on the first graticule line.

b. Set the DELAY TIME control to place the first intensified zone on the time marker which is between the first and second graticule lines (second time marker).

c. Set the  $\triangle$  TIME control to place the second intensified zone to the time marker which is 0.5 division from the first intensified time marker (third time marker).

d. Set the  $\bigtriangleup$  TIME control to precisely align the delayed-sweep traces.

e. CHECK--∆ time readout for 0.496 ms to 0.504 ms.

f. Set the DELAY TIME control to position the first intensified zone to the next 0.5-ms time marker (third time marker). Then, rotate the  $\triangle$  TIME control to precisely align the delayed-sweep traces.

g. CHECK:  $\triangle$  time readout for 0.496 ms to 0.504 ms.

h. Set the DELAY TIME control to position the first intensified zone to the next 0.5-ms time marker (fourth time marker). Then, rotate the  $\triangle$  TIME control to precisely align the delayed sweep traces.

i. CHECK A time readout for 0.496 ms to 0.504 ms.

j. **CHECK**—Use the procedure outlined in parts f through i and check  $\triangle$  TIME linearity at each 0.5-division point until the first intensified zone is beyond the tenth graticule line.

k. Turn TRACE SEP control to OFF.

# B9. CHECK DELAY TIME ACCURACY (START OF DELAYED SWEEP DISPLAY WITH RESPECT TO DELAYING SWEEP DISPLAY)

SETUP CONDITIONS

#### NOTE

If the preceding step was not performed, first refer to the Horizontal System Preliminary Control Settings, then proceed with the following instructions.



a. Set the time-mark generator for 1-millisecond markers.

b. Position the delaying- and delayed-sweep traces to start on the first graticule line.

c. Set the DELAY TIME control to place the intensified zone on the second time marker.

d. Set the DELAY TIME control to precisely position the leading edge of the delayed-time marker to the first graticule line.

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e. **CHECK**—Delay-time readout for 0.945 ms to 1.055 ms.

f. Set the DELAY TIME control to place the intensified zone on the sixth time marker.

g. Set the DELAY TIME control to precisely position the leading edge of the delayed time marker to the first graticule line.

h.  $\textbf{CHECK}{--} \textbf{Delay-time readout for 4.925}\ ms$  to 5.075 ms.

i. Set the DELAY TIME control to place the intensified zone on the tenth time marker.

j. Set the DELAY TIME control to precisely position the leading edge of the delayed-time marker to the first graticule line.

k. CHECK—Delay time readout for 8.905 ms to 9.095 ms.

7B15 TIME/ DIV	Companion Time Base Sweep Rate	Time Markers	∆ Time Readout Range
.1 <i>μ</i> s	10 ns	.1 <i>µ</i> s	795.7 ns to 804.3 ns
.2 µs	20 ns	.2 μs	1.589 μs to 1.611 μs
.5 μs	50 ns	.5 <i>μ</i> s	3.977 μs to 4.023 μs
1 <i>µ</i> s	.1 <i>μ</i> s	1 <i>µ</i> s	7.957 μs to 8.043 μs
2 μs	.2 μs	2 <i>µ</i> s	15.89 μs to 16.11 μs
5 µs	.5 μs	5 <i>μ</i> s	39.77 μs to 40.23 μs
10 <i>µ</i> s	1 <i>µ</i> s	10 <i>µ</i> s	79.57 µs to 80.42 µs
20 µs	2 µs	20 µs	158.9 μs to 161.1 μs
50 <i>µ</i> s	5 <i>μ</i> s	50 μs	397.7 μs to 402.3 μs
.1 ms	10 <i>µ</i> s	.1 ms	795.7 μs to 804.3 μs
.2 ms	20 <i>µ</i> s	.2 ms	1.589 ms to 1.611 ms
.5 ms	50 μs	.5 ms	3.977 ms to 4.023 ms
1 ms	.1 ms	1 ms	7.957 ms to 8.043 ms
2 ms	.2 ms	2 ms	15.89 ms to 16.11 ms
5 ms	.5 ms	5 ms	39.77 ms to 40.23 ms
10 ms	1 ms	10 ms	79.57 ms to 80.43 ms
20 ms	2 ms	20 ms	158.9 ms to 161.1 ms

#### TABLE 5-3 △ Time Accuracy

# **B10. CHECK DELAY TIME JITTER**

# SETUP CONDITIONS

#### NOTE

If the preceding step was not performed, first refer to the Horizontal System Preliminary Control Settings, then proceed with the following instructions.

5-19



a. Set the DELAY TIME control for a delay-time readout of approximately 1.000 ms.

b. Set the DELAY TIME control further to position a delayed-sweep time marker near the display center.

c. Magnify the companion time-base unit sweep rate to 200 nanoseconds/ division (MAG X10) and position the delayed-sweep time marker near the graticule center.

d. **CHECK**—For 1 division or less jitter. (Jitter specification is 0.02% of 1 ms delaying sweep setting or 200 ns.)

e. Set the companion time-base unit for X1 sweep magnification microseconds/division). Set the DELAY TIME control for a delay-time readout of approximately 9.000 ms.

f. CHECK-Repeat parts b through d.

g. Set the companion time-base unit sweep rate to 20 nanoseconds/ division and magnification to X1. Set the time-mark generator for 0.1-microsecond markers.

h. Set the 7B15 TIME/DIV switch to 10 µsec.

i. Set the DELAY TIME control for a delay-time readout of approximately 10.00  $\mu$ s.

j. Set the DELAY TIME control further to position a delayed-sweep time marker near the display center.

k. Magnify the companion time-base unit sweep rate to 2 nanoseconds/division (MAG X10) and position the delayed-sweep time marker near the graticule center.

I. CHECK—For 1.5 divisions or less jitter. (Jitter specification is 0.03 % of 10  $\mu s$  delaying sweep setting or 3 ns.

m. Set the companion time-base unit sweep magnification to X1 (20 nanoseconds/division). Set the DELAY TIME control for a delay-time readout of approximately 90.00  $\mu$ s.

n. CHECK-Repeat parts j through I.

o. Set mainframe horizontal mode to A and the 7B15 time base B DELAY MODE to INDEPENDENT.

# **B11. CHECK SWEEP TIMING**

# SETUP CONDITIONS

#### NOTE

If the preceding step was not performed, first refer to the Horizontal System Preliminary Control Settings, then proceed with the following instructions.



# NOTE

The tolerances given in Table 5-4 are for an ambient temperature range of  $+15^{\circ}$ C to  $+35^{\circ}$ C. If outside this range, see the Specification section for applicable tolerances.

a. Set the POSITION controls to midrange and the TRIGGERING MODE to NORM.

b. CHECK—Using the TIME/DIV setting and time-mark generator settings from Table 5-4, check sweep accuracy for 1 time mark/ division over the center 8 divisions within the tolerance given in Table 5-4. Set the POSITION controls and TRIGGERING LEVEL control as necessary for a stable display aligned with the vertical graticule lines.

#### NOTE

If the time-mark generator used does not have 1-2-5 sequence markers, apply 1 unit markers in place of 2 unit markers and check for 2 markers/division, over the center eight divisions of display, to the tolerances given in Table 5-4 and 5-5.

# TABLE 5-4 Sweep Timing

Time/Div	Time Markers	Tolerance (+15° to +35° C)
2 ns	2 ns	Within 0.24 div
5 ns	5 ns	Within 0.24 div
10 ns	10 ns	Within 0.16 div
20 ns	20 ns	Within 0.16 div
50 ns	50 ns	Within 0.16 div
.1 <i>μ</i> s	.1 <i>μ</i> s	Within 0.16 div
.2 μs	.2 μs	Within 0.16 div
.5 μs	.5 μs	Within 0.16 div
1 <i>μ</i> s	1 <i>μ</i> s	Within 0.16 div
2 μs	2 µs	Within 0.16 div
5 µs	5 µs	Within 0.16 div
10 µs	10 µs	Within 0.16 div
20 µs	20 µs	Within 0.16 div
50 µs	50 μs	Within 0.16 div
.1 ms	.1 ms	Within 0.16 div
.2 ms	.2 ms	Within 0.16 div
.5 ms	.5 ms	Within 0.16 div
1 ms	1 ms	Within 0.16 div
2 ms	2 ms	Within 0.16 div
5 ms	5 ms	Within 0.16 div
10 ms	10 ms	Within 0.16 div
20 ms	20 ms	Within 0.16 div
50 ms	50 ms	Within 0.16 div
.1 s	1 s	Within 0.16 div
.1 s	.1 s	Within 0.16 div
.2 s	.2 s	Within 0.16 div

## **B12. CHECK MAGNIFIED SWEEP TIMING**

#### SETUP CONDITIONS

#### NOTE

If the preceding step was not performed, first refer to the Horizontal System Preliminary Control Setttings, then proceed with the following istructions.



#### NOTE

The tolerances in Table 5-5 are for an ambient temperature range of  $+15^{\circ}$ C to  $+35^{\circ}$ C. If outside this range, see the Specification section for applicable tolerances.

a. CHECK---Using the TIME/DIV settings and time-mark generator settings in Table 5-5, check magnified sweep accuracy for 1 time/mark division, over the center 8 divisions, within the tolerance given in Table 5-5. Set the POSITION controls and TRIGGERING LEVEL control as necessary for a stable display aligned with the vertical graticule line.

#### NOTE

The 7B15 may be operated as a delayed sweep unit (B horizontal compartment) with a companion delaying sweep unit (A horizontal compartment). To check 7B15 delayed sweep operation, refer to a delaying sweep checkout procedure in the Operating Instructions or calibration sections of the instruction manual for the delaying sweep unit.

Time / Div	Time Markers	Tolerance (+15° to +35° C)
2 ns	1 ns'	Within 0.2 div
5 ns	1 ns	Within 0.32 div
10 ns	1 ns	Within 0.24 div
20 ns	2 ns	Within 0.24 div
50 ns	5 ns	Within 0.24 div
.1 <i>µ</i> s	10 ns	Within 0.24 div
.2 μs	20 ns	Within 0.24 div
.5 μs	50 ns	Within 0.24 div
1 <i>µ</i> s	.1 μs	Within 0.24 div
2 µs	.2 μs	Within 0.24 div
5 µs	.5 μs	Within 0.24 div
10 <i>μ</i> s	1 <i>µ</i> s	Within 0.24 div
20 <i>µ</i> s	2 µs	Within 0.24 div
50 µs	5 µs	Within 0.24 div
.1 ms	10 µs	Within 0.24 div
.2 ms	20 <i>µ</i> s	Within 0.24 div
.5 <b>ms</b>	50 μs	Within 0.24 div
1 ms	.1 ms	Within 0.24 div
2 ms	.2 ms	Within 0.24 div
5 ms	.5 ms	Within 0.24 div
10 ms	1 ms	Within 0.24 div
20 ms	2 ms	Within 0.24 div
50 ms	5 ms	Within 0.24 div
.1 s	10 ms	Within 0.24 div
.2 s	20 ms	Within 0.24 div

TAI	BLE 5-5	
Magnified	Sweep	Timing

<sup>1</sup>Check for 1 cycle in 5 divisions at 200 ps/div over center 8 divisions.

This completes the Performance Check procedure.

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# PART II—ADJUSTMENT AND PERFORMANCE CHECK

The following procedure (Part II-Adjustment and Performance Check) provides the information necessary to: (1) verify that the instrument meets the electrical specifications. (2) verify that all controls function properly, and (3) perform all internal adjustments.

Part I-Performance Check verifies electrical specifications without removing instrument covers or making internal adjustments. All tolerances given are as specified in the Specification tables (section 1) in this manual.

A separate Operators Checkout Procedure is provided in the Operators Manual for familiarization with the instrument and also to verify that all controls and connectors function properly.

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# ADJUSTMENT AND PERFORMANCE CHECK POWER-UP SEQUENCE

# NOTE

The performance of this instrument can be checked at any ambient temperature within the 0°C to +50°C range unless stated otherwise. Adjustment between 20° and 30° C ambient is required to maintain stated accuracy.

1. Install a high impedance amplifier plug-in unit in the left vertical compartment of the oscilloscope mainframe.

2. Install the 7B15 in the A horizontal compartment of the oscilloscope mainframe.

3. Set the mainframe vertical mode switch to display the left vertical unit and the horizontal mode switch to display the A horizontal unit. Set the mainframe intensity controls fully counterclockwise and set the trigger source switches to vertical mode.

4. Turn on the mainframe and allow at least 20 minutes warmup before beginning the procedure.

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# A. TRIGGERING SYSTEM

Equipment Required: (Numbers correspond to test equipment listed in Table 5-2)

- 1. Oscilloscope mainframe
- 2. High-frequency amplifier plug-in unit
- 3. High Impedance amplifier plug-in unit
- 4. High-frequency sine-wave generator
- 6. Low-frequency function generator
- 7. Digital ohmmeter

# **BEFORE YOU BEGIN:**

(1) Perform the Adjustment and Performance Check Power-Up Sequence.

(2) Refer to Section 6, Instrument Options and the Change Information at the rear of the manual for any modifications which may affect this procedure.

(3) See **TEST POINT AND ADJUSTMENT LOCATIONS** foldout page in Section 8, Diagrams and Circuit Board Illustrations.

TRIGGERING SYSTEM PRELIMINARY CONTROL SETTINGS:

7B15 Time Base

TRIGGERING	AUTO, AC, EXT, OUT 50 Ω
LEVEL	Midrange
TIME/DIV	
POSITION	Midrange
HOLD OFF	MĪN
B DELAY MODE	INDEPENDENT
MAG	CAL IN
VARIABLE	CAL IN

Oscilloscope Mainframe

Intensity Visible	display
FocusWell defined	display

# A1. CHECK EXTERNAL TRIGGER INPUT RESISTANCE

# SETUP CONDITIONS



9. Rigid Plug-in extender

- 10. Coaxial cables (2 required)
- 11. T connector
- 13. Screwdriver
- 14. 10X probe
- 15. Low-capacitance screwdriver

a. **CHECK**—That the input resistance is  $50\Omega$  within 2% (1 $\Omega$ ).

# A2. ADJUST EXTERNAL TRIGGER COMPENSATION (C117)

# SETUP CONDITIONS

## NOTE

If the preceding step was not performed, first refer to the Triggering System Preliminary Control Settings, then proceed with the following instructions.



a. Set the low-frequency function generator and the amplifier plug-in unit for a 4 to 6 division display at 1 kHz (position as necessary).

b. **EXAMINE**—Display pulse for minimum spike and optimum flat top.

c. **ADJUST**—C117 (External Trigger Comp) on the Trigger circuit board for minimum spike and optimum flat top on the displayed pulse.

#### A3. ADJUST TRIGGER SENSITIVITY (R147)

#### SETUP CONDITIONS

#### NOTE

If the preceding step was not performed, first refer to the Triggering System Preliminary Control Settings, then proceed with the following instructions.



a. Set the amplifier plug-in unit deflection factor for 1V (0.2 division).

b. **EXAMINE**—For a stable 0.2 division display (set TRIGGERING LEVEL control as necessary).

c. **ADJUST**—R147 (Sensitivity) on the Trigger circuit board for a stable 0.2 display.

### A4. CHECK TRIGGERING MODES

## SETUP CONDITIONS

#### NOTE

If the preceding step was not performed, first refer to the Triggering System Preliminary Control Settings, then proceed with the following instructions.



a. Set the TRIGGERING LEVEL control for a stable display (TRIG'D light on).

b. **CHECK**—For a free-running display with TRIG'D light off when the TRIGGERING LEVEL control is set fully clockwise and fully counterclockwise.

c. Set the TRIGGERING MODE to NORM.

d. Set the TRIGGERING LEVEL control for a stable display (TRIG'D light on).

e. **CHECK**—For no display (TRIG'D light off) when the TRIGGERING LEVEL control is set fully clockwise and fully counterclockwise.

f. Set the TRIGGERING LEVEL control for a stable display (TRIG'D light on).

g. Set the TRIGGERING MODE to SINGLE SWP and the SOURCE to EXT.

h. CHECK—Press the SINGLE SWP RESET push button and check that the READY light is on.

#### Calibration Part II—7B15 Adjustment and Performance Check

i. **CHECK**—For one sweep and that the READY light is out after completion of that sweep when the INT SOURCE push button is pressed (oscilloscope intensity may need to be increased to view the single-sweep display).

j. Remove the low-frequency function generator cable from the amplifier plug-in unit and connect the highfrequency sine-wave generator to the amplifier plug-in unit input with a 10X attenuator.

k. Set the TRIGGERING MODE to HF SYNC and the TIME/DIV to 2 ns.

I. Set the high-frequency sine-wave generator and amplifier unit deflection factor for approximately a 1-division display of 250 MHz signal.

m. CHECK—for a stable display (TRIG'D light on) at all positions of the TRIGGERING LEVEL control.

n. Set the TRIGGERING MODE to NORM and source to EXT.

# A5. CHECK EXTERNAL LEVEL RANGE

# SETUP CONDITIONS

# NOTE

If the preceding step was not performed, first refer to the Triggering System Preliminary Control Settings, then proceed with the following instructions.



a. **CHECK**—That all levels of the positive slope may be selected for the sweep starting point as the TRIGGERING LEVEL control is rotated throughout its range (indicates an external level range of at least plus and minus 3.5 volts). Check that the display is not triggered at either end of the TRIGGERING LEVEL control rotation.

b. **CHECK**—Change the TRIGGERING SLOPE to (-) and repeat part a for the negative slope of the waveform.

#### A6. CHECK EXTERNAL TRIGGERING SENSITIVITY

#### SETUP CONDITIONS

#### NOTE

If the preceding step was not performed, first refer to the Triggering System Preliminary Control Settings, then proceed with the following instructions.



a. **CHECK**—Set the TRIGGERING MODE to AUTO and check for a stable display (TRIG'D light on) with the COUPLING push button set to:

- 1. AC
- 2. AC HF REJ
- 3. DC

(Set the TRIGGERING LEVEL control as necessary.)

b. **CHECK**—Change the TRIGGERING SLOPE to (-) and repeat part a.

c. Disconnect the low-frequency function generator from the 10X attenuator and connect the high-frequency sinewave generator to the 10X attenuator.

d. Set the SLOPE to (+) and the TIME/DIV switch to 2 ns.

e. Set the high-frequency sine-wave generator for a 5division display (50 millivolts) at 250 megahertz. f. CHECK—For a stable display (TRIG'D light on) with the COUPLING switch set to:

- 1. AC
- 2. AC LF REJ
- 3. DC

(Set the TRIGGERING LEVEL control as necessary).

g. CHECK-Set the SLOPE switch to (-) and repeat part f.

h. Set the amplifier plug-in unit deflection factor to 50 millivolts/ division and set the high-frequency sine-wave generator for a 3-division display (150 millivolts) at 1 GHz.

i. **CHECK**—For a stable display (TRIG'D light on) with the COUPLING switch set to:

1. AC 2. AC LF REJ 3. DC

(Set the TRIGGERING LEVEL control as necessary.)

- j. CHECK---Set the SLOPE switch to (+) and repeat part i.
- k. Set the TRIGGERING MODE to HF SYNC and the amplifier plug-in unit deflection factor to 10 millivolts/division.
  - I. Set the high-frequency sine-wave generator for a 7.5 division display (75 millivolts) at 1 GHz.

m. **CHECK**—For a stable display (TRIG'D light on) with the COUPLING switch set to:

- 1. AC 2. AC LF REJ
- 3. DC

(Set the TRIGGERING LEVEL control as necessary.)

n.  $\ensuremath{\text{CHECK}}\xspace$  -Set the SLOPE switch to (-) and repeat part m.

# A7. CHECK INTERNAL TRIGGERING SENSITIVITY

SETUP CONDITIONS

#### NOTE

If the preceding step was not performed, first refer to the Triggering System Preliminary Control Settings, then proceed with the following instructions.



a. CHECK—Set the TRIGGERING MODE to AUTO and check for a stable display (TRIG'D light on) with COUPLING set to:

1. AC 2. AC HF REJ 3. DC

(Set the TRIGGERING LEVEL control as necessary.)

b. Change the TRIGGERING SLOPE to (-) and repeat part a.

c. Disconnect the low-frequency function generator and connect the high-frequency sine-wave generator to the amplifier plug-in unit input.

d. Set the SLOPE to (+) and the TIME/DIV switch to 2 ns.

e. Set the high-frequency sine-wave generator and the amplifier plug-in unit deflection factor for a 0.5-division display at 250 megahertz (use 10X attenuator).

f. CHECK---For a stable display (TRIG'D light on) with COUPLING set to:

1. AC 2. AC LF REJ 3. DC

### Calibration Part II—7B15 Adjustment and Performance Check

(Set the TRIGGERING LEVEL control as necessary.)

g. CHECK-Set the SLOPE to (-) and repeat part f.

h. Set the high-frequency sine-wave generator and the amplifier plug-in unit deflection factor for a 1.5 division display at 1 GHz.

i. **CHECK**—For a stable display (TRIG'D light on) with the COUPLING switch set to:

- 1. AC
- 2. AC LF REJ
- 3. DC

(Set the TRIGGERING LEVEL control as necessary.)

j. CHECK--Set the SLOPE to (+) and repeat part i.

k. Set the TRIGGERING MODE switch to HF SYNC and the high-frequency sine-wave generator and amplifier plug-in unit deflection factor for a 0.3-division display at 1 GHz.

I. **CHECK**—For a stable display (TRIG'D light on) with the COUPLING switch set to:

- 1. AC
- 2. AC LF REJ
- 3. DC

(Set the TRIGGERING LEVEL control as necessary.)

m. CHECK-Set the SLOPE to (-) and repeat part I.

# **A8. CHECK INTERNAL TRIGGER JITTER**

# SETUP CONDITIONS

#### NOTE

If the preceding step was not performed, first refer to the Triggering System Preliminary Control Settings, then proceed with the following instructions.



a. **CHECK**—For a stable display with no more than 0.15 division (30 picosecond) of jitter.

# **A9. CHECK LINE TRIGGERING**

#### SETUP CONDITIONS

#### NOTE

If the preceding step was not performed, first refer to the Triggering System Preliminary Control Settings, then proceed with the following instructions.



a. **CHECK**—Set the TRIGGERING LEVEL to approximately midrange and check that the TRIG'D light is on.

b. **CHECK**—That the display is not triggered (TRIG'D light off) at either end of the TRIGGERING LEVEL control rotation.

# **B. HORIZONTAL SYSTEM**

Equipment Required: (Numbers correspond to test equipment listed in Table 5-2)

- 1. Oscilloscope mainframe
- 2. High-Frequency amplifier plug-in unit
- 5. Time-mark generator
- 8. Time-base unit

# **BEFORE YOU BEGIN:**

(1) Perform the Adjustment and Performance Check Power-up Sequence. (Not necessary if continuing Adjustment and Performance Check.)

(2) Refer to Section 6, Instrument Options and the Change Information at the rear of the manual for any modifications which may affect this procedure.

(3) See **TEST POINT AND ADJUSTMENT LOCATIONS** foldout pages in Section 8, Diagrams and Circuit Board Illustrations.

# HORIZONTAL SYSTEM PRELIMINARY CONTROL SETTINGS:

7B15 Time Base

TRIGGERING AUTO, AC, INT
LEVELMidrange
TIME/DIV 1 ms
B DELAY MODE INDEPENDENT
TRACE SEPOFF
DELAY TIME Fully counterclockwise
△ TIME Fully clockwise
VARIABLECAL IN
MAG
POSITIONMidrange
HOLD OFFMIN

Oscilloscope Mainframe

- 9. Rigid plug-in extender
- 10. Coaxial cable (1 required)
- 13. Screwdriver

# B1. SET BASIC SWEEP CALIBRATION SETUP CONDITIONS



a. Center the 7B15 trace in the upper half of the graticule and the companion unit trace in the lower half.

b. **EXAMINE**—For exactly 1 marker/division (upper trace) over center 8 divisions (position as necessary).

c. ADJUST—The 7B15 front-panel SWP CAL adjustment for exactly 1 marker/division (upper trace) over the center 8 divisions (position as necessary).

d. EXAMINE—For exactly 1 marker/division (lower trace) over center 8 divisions (position as necessary).

#### Calibration Part II—7B15 Adjustment and Performance Check

e. ADJUST—Front-panel SWP CAL adjustment on the companion time base unit for exactly 1 marker/division (lower trace) over the center 8 division (position as necessary).

f. Set mainframe horizontal mode to A.

# B2. CHECK SWEEP LENGTH AND POSITIONING RANGE

# SETUP CONDITIONS

### NOTE

If the preceding step was not performed, first refer to the Horizontal System Preliminary Control Settings, then proceed with the following istructions.



a. Horizontally position the display to place the second time marker to the first graticule line.

b. **CHECK**—That the end of the sweep extends to at least 9.2 graticule divisions (indicates sweep length of at least 10.2 divisions).

c. Set the POSITION and FINE controls fully clockwise.

d. CHECK—The start of the sweep must be to the right of graticule center.

e. Set the POSITION and FINE controls fully counterclockwise.

f.  $\ensuremath{\text{CHECK}}\xspace$  The end of the sweep must be to the left of graticule center.

# B3. CHECK/ADJUST MAGNIFIER GAIN AND REGISTRATION (R460, R470)

# SETUP CONDITIONS

#### NOTE

If the preceding step was not performed, first refer to the Horizontal System Preliminary Control Settings, then proceed with the following instructions.



a. CHECK-for 1 marker/division over the center 8 divisions of the display (position as necessary).

b. ADJUST—R460 (Mag Gain) for 1 marker/division over the center 8 divisions of the display.

c. Set the time-mark generator for 5-millisecond markers. Align the center time marker with graticule center.

d. **CHECK**—Set the MAG switch to X1 and check that the center time marker is at graticule center within 0.5 division.

e. ADJUST-R470 (Mag Reg) to align the center time marker with graticule center.

f. Repeat parts c through e until the center time marker is at graticule center within 0.5 division.

# **B4. CHECK VARIABLE TIME/DIVISION AND VARIABLE HOLD OFF**

SETUP CONDITIONS

#### NOTE

If the preceding step was not performed, first refer to the Horizontal System Preliminary Control Settings, then proceed with the following instructions.



a. Set the VARIABLE control fully clockwise and note 3 time markers in 10 graticule divisions.

b. **CHECK**—Set the VARIABLE control fully counterclockwise and check for 2 divisions or less between 5-millisecond markers.

c. Press in the VARIABLE control for calibrated sweep rates.

d. Set the TRIGGERING LEVEL control for a free-running display (TRIG'D light off).

e. Set the HOLD OFF control fully counterclockwise.

f. **CHECK**—Rotate the HOLD OFF control slowly clockwise throughout its range and check that the display (3 time markers in 10 divisions) will nearly stabilize at least 3 times throughout the range of the HOLD OFF control (disregard any slow drift).

g. Set the HOLD OFF control counterclockwise to MIN and set the TRIGGERING LEVEL control for a stable display. **B5.** ADJUST SWEEP TIMING (C361, R305, R310, R480)

SETUP CONDITIONS

#### NOTE

If the preceding step was not performed, first refer to the Horizontal System Preliminary Control Settings, then proceed with the following instructions.



a. **EXAMINE**—For 1 marker/division over the center 8 divisions of the display (position as necessary).

b. ADJUST—C361 (50 ns Timing) for 1 marker/division over the center 8 divisions of the display (position as necessary).

c. Set the TIME/DIV switch to 5 nanoseconds and set the time mark generator for 5 nanosecond markers.

d. **EXAMINE**—For 1 marker/division over the center 8 divisions of display (position as necessary).

e. **ADJUST**—R480 (5 ns Timing) for 1 marker/division over the center 8 divisions of display (position as necessary).

f. Set the TIME/DIV switch to 10  $\mu$ s and set the timemark generator for 10-microsecond markers.

g. **EXAMINE**--For 1 marker/division over the center 8 divisions of the display (position as necessary).

h. **ADJUST**—R310 (10  $\mu$ s Timing) for 1 marker/division over the center 8 divisions of the display (position as necessary).

i. Set the TIME/DIV switch to 10 ms and set the timemark generator for 10 millisecond markers.

j. Check for 1 marker/division over the center 8 divisions of the display (position as necessary).

k. ADJUST---R305 (10 ms Timing) for 1 marker/division over the center 8 divisions of the display (position as necessary).

I. Set 7B15 TIME/DIV to 1 ms.

## NOTE

Final adjustment of R305 and R310 is made in step B12.

# **B6. CHECK DELAY MODES**

# SETUP CONDITIONS

# NOTE

If the preceding step was not performed, first refer to the Horizontal System Preliminary Control Settings, then proceed with the following instructions.



a. **CHECK**—Rotate the DELAY TIME control and note that it has no effect on the independent sweep display.

b. **CHECK**—Rotate the TRACE SEP control counterclockwise out of switch detent to enable the  $\triangle$  TIME mode. Rotate the  $\triangle$  TIME control and check for no effect on the independent sweep display.

c. Rotate the TRACE SEP control into the switch detent to disable the  $\triangle$  TIME operation. Set the B DELAY MODE switch to B STARTS AFTER DLY.

d. Set the mainframe horizontal mode to alternate.

e. Set the mainframe intensity control for optimum brightness of the intensified- and delayed-sweep traces. Center the delaying-sweep trace in the upper half of the graticule and the delayed-sweep trace in the lower half of the graticule.

f. **CHECK**—Rotate the DELAY TIME control throughout its range and note that the delay before the start of the intensified zone is continuously variable.

g. Set the B DELAY MODE switch to B TRIGGERABLE AFTER DLY.

h. **CHECK**--Rotate the DELAY TIME control throughout its range and note that the intensified zone jumps from time marker to time marker. This indicates that the intensified zone does not start at the completion of delay time, but waits for the next trigger pulse.

i. **CHECK**—that the greater-than symbol (>) precedes the delay-time readout indicating that the delay-time readout is uncalibrated.

#### NOTE

The 7B15 may be operated as a delayedsweep unit (B horizontal compartment) with a companion delaying-sweep unit (A horizontal compartment). To check 7B15 delayed-sweep operation, install the 7B15 in the B horizontal compartment and a companion delayingsweep unit into the A horizontal compartment. Set the 7B15 B DELAY MODE to INDEPENDENT and the TIME/DIV switch to 0.1 ms. Set the delaying-sweep unit for a 1millisecond/division sweep rate and apply 1millisecond time markers to the amplifier plug-in unit input. Check delayed-sweep operation as outlined in step B6, parts c through h.

# B7. ADJUST DELAY OFFSET AND DELAY GAIN (R555, R510)

# SETUP CONDITIONS

# NOTE

If the preceding step was not performed, first refer to the Horizontal System Preliminary Control Settings, then proceed with the following instructions.



a. Rotate the  $\triangle$  TIME control fully counterclockwise and rotate the TRACE SEP control counterclockwise out of the switch detent. Rotate the DELAY TIME control to start the intensified zone approximately 1 division from the start of the delaying-sweep trace (upper trace). Rotate the DELAY TIME control to further position the time markers on the delaying-sweep traces to graticule center.

#### NOTE

Do not disturb the setting of the  $\triangle$  TIME control (fully counterclockwise) during the remainder of step B7.

b. **EXAMINE**—The time markers of both the first and second delayed-sweep traces are horizontally aligned within 0.1 division. It may be necessary to rotate the TRACE SEP control to distinguish the two delayed-sweep traces.

c. ADJUST-R555 (Delay Offset) to horizontally align the time markers of the first and second delayed-sweep traces.

d. Rotate the DELAY TIME control to start the intensified zone approximately 8 divisions from the start of the trace. Further rotate the DELAY TIME control to position the time markers of the delayed-sweep traces near graticule center.

e. EXAMINE---The time-markers of both delayed-sweep traces are horizontally aligned within 0.1 division.

f. ADJUST-R510 (Delay Gain) to horizontally align the time markers of the delayed-sweep traces.

g. **INTERACTION**—Repeat step B7 until there is no change in the adjustment.

# **B8. ADJUST DVM ZERO (R625)**

#### SETUP CONDITIONS

#### NOTE

If the preceding step was not performed, first refer to the Horizontal System Preliminary Control Settings, then proceed with the following instructions.



a. Rotate the  $\bigtriangleup$  TIME control fully counterclockwise and the TRACE SEP counterclockwise out of the switch detent.

b. Set the DELAY TIME control to position the intensified zones near the second graticule line so that the time markers in the delayed-sweep display are on the center graticule line.

c. Advance the  $\triangle$  TIME control until the first and second delayed time markers are 2.0 divisions (20 microseconds) apart (1 horizontal division equals 10 microseconds of delayed sweep).

#### NOTE

If it is difficult to set the  $\triangle$  TIME control for exactly 2 divisions (20 microseconds) between delayed-sweep time markers, note the actual time separation displayed. Then, follow the procedure outlined in part d and adjust R625 so that the  $\triangle$  time readout corresponds to the actual time separation displayed between the delayed-sweep time markers.

# Calibration Part II—7B15 Adjustment and Performance Check

EXAMPLE: A 2.2-division time delay corresponds to a 0.022 ms  $\triangle$  time readout. Adjust R625 for a  $\triangle$  time readout of 0.021 ms. Then, adjust R625 until the  $\triangle$  time readout just changes to 0.022 ms.

d. **ADJUST**—R625 (DVM Zero) for a  $\triangle$  time readout of 0.019 ms. Then, adjust R625 until the  $\triangle$  time readout just changes to 0.020 ms.

e. Rotate the  $\triangle$  TIME control fully counterclockwise.

f. Check for a  $\Delta$  time readout of 0.000 ms to 0.001 ms and for horizontal alignment of the delayed sweep time markers within 0.1 division.

# **B9. ADJUST DVM GAIN (R620)**

# SETUP CONDITIONS

# NOTE

If the preceding step was not performed, first refer to the Horizontal System Preliminary Control Settings, then proceed with the following instructions.



a. Set the DELAY TIME control to start the first intensified zone on the second time marker and set the  $\triangle$  TIME control to start the second intensified zone on the tenth time marker. Further rotate the  $\triangle$  TIME control to horizontally align the delayed-sweep traces (it may be necessary to rotate the TRACE SEP control to view the 2 delayed-sweep traces).

#### NOTE

If the  $\triangle$  TIME control cannot be set to at least obtain 8 divisions between intensified zones, preset R535 (Pickoff Bias) fully clockwise. Final adjustment of R535 is made in step B10.

b. Check for a △ time readout of exactly 8.000 ms.

c. ADJUST-R620 (DVM Gain) for a  $\triangle$  time readout of exactly 8.000 ms. Disregard an occasional  $\triangle$  time readout of ± 1 digit.

d. Set the TRACE SEP fully clockwise to the OFF position.

# B10. ADJUST DELAY START AND PICKOFF BIAS (R335, R535)

### SETUP CONDITIONS

## NOTE

If the preceding step was not performed, first refer to the Horizontal System Preliminary Control Settings, then proceed with the following instructions.



a. Position both traces horizontally (7B15 trace and companion time-based trace) to start on the first graticule line.

b. Set the DELAY TIME control for 0.950 ms of delay-time readout.

\_\_\_\_

c. Check for a delayed-sweep time marker (lower trace) at graticule center, within 1.0 division.

d. **ADJUST**-R335 until the leading edge of the time mark is on the center graticule line.

e. Rotate the TRACE SEP control counterclockwise, just out of the switch detent, to enable the  $\triangle$  TIME mode. Set the DELAY TIME control fully counterclockwise and the  $\triangle$  TIME control fully clockwise.

f. Check for a time readout of 9.200 ms, within 0.100 ms.

g. ADJUST—R535 (Pickoff Bias) for a  $\bigtriangleup$  time readout of 9.200 ms.

h. Set the TRACE SEP control fully clockwise to the OFF position.

# **B11.** CHECK DELAY TIME, $\triangle$ TIME, AND TRACE SEPARATION RANGES

## SETUP CONDITIONS

#### NOTE

If the preceding step was not performed, first refer to the Horizontal System Preliminary Control Settings, then proceed with the following instructions.



a. CHECK—Set the DELAY TIME control fully clockwise and check for a delay-time readout of 9.000 ms or greater.

b. CHECK—Set the DELAY TIME control fully counterclockwise and check for a delay-time readout of 0.200 ms or less.

c. Set the TRACE SEP control counterclockwise, out of the switch detent, to enable  $\triangle$  TIME operation.

d. **CHECK**—That the  $\triangle$  symbol appears in the delay-time readout.

e. CHECK—Set the  $\bigtriangleup$  TIME control fully clockwise and check for a  $\bigtriangleup$  time reading of 9.000 ms or greater.

f. **CHECK**—Set the  $\triangle$  TIME control fully counterclockwise and check for a  $\triangle$  time readout of 0.000 ms. Check that the  $\triangle$  symbol precedes the readout display. Disregard an occasional  $\triangle$  time readout of 0.001 ms.

g. Set the TRACE SEP control fully clockwise. Set the mainframe vertical trace separation control to midrange. Position the delayed-sweep trace, with the amplifier plug-in unit position control, to the center graticule line.

h. **CHECK**—Set the TRACE SEP control fully counterclockwise and check that the second delayed-sweep trace is at least 3 divisions below graticule center.

# B12. ADJUST 10 $\mu$ s AND 10 ms DELAY TIMING (R305, R310)

#### NOTE

Step B5 must have been performed before proceeding with this step if servicing and/or adjustment has occurred prior to this step.

#### SETUP CONDITIONS

#### NOTE

If the preceding step was not performed, first refer to the Horizontal System Preliminary Control Settings, then proceed with the following instructions.



#### Calibration Part II—7B15 Adjustment and Performance Check

a. Set the amplifier plug-in unit position control to center the intensified trace in the upper half of the graticule. Set the TRACE SEP control out of detent to enable  $\triangle$  TIME operation and position the delayed-sweep traces together.

b. Set the DELAY TIME control to start the first intensified zone on the second time marker and set the  $\triangle$  TIME control to start the second intensified zone on the tenth time marker. Rotate the  $\triangle$  TIME control for a  $\triangle$  time readout of exactly 80.00  $\mu$ s.

c. **EXAMINE**—The time markers of both the first and second delayed-sweep traces are horizontally aligned within 1.0 division.

d. **ADJUST**—R310 (10  $\mu$ s Timing) to horizontally align the delayed-sweep time markers.

e. Set the 7B15 TIME/DIV switch to 10 ms and set the companion time-base unit for a 0.2-millisecond/ division sweep rate.

f. Set the time-mark generator for 10-millisecond markers.

g. Set the DELAY TIME control to start the first intensified zone on the second time marker and set the  $\triangle$  TIME control to start the second intensified zone on the tenth marker. Rotate the  $\triangle$  TIME control for a  $\triangle$  time readout of exactly 80.00 ms.

h. **EXAMINE**—The time markers of both the first and second delayed-sweep traces are horizontally aligned within 1.0 division.

i. **ADJUST**—R305 (10 ms Timing) to horizontally align the delayed-sweep time markers.

**B13. CHECK**  $\triangle$  **TIME ACCURACY** 

# SETUP CONDITIONS

#### NOTE

If the preceding step was not performed, first refer to the Horizontal System Preliminary Control Settings, then proceed with the following instructions.



a. Set the TRACE SEP control to position the second delayed-sweep trace approximately 0.2 division below the first delayed-sweep trace.

b. Position the display for 1 marker/division over the center 8 divisions of intensified display.

c. Set the DELAY TIME control to start the first intensified zone on the time marker which is nearest the second graticule line. Set the  $\triangle$  TIME control to start the second intensified zone on the time marker which is nearest the tenth graticule line.

d. Further adjust the  $\bigtriangleup$  TIME control to horizontally align the time markers of the first and second delayed-sweep traces.

e. **CHECK**—For a  $\triangle$  time readout between 795.7 ns and 804.3 ns.

#### NOTE

The limits in part e and Table 5-6 are derived from the Performance Requirement in the Specification section.

EXAMPLE: The Performance Requirement for  $\bigtriangleup$  TIME accuracy at 0.1  $\mu s/\text{DIV}$  is:

Within (0.5% measurement +3 digits).

For an 8 division measurement (800 ns), the accuracy is:

 $\pm$  (0.5% of 800 ns + 0.3 ns) =  $\pm$  (4.0 ns + 0.3 ns) =  $\pm$  4.3 ns

Therefore, the specified limits for a measurement interval of 800 ns are:

800 ns ± 4.3 ns = 795.7 ns to 804.3 ns

f. CHECK—Follow the procedure outlined in parts c through e and check for  $\triangle$  TIME accuracy as given in Table 5-6.

7B15 TIME/ DIV	Companion Time Base Sweep Rate	Time Markers	∆ Time Readout Range			
.1 <i>µ</i> s	10 ns	.1 <i>μ</i> s	795.7 ns to 804.3 ns			
.2 µs	20 ns	.2 μs	1.589 μs to 1.611 μs			
.5 μs	50 ns	.5 μs	3.977 μs to 4.023 μs			
1 <i>µ</i> s	.1 <i>µ</i> s	1 <i>μ</i> s	7.957 μs to 8.043 μs			
2 µs	.2 µs	2 µs	15.89 μs to 16.11 μs			
5 µs	.5 μs	5 <i>µ</i> s	39.77 µs to 40.23 µs			
10 <i>µ</i> s	1 <i>μ</i> s	10 µs	79.57 µs to 80.42 µs			
20 µs	2 µs	20 µs	158.9 μs to 161.1 μs			
50 µs	5 <i>μ</i> s	50 μs	397.7 μs to 402.3 μs			
.1 ms	10 <i>μ</i> s	.1 ms	795.7 μs to 804.3 μs			
.2 ms	20 µs	.2 ms	1.589 ms to 1.611 ms			
.5 ms	50 µs	.5 ms	3.977 ms to 4.023 ms			
1 ms	.1 ms	1 ms	7.957 ms to 8.043 ms			
2 ms	.2 ms	2 ms	15.89 ms to 16.11 ms			
5 ms	.5 ms	5 ms	39.77 ms to 40.23 ms			
10 ms	1 ms	10 ms	79.57 ms to 80.43 ms			
20 ms	2 ms	20 ms	158.9 ms to 161.1 ms			
-	and the second in the second se					

TABLE 5-6 △ Time Accuracy

g. Set the 7B15 TIME/DIV to 1 ms.

### B14. CHECK $\triangle$ TIME LINEARITY

#### NOTE

Steps B5, B7, B8, B9, and B10 must have been performed before proceeding with this step.

#### SETUP CONDITIONS

#### NOTE

If the preceding step was not performed, first refer to the Horizontal System Preliminary Control Settings, then proceed with the following instructions.



a. Position the delaying- and delayed-sweep traces horizontally to start on the first graticule line.

b. Set the DELAY TIME control to place the first intensified zone on the time marker that is between the first and second graticule lines (second time marker).

c. Set the  $\triangle$  TIME control to place the second intensified zone to the time marker that is 0.5 division from the first intensified time marker (third time marker).

d. Set the  $\bigtriangleup$  TIME control to precisely align the delayed-sweep traces.

e. CHECK-A time readout for 0.497 ms to 0.503 ms.

f. Set the DELAY TIME control to position the first intensified zone to the next 0.5 ms time marker (third time marker). Then, rotate the  $\triangle$  TIME control to precisely align the delayed sweep traces.

g. CHECK—∆ time readout for 0.497 ms to 0.503 ms.

h. Set the DELAY TIME control to position the first intensified zone to the next 0.5 ms time marker (fourth time marker). Then, rotate the  $\triangle$  TIME control to precisely align the delayed sweep traces.

i. CHECK-  $\Delta$  time readout for 0.497 ms to 0.503 ms.

j. **CHECK**—Use the procedure outlined in parts f through i and check  $\triangle$  TIME linearity at each 0.5 division point until the first intensified zone is beyond the tenth graticule line.

k. Set the TRACE SEP control to OFF.

Calibration Part II—7B15 Adjustment and Performance Check

B15. CHECK DELAY TIME ACCURACY (START OF DELAYED SWEEP DISPLAY WITH RESPECT TO DELAYING SWEEP DISPLAY)

# SETUP CONDITIONS

#### NOTE

If the preceding step was not performed, first refer to the Horizontal System Preliminary Control Settings, then proceed with the following instructions.



a. Position the delaying- and delayed-sweep traces to start on the first graticule line.

b. Set the DELAY TIME control to place the intensified zone on the second time marker.

c. Set the DELAY TIME control to precisely position the leading edge of the delayed-time marker to the first graticule line.

d. CHECK—Delay-time readout for 0.945 ms to 1.055 ms.

#### NOTE

These limits are derived from the Delay Time accuracy Performance Requirement (0.5% of Delay + 5% Time/Div setting) in the Specification section. Therefore, the specified limits for a measurement interval of 1 ms using a 1ms/div sweep setting are:  $\pm$ (0.5% of 1 ms + 5% of 1 ms) =  $\pm$  (0.005 ms + 0.050 ms) =  $\pm$ 0.055 ms or 9.945 ms to 1.055 ms. e. Set the DELAY TIME control to place the intensified zone on the sixth time marker.

f. Set the DELAY TIME control to precisely position the leading edge of the delayed time marker to the first graticule line.

g. CHECK—Delay-time readout for 4.925 ms to 5.075 ms.

h. Set the DELAY TIME control to place the intensified zone on the tenth time marker.

i. Set the DELAY TIME control to precisely position the leading edge of the delayed time marker to the first graticule line.

j. CHECK—Delay time readout for 8.905 ms to 9.095 ms.

## **B16. CHECK DELAY TIME JITTER**

#### SETUP CONDITIONS

#### NOTE

If the preceding step was not performed, first refer to the Horizontal System Preliminary Control Settings, then proceed with the following instructions.



a. Set the DELAY TIME control for a delay-time readout of approximately 1.000 ms.

b. Set the DELAY TIME control further to position a delayed-sweep time marker near the display center.

c. Magnify the companion time-base unit sweep rate to 200 nanoseconds/division (MAG X10) and position the delayed-sweep time marker near the graticule center.

d. **CHECK**—For 1 division or less jitter. (Jitter specification is 0.02% of 1 ms delaying sweep setting or 200 ns.)

e. Set the companion time-base unit for X1 sweep magnification (2 microseconds/division). Set the DELAY TIME control for a delay-time readout of approximately 9.000 ms.

f. CHECK-Repeat parts b through d.

g. Set the companion time-base unit sweep rate to 20 nanoseconds/ division and magnification to X1. Set the time-mark generator for 0.1 microsecond markers.

h. Set the 7B15 TIME/DIV switch to 10  $\mu$ s.

i. Set the DELAY TIME control for a delay-time readout of approximately 10.00  $\mu$ s.

j. Set the DELAY TIME control further to position a delayed-sweep time marker near the display center.

k. Magnify the companion time-base unit sweep rate to 2 nanoseconds/division (MAG X10) and position the delayed-sweep time marker near the graticule center.

I. **CHECK**—For 1.5 division or less jitter. (Jitter specification is 0.03% of 10  $\mu$ s delaying sweep settings or 3 ns.)

m. Set the companion time-base unit sweep magnification to X1 (20 nanoseconds/division). Set the DELAY TIME control for a delay-time readout of approximately 90.00  $\mu$ s.

n. CHECK-Repeat parts j through L

o. Set mainframe horizontal mode to A and the 7B15 time base B DELAY MODE to INDEPENDENT.

# **B17. CHECK SWEEP TIMING**

### SETUP CONDITIONS

#### NOTE

Partial procedure: first perform the Horizontal System Preliminary Control Settings, then proceed with the following instructions.



# NOTE

The tolerances given in Table 5-7 are for an ambient temperature range of  $+15^{\circ}$ C to  $+35^{\circ}$ C. If outside this range, see the Specification section for applicable tolerances.

a. Set the POSITION controls to midrange and TRIGGERING MODE to NORM.

b. CHECK—Using the TIME/DIV setting and time-mark generator settings from Table 5-7, check sweep accuracy for 1 time mark/division over the center 8 divisions within the tolerance given in Table 5-7. Set the POSITION controls and TRIGGERING LEVEL controls as necessary for a stable display aligned with the vertical graticule lines.

#### NOTE

If the time-mark generator used does not have 1-2-5 sequence markers, apply 1 unit markers in place of 2 unit markers and check for 2 markers/division, over the center eight divisions of display, to the tolerances given in Tables 5-7 and 5-8.

TABLE 5-7 Sweep Timing

Time∕ Div	Time Markers	Tolerance (+15° to +35° C) Within 0.24 div		
2 ns	2 ns			
5 ns	5 ns	Within 0.24 div		
10 ns	10 ns	Within 0.16 div		
20 ns	20 ns	Within 0.16 div		
50 ns	50 ns	Within 0.16 div		
.1 μs	.1 μs	Within 0.16 div		
.2 µs	.2 μs	Within 0.16 div		
.5 μs	.5 μs	Within 0.16 div		
1 µs	1 <i>µ</i> s	Within 0.16 div		
2 µs	2 µs	Within 0.16 div		
5 µs	5 µs	Within 0.16 div		
10 µs	10 µs	Within 0.16 div		
20 µs	20 µs	Within 0.16 div		
50 µs	50 µs	Within 0.16 div		
.1 ms	.1 ms	Within 0.16 div		
.2 ms	.2 ms	Within 0.16 div		
.5 ms	.5 ms	Within 0.16 div		
1 ms	1 ms	Within 0.16 div		
2 ms	2 ms 2 ms Within 0.			
5 ms	5 ms	Within 0.16 div		
10_ms	10 ms	Within 0.16 div		
20 ms	20 ms	Within 0.16 div		
50 ms	50 ms	Within 0.16 div		
.1 s	.1 s	Within 0.16 div		
.1 s	.1 s	Within 0.16 div		
.2 s	.2 s	Within 0.16 div		

# **B18. CHECK MAGNIFIED SWEEP TIMING**

# SETUP CONDITIONS

#### NOTE

If the preceding step was not performed, first refer to the Horizontal System Preliminary Control Settings, then proceed with the following instructions.



# NOTE

The tolerances in Table 5-8 are for an ambient temperature range of +15°C to +35°C. If outside this range, see the Specification section for applicable tolerances.

a. **CHECK**—Using the TIME/DIV settings and time-mark generator settings in Table 5-8, check magnified sweep accuracy for 1 time mark/division, over the center 8 divisions, within the tolerance given in Table 5-8. Set the POSITION controls, TRIGGERING LEVEL and vertical volts/division control as necessary for a stable display aligned with the vertical graticule lines.

#### NOTE

The 7B15 may be operated as a delayed sweep unit (B horizontal compartment) with a companion delaying sweep unit (A horizontal compartment). To check 7B15 delayed sweep operation, refer to a delaying sweep checkout procedure in the operating instructions or calibration sections of the instruction manual for the delaying sweep unit.

#### TABLE 5-8 Magnified Sweep Timing

Time/Div	Time Markers	Tolerance (+15° to +35° C)		
2 ns	1 ns <sup>1</sup>	Within 0.2 div		
5 ns	1 ns	Within 0.32 div		
10 ns	1 ns	Within 0.24 div		
20 ns	2 ns	Within 0.24 div		
50 ns	5 ns	Within 0.24 div		
.1 μs	10 ns	Within 0.24 div		
.2 µs	20 ns	Within 0.24 div		
.5 μs	50 ns	Within 0.24 div		
1 <i>µ</i> s	.1 μs	Within 0.24 div		
2 µs	.2 µs	Within 0.24 div		
5 µs	.5 μs	Within 0.24 div		
10 <i>µ</i> s	1 <i>μ</i> s	Within 0.24 div		
20 µs	2 µs	Within 0.24 div		
50 µs	5 µs	Within 0.24 div		
.1 ms	10 µs	Within 0.24 div		
.2 ms	20 µs	Within 0.24 div		
.5 ms	50 µs	Within 0.24 div		
1 ms	.1 ms	Within 0.24 div		
2 ms	.2 ms	Within 0.24 div		
5 ms	.5 ms	Within 0.24 div		
10 ms	1 ms	Within 0.24 div		
20 ms	2 ms	Within 0.24 div		
50 ms	5 ms	Within 0.24 div		
.1 s	10 ms	Within 0.24 div		
.2 s	20 ms	Within 0.24 div		

<sup>1</sup> Check for 1 cycle in 5 divisions at 200 ps/div over center 8 divisions.

This completes the Adjustment and Performance Check procedure.

6-1

# **INSTRUMENT OPTIONS**

No options were available for this instrument at the time of this printing.

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Information on any subsequent options may be found in the CHANGE INFORMATION section in the back of this manual.

# REPLACEABLE ELECTRICAL PARTS

# PARTS ORDERING INFORMATION

Replacement parts are available from or through your local Tektronix, Inc. Field Office or representative.

Changes to Tektronix instruments are sometimes made to accommodate improved components as they become available, and to give you the benefit of the latest circuit improvements developed in our engineering department. It is therefore important, when ordering parts, to include the following information in your order: Part number, instrument type or number, serial number, and modification number if applicable.

If a part you have ordered has been replaced with a new or improved part, your local Tektronix, Inc. Field Office or representative will contact you concerning any change in part number.

Change information, if any, is located at the rear of this manual.

# SPECIAL NOTES AND SYMBOLS

X000	Part	first	added	at	this	serial	number

00X Part removed after this serial number

#### ITEM NAME

In the Parts List, an Item Name is separated from the description by a colon (:). Because of space limitations, an Item Name may sometimes appear as incomplete. For further Item Name identification, the U.S. Federal Cataloging Handbook H6-1 can be utilized where possible.

#### ABBREVIATIONS

ACTR	ACTUATOR	PLSTC	PLASTIC
ASSY	ASSEMBLY	QTZ	QUARTZ
CAP	CAPACITOR	RECP	RECEPTACLE
CER	CERAMIC	RES	RESISTOR
CKT	CIRCUIT	RF	RADIO FREQUENCY
COMP	COMPOSITION	SEL	SELECTED
CONN	CONNECTOR	SEMICOND	SEMICONDUCTOR
ELCTLT	ELECTROLYTIC	SENS	SENSITIVE
ELEC	ELECTRICAL	VAR	VARIABLE
INCAND	INCANDESCENT	WW	WIREWOUND
LED	LIGHT EMITTING DIODE	XFMR	TRANSFORMER
NONWIR	NON WIREWOUND	XTAL	CRYSTAL
## CROSS INDEX-MFR. CODE NUMBER TO MANUFACTURER

Mfr. Code	Manufacturer	Address	City, State, Zip
00213	NYTRONICS, COMPONENTS GROUP, INC., SUBSIDIARY OF NYTRONICS, INC.	ORANGE STREET	DARLINGTON, SC 29532
00853	SANGAMO ELECTRIC CO., S. CAROLINA DIV.	P.O. BOX 128	PICKENS, SC 29671
01121	ALLEN-BRADLEY COMPANY	1201 2ND STREET SOUTH	MILWAUKEE, WI 53204
01295	TEXAS INSTRUMENTS, INC.		
	SEMICONDUCTOR GROUP	P.O. BOX 5012	DALLAS, TX 75222
02111	SPECTROL ELECTRONICS CORPORATION	17070 EAST GALE AVENUE	CITY OF INDUSTRY, CA 91745
03888	KDI PYROFILM CORPORATION	60 S JEFFERSON ROAD	WHIPPANY, NJ 07981
04222	AVX CERAMICS, DIVISION OF AVX CORP.	P O BOX 867	MYRTLE BEACH, SC 29577
04713	MOTOROLA, INC., SEMICONDUCTOR PROD. DIV.	5005 E MCDOWELL RD.PO BOX 20923	PHOENIX, AZ 85036
07263	FAIRCHILD SEMICONDUCTOR, A DIV. OF FAIRCHILD CAMERA AND INSTRUMENT CORP.	464 ELLIS STREET	MOUNTAIN VIEW, CA 94042
09023	CORNELL-DUBILIER ELECTRONIC DIVISION	2652 DALBYMPLE ST	SANFORD, NC 27330
11237	CTS KEENE INC	3230 BIVERSIDE AVE.	PASO ROBLES, CA 93446
12697	CLABOSTAT MEG. CO. INC.	LOWER WASHINGTON STREET	DOVER. NH 03820
12969	UNITRODE CORPORATION	580 PLEASANT STREET	WATERTOWN MA 02172
14552	MICRO SEMICONDUCTOR CORP.	2830 E FAIRVIEW ST	SANTA ANA, CA 92704
14752	ELECTRO CUBE INC	1710 S DEL MAR AVE	SAN GABBIEL CA 91776
15801	EENWAL ELECTRONICS, DIV, OF KIDDE WALTER	the G. BEE MATTAL.	Stat Greenez; Station 19
	AND CO INC	63 FOUNTAIN ST	FRAMINGHAM, MA 01701
17856	SILICONIX INC	2201 LAUBELWOOD DRIVE	SANTA CLARA, CA 95054
18324	SIGNETICS COBP	811 F ABOUES	SUNNYVALE, CA 94086
24546	COBNING GLASS WORKS, ELECTRONIC		
	COMPONENTS DIVISION	550 HIGH STREET	BRADFORD, PA 16701
27014	NATIONAL SEMICONDUCTOR CORP.	2900 SEMICONDUCTOR DR.	SANTA CLARA, CA 95051
32293	INTERSIL, INC.	10900 N. TANTAU AVE.	CUPERTINO, CA 95014
32997	BOURNS, INC., TRIMPOT PRODUCTS DIV.	1200 COLUMBIA AVE.	RIVERSIDE, CA 92507
50434	HEWLETT-PACKARD COMPANY	640 PAGE MILL ROAD	PALO ALTO, CA 94304
51642	CENTRE ENGINEERING INC.	2820 E COLLEGE AVENUE	STATE COLLEGE, PA 16801
51984	NEC AMERICA INC. RADIO AND		
	TRANSMISSION DIV.	2990 TELESTAR CT. SUITE 212	FALLS CHURCH, VA 22042
53184	XCITON CORPORATION	5 HEMLOCK STREET	LATHAM, NY 12110
54473	MATSUSHITA ELECTRIC, CORP. OF AMERICA	1 PANASONIC WAY	SECAUCUS, NJ 07094
56289	SPRAGUE ELECTRIC CO.	87 MARSHALL ST.	NORTH ADAMS, MA 01247
59660	TUSONIX INC.	2155 N FORBES BLVD	TUCSON, AZ 85705
59821	CENTRALAB INC	7158 MERCHANT AVE	EL PASO, TX 79915
00740	SUB NORTH AMERICAN PHILIPS CORP		
71590	CENTRALAB ELECTRONICS, DIV. OF	31 SOUTH ST.	MOUNT VERNON, NY 10550
	GLOBE-UNION, INC.	P O BOX 858	FORT DODGE, IA 50501
72982	ERIE TECHNOLOGICAL PRODUCTS, INC.	644 W. 12TH ST.	ERIE, PA 16512
73138	BECKMAN INSTRUMENTS, INC., HELIPOT DIV.	2500 HARBOR BLVD.	FULLERTON, CA 92634
74970	JOHNSON, E. F., CO.	299 10TH AVE. S. W.	WASECA, MN 56093
75042	THW ELECTRONIC COMPONENTS, INC FIXED	401 N PROAD ST	
75915			DES PLAINES IL 60016
76493	BELL INDUSTRIES INC	BOD E. NORTHWEST HWT	DES PERINES, 12 00010
10400	MILLER J. W. DIV	19070 BEYES AVE P.O. BOX 5825	COMPTON CA 90224
78488	STACKPOLE CABBON CO	1007071212071121,7 0 201 0020	ST MARYS PA 15857
80009	TEKTRONIX, INC.	P O BOX 500	BEAVERTON, OR 97077
90201	MALLORY CAPACITOR CO., DIV. OF	3029 E. WASHINGTON STREET	
	P. R. MALLORY AND CO., INC.	P. O. BOX 372	INDIANAPOLIS, IN 46206
91637	DALE ELECTRONICS, INC.	P. O. BOX 609	COLUMEUS, NE 68601
96733	SAN FERNANDO ELECTRIC MFG CO	1501 FIRST ST	SAN FERNANDO, CA 91341
S3774	OSHINO ELECTRIC LAMP WORKS LTD	5 2 MINAMI SHINAGAWA 2 CHORE	
		SHINAGAWA KU	TOKYO, JAPAN
т0900	UNITED CHEMI-CON	9801 W. HIGGINS ROAD	ROSEMONT, IL 60018

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	Tektronix	Serial/Mo	del No.		Mfr	
Ckt No.	Part No.	Eff	Dscont	Name & Description	Code	Mfr Part Number
A1	672-0650-00			CKT BOARD ASSY:TIME/CM	80009	672-0650-00
A2	670-5108-00			CKT BOARD ASSY:TRIGGER	80009	670-5108-00
A3	670-4183-00			CKT BOARD ASSY:READOUT	80009	670-4183-00
A4	670-4184-01			CKT BOARD ASSY:DVM	80009	670-4184-01
C3	290-0748-00			CAP.,FXD,ELCTLT:10UF,+50-10%,25V	Т0900	SL25T10(T)TP
C5	290-0748-00			CAP., FXD, ELCTLT: 10UF, + 50-10%, 25V	т0900	SL25T10(T)TP
C7	290-0748-00			CAP., FXD, ELCTLT: 10UF, + 50-10%, 25V	т0900	SL25T10(T)TP
C10	281-0786-00			CAP_EXD_CEB_DI 150PE 10% 100V	51642	G1710100NP0151K
C12	281-0599-00			CAP_EXD_CEB_DI:1PE_+/-0.25PE 500V	59660	374-018-C0K0109C
012	201-0030-00			CAP EXD CEP DI:0.068115 10% 50V	72082	8131N075 C 683K
C41	283-0198-00			CAP.,FXD,CER DI:0.22UF,20%,50V	56289	1C10Z5U223M050B
					50000	10107511000000500
C42	283-0198-00			CAP.,FXD,CER DI:0.220F,20%,50V	56289	1C10250223M050B
C43	281-0572-00			CAP.,FXD,CER DI:6.8PF, +/-0.5PF,500V	59660	301-000C0H0689D
C61	281-0775-00			CAP.,FXD,CER DI:0.1UF,20%,50V	04222	MA205E104MAA
C63	281-0815-00			CAP., FXD, CER DI: 0.027UF, 20%, 50V	72982	8005D9AABW5R273
C64	281-0786-00			CAP., FXD, CER DI: 150PF, 10%, 100V	51642	G1710100NP0151K
C65	281-0791-00			CAP., FXD, CER DI: 270PF, 10%, 100V	04222	GC101C271K
C90	281-0611-00				59660	374-018C0.0279C
005	201-0011-00			CAR EXD CER DI 2 2PE + / 0 25PE 500V	04000	7001 CO L 2P3C
095	201-0034-00			CAP.,FAD,GER DI.3.3FF, +7-0.25FF, 500V	50000	274 018 COCO1EOK
C98	281-0617-00			CAP.,FXD,GER DI:15PF,10%,200V	59660	374-018-C0G0150K
C108	283-0111-00			CAP.,FXD,CER DI:0.10F,20%,50V	56289	273C11
C113	283-0066-00			CAP., FXD, CER DI:2.5PF, 20%, 200V	72982	8101-047C0J259D
C114	281-0775-00			CAP.,FXD,CER DI:0.1UF,20%,50V	04222	MA205E104MAA
C117	281-0219-00			CAP., VAR, CER DI:5-35PF, +2-2.5%, 100V	59660	0513-501 A 5.035
C118	283-0066-00			CAP., FXD.CER DI:2.5PF.20%.200V	72982	8101-047C0J259D
C133	281-0788-00			CAP_EXD_CEB_DI:470PE 10% 100V	96733	B3015
C144	283 0111 00			CAP EXD CER DI 0 111E 20% 50V	56289	273011
0144	203-0111-00			CAP KD, CEP DI.0.101 .20%, 50V	04220	A4A201C102KAA
C183	281-0786-00			CAP.,FXD,CER DI:0.010F,10%,100V	51642	G1710100NP0151K
C204	283-0000-00			CAP.,FXD,CER DI:0.001UF,+100-0%,500V	59660	831610Y5U0102P
C211	283-0641-00	B010100	B031579	CAP., FXD, MICA D: 180PF, 1%, 100V	00853	DD155F181F0
C211	283-0640-00	B031580		CAP., FXD, MICA D: 160PF, 1%, 100V	00853	D155F161F0
C212	283-0555-00			CAP., FXD MICA D:2000PF, 1%, 500V	09023	CD19FD202F03
C213	285-0683-00			CAP. FXD.PLSTC:0.022UF.5% 100V	56289	192P22352
C214	290-0269-00			CAP.,FXD,ELCTLT:0.22UF,5%,35V	56289	162D224X5035BC2
C215	200 0522 00			CAR EXD EL CTLT-2 2115 20% 20V	56280	106022520020441
0215	290-0523-00			CAP.,FAD,ELCTLI.2.20F,20%,20%	50209	1300223200201141
6221	283-0111-00			CAP.,FXD,CER DI:0.10F,20%,50V	56289	2/3011
C222	283-0110-00			CAP.,FXD,CER DI:0.005UF, +80-20%,150V	59660	855-547-E-5022
C225	290-0536-00			CAP.,FXD,ELCTLT:10UF,20%,25V	90201	TDC106M025FL
C228	290-0534-00			CAP.,FXD,ELCTLT:1UF,20%,35V	56289	196D105X0035HA1
C230	281-0786-00			CAP.,FXD,CER DI:150PF,10%,100V	51642	G1710100NP0151K
C255	283-0028-00			CAP., FXD, CER DI:0.0022UF.20%.50V	59660	0805585Y5SO222M
C263	281-0629-00			CAP EXD CEB DI:33PE 5% 600V	04222	7027-C0G-330.1
0200	200 0420 00			CAR EVD EL CTI T:0 69UE 20% 75V	56280	15006842007542
0002	290-0420-00			OAD EXD OED DL0 005UE : 00 00% 150V	50203	15000047007572
0315	283-0110-00			CAP.,FXD,CER DI:0.0050F, + 60-20%, 150V	59000	055-547-E-5022
C322	283-0204-00			CAP.,FXD,CER DI:0.01UF,20%,50V	96733	R2676
C323	283-0111-00			CAP.,FXD,CER DI:0.1UF,20%,50V	56289	273C11
C324	283-0110-00			CAP., FXD, CER DI:0.005UF, +80-20%, 150V	59660	855-547-E-502Z
C338	283-0691-00			CAP., FXD, MICA D: 650PF, 1%, 300V	00853	D153F651F0
C352	283-0111-00			CAP., FXD, CER DI:0.1UF.20%.50V	56289	273C11
C361	281-0166-00			CAP. VAR.AIR DI:1.9-15.7PF 250V	74970	187-0109-055
0362	283.0633.00			CAP EXD MICA D:77PE 1% 100V	00853	D155E770E0
C364	295-0172-00			CAP SET,MATCHED:0.1UF,10UF,905PF,0.75%	80009	295-0172-00
0005				(DADT OF OWN)		
0365				(PART OF C364)		
0300				(FART OF 0304)		

## Scans by Artekmedia => 2010

## Replaceable Electrical Parts-7B15

	Tektronix	Serial/Mode	el No.		Mfr		
Ckt No	Part No	Fff	Dscont	Name & Description	Code	Mfr Part Number	
ont no.	ran no.		Docom	Name & Description	oode	inin i di i i	-
	1000 00000000						
C371	283-0111-00			CAP.,FXD,CER DI:0.1UF,20%,50V	56289	273C11	
C376	283-0111-00			CAP.,FXD,CER DI:0.1UF,20%,50V	56289	273C11	
C386	290-0534-00			CAP.,FXD,ELCTLT:1UF,20%,35V	56289	196D105X0035HA1	
C388	283-0111-00			CAP., FXD, CER DI:0.1UF, 20%, 50V	56289	273C11	
C405	281-0763-00			CAP.,FXD,CER DI:47PF,10%,100V	04222	GA101A470KAA	
C409	283-0616-00			CAP., FXD, MICA D:75PF.5%, 500V	00853	D155E750J0	
C457	281-0658-00			CAP.,FXD.CER DI:6.2PF.+/-0.25PF.500V	59660	301-000C0H0629C	
C461	281-0618-00			CAP_EXD_CEB_DI:4.7PE_+/-0.5PE_200V	59660	374-018C0H0-479D	
C483	281-0811-00	B020800		CAP EXD CEB DI: 10PE 10% 100V	96733	B2911	
C520	283 0111 00	000000			56289	273011	
C520	292 0110 00			CAR EXD CER DI-22000E 5% 200V	50205	855 526V5E0222 I	
0522	203-0119-00			CAP.,FXD,CER DI.2200FF,3%,200V	00001	355-55015E02225	
6523	290-0527-00			CAP.,FXD,ELG1L1:150F,20%,20V	90201	IDCI56M020FL	
0506	200 0527 00				00201	TDC156M020EI	
0520	290-0527-00			CAP.,FXD,ELCTLI: 150F,20%,20V	90201	TDCT50W020FL	
0530	283-0111-00			CAP.,FXD,CER DI:0.10F,20%,50V	56289	273011	
C532	283-0111-00			CAP.,FXD,CER DI:0.1UF,20%,50V	56289	273C11	
C556	281-0826-00	B031770		CAP.,FXD,CER DI:2200PF,5%,100V	12969	CGB222KEX	
C573	290-0527-00			CAP.,FXD,ELCTLT:15UF,20%,20V	90201	TDC156M020FL	
C574	283-0111-00			CAP.,FXD,CER DI:0.1UF,20%,50V	56289	273C11	
C576	281-0775-00			CAP.,FXD,CER DI:0.1UF,20%,50V	04222	MA205E104MAA	
C626	281-0762-00			CAP., FXD, CER DI: 27PF, 20%, 100V	04222	GC101A270M	
C627	285-0809-00	B010100	B031815	CAP. FXD.PLSTC:1UF.10%.50V	56289	LP66A1A105K	
C627	285-1056-00	B031816		CAP EXD PL STC: 11E 2% 50V	14752	650B1A105G	
C686	283,0691,00	2001010		CAP EXD MICA D:650PE 1% 300V	00853	D153E651E0	
C600	203-0091-00			CAR EXD CER DL0 0111E 10% 100V	00000	D133F031F0	
0007	201-0773-00			CAP.,FXD,CER DI:0.010F,10%,100V	04222	MAZUTCTUSKAA	
C601	200 0749 00			CAR EVE EL CTLT. 1011E + 50 10% 25V	T0000		
0000	290-0740-00			CAP.,FXD,ELGTLT:100F,+50-10%,25V	10900	SL25110(1)1P	~
0692	290-0748-00			CAP.,FXD,ELCTL1:10UF, +50-10%,25V	10900	SL25110(1)1P	
C693	281-0775-00			CAP.,FXD,CER DI:0.1UF,20%,50V	04222	MA205E104MAA	
C694	290-0748-00			CAP.,FXD,ELCTLT:10UF,+50-10%,25V	т0900	SL25T10(T)TP	
C795	283-0110-00			CAP.,FXD,CER DI:0.005UF,+80-20%,150V	59660	855-547-E-502Z	
C810	283-0178-00			CAP.,FXD,CER DI:0.1UF, +80-20%,100V	72982	8131N145651 104Z	
C820	290-0745-00			CAP.,FXD,ELCTLT:22UF,+50-10%,25V	54473	ECE-A25V22L	
C821	283-0004-00			CAP.,FXD,CER DI:0.02UF, + 80-20%,150V	59821	SDDH69J203Z	
C830	290-0745-00			CAP.,FXD.ELCTLT:22UF. + 50-10%.25V	54473	ECE-A25V22L	
C831	283-0111-00			CAP_EXD.CEB_DI:0.1UE 20% 50V	56289	273C11	
C840	290-0745-00			CAP EXD EL CTLT: 22/LE $\pm 50.10\%$ 25/	54473	ECE-A251/221	
C844	283 0004 00			CAR EXD CER DI 0 0211E + 90 20% 150V	50921	SDDH69 12027	
0044	203-0004-00			CAP., FXD, CER DI.0.020F, + 80-20%, 150V	39021	3DDH09J2032	
CB74	152-0321-00			SEMICOND DEVICE: SILICON 30V 0.14	07263	FSA1480	
CD76	152-0521-00			SEMICOND DEVICE SILICON 30V,0.1A	07203	1141500	
	152-0141-02			SEMICOND DEVICE: SILICON, 30V, 150MA	01295	1N4152R	
CR//	152-0141-02			SEMICOND DEVICE: SILICON, 30V, 150MA	01295	1N4152R	
CR145	152-0141-02			SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON,30V,150MA	01295	1N4152R	
CR202	152-0153-00			SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON,15V,50MA	07263	FD7003	
CR206	152-0141-02			SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON,30V,150MA	01295	1N4152R	
CR208	152-0141-02			SEMICOND DEVICE: SILICON, 30V, 150MA	01295	1N4152R	
CR224	152-0141-02			SEMICOND DEVICE: SILICON, 30V, 150MA	01295	1N4152R	
CR225	152-0141-02			SEMICOND DEVICE: SILICON, 30V, 150MA	01295	1N4152R	
CR226	152-0141-02			SEMICOND DEVICE: SILICON 30V.150MA	01295	1N4152B	
CR248	152-0141-02			SEMICOND DEVICE: SILICON 30V, 150MA	01295	1N4152B	
10.110454							
CR250	152-0141-02			SEMICOND DEVICE: SILICON 30V 150MA	01295	1N4152R	
CB252	152-0141-02			SEMICOND DEVICE SILICON 30V 150MA	01295	1N4152B	
CB254	152 0141 02			SEMICOND DEVICE-SILICON 201/ 150MA	01205	1N/152D	
00254	152-0141-02			SEMICOND DEVICE.SILICON, 30V, 150MA	01290	1141520	
08255	152-0141-02			SEIVICOND DEVICE: SILICON, 30V, 150MA	01295	11141528	
08250	152-0141-02			SEMICOND DEVICE: SILICON, 30V, 150MA	01295	1N4152R	
CH264	152-0141-02			SEMICOND DEVICE: SILICON, 30V, 150MA	01295	1N4152R	

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	Tektronix	Serial/Model No.		Mfr	
Ckt No.	Part No.	Eff Dscont	Name & Description	Code	Mfr Part Number
CR286	152-0141-02		SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON, 30V, 150MA	01295	1N4152R
CR288	152-0141-02		SEMICOND DEVICE: SILICON, 30V, 150MA	01295	1N4152R
CB291	152-0141-02		SEMICOND DEVICE SILICON 30V 150MA	01295	1N4152B
CR202	152 0141 02		SEMICOND DEVICE: SILICON 20V 150MA	01205	11/11/520
Ch292	152-0141-02		SEMICOND DEVICE. SILICON, SUV, ISUMA	01295	11141525
CH293	152-0141-02		SEMICOND DEVICE: SILICON, 30V, 150MA	01295	1N4152R
CR294	152-0141-02		SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON,30V,150MA	01295	1N4152R
CB295	152-0141-02		SEMICOND DEVICE SILICON 30V 150MA	01295	1N4152B
CB296	152 01/1 02		SEMICOND DEVICE: SILICON 30V 150MA	01205	1N41528
00290	152-0141-02		SEMICOND DEVICE.SILICON, 30V, 150MA	01295	1141500
CH303	152-0141-02		SEMICOND DEVICE: SILICON, 30V, 150MA	01295	IN4152R
CR304	152-0141-02		SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON,30V,150MA	01295	1N4152R
CR336	152-0141-02		SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON,30V,150MA	01295	1N4152R
CR337	152-0141-02		SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON, 30V, 150MA	01295	1N4152R
00045	450 0000 00			50404	5000 0070
CH345	152-0322-00		SEMICOND DEVICE: SILICON, 15V, HOT CARRIER	50434	5082-2672
CR375	152-0141-02		SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON,30V,150MA	01295	1N4152R
CR406	152-0141-02		SEMICOND DEVICE: SILICON, 30V, 150MA	01295	1N4152R
CB415	152-0141-02		SEMICOND DEVICE SILICON 30V 150MA	01295	1N4152B
CR400	150 0000 00			60404	5092 2672
00420	152-0322-00		SEIVICOND DEVICE: SILICON, 15V, HUT CARRIER	50434	0002-2072
CR434	152-0141-02		SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON,30V,150MA	01295	1N4152R
CR452	152-0141-02		SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON.30V.150MA	01295	1N4152R
CB455	152-0141 02		SEMICOND DEVICE SILICON 30V 150MA	01205	1N4152B
00405	152-0141-02		SEMICOND DEVICE. SILICON, 30V, 150MA	01295	11141525
CR465	152-0141-02		SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON,30V,150MA	01295	1N4152R
CR526	152-0141-02		SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON,30V,150MA	01295	1N4152R
CR543	152-0141-02		SEMICOND DEVICE: SILICON.30V.150MA	01295	1N4152R
CR548	152-0141-02		SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON,30V,150MA	01295	1N4152R
CR567	152-0141-02		SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON,30V,150MA	01295	1N4152R
CR574	152-0141-02		SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON,30V,150MA	01295	1N4152R
CB632	152-0141-02		SEMICOND DEVICE SILICON 30V 150MA	01295	1N4152B
CP634	152 01/1 02		SEMICOND DEVICE: SILICON 20V 150MA	01205	11/1520
00004	152-0141-02		SEMICOND DEVICE. SILICON, 30V, 150MA	01295	11141525
CH635	152-0141-02		SEMICOND DEVICE: SILICON, 30V, 150MA	01295	1N4152R
CR643	152-0141-02		SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON,30V,150MA	01295	1N4152R
CB725	152-0141-02		SEMICOND DEVICE: SILICON 30V 150MA	01295	1N4152B
00751	150 0141 00			01200	1141500
CR751	152-0141-02		SEMICOND DEVICE: SILICON, 30V, 150MA	01295	11141528
CR752	152-0141-02		SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON,30V,150MA	01295	1N4152R
CR753	152-0141-02		SEMICOND DEVICE: SILICON, 30V, 150MA	01295	1N4152R
CB754	152-0141-02		SEMICOND DEVICE SILICON 30V 150MA	01295	1N4152B
CP762	152 0141 02		SEMICOND DEVICE-SILICON 201/ 150MA	01200	1N/1520
00703	102-0141-02		SLINICOND DEVICE. SILICON, 30V, 1301VIA	01293	1194 102m
CR772	152-0141-02		SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON,30V,150MA	01295	1N4152R
CR773	152-0141-02		SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON.30V.150MA	01295	1N4152R
CB782	152-0141-02		SEMICOND DEVICE SILICON 30V 150MA	01295	1N4152B
00702	150 0141 00		SEMICOND DEVICE OF ICON 00V, 150MA	01200	1141500
CH/83	152-0141-02		SEMICOND DEVICE: SILICON, 30V, 150MA	01295	IN4152R
CR785	152-0141-02		SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON,30V,150MA	01295	1N4152R
CR786	152-0141-02		SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON,30V,150MA	01295	1N4152R
DS227	150-1029-00		LT EMITTING DIO:GREEN.565NM.35MA	53184	XC209G
05232	150 1033-00		LT EMITTING DIO VELLOW 585NM 40MA MAX	50434	HI MP 1401
D0202	150-1000-00			50454	
DS810	150-0048-01		LAMP, INCAND: 5V, 0.06A, SEL	\$3774	OL683AS15  PL
DS820	150-0048-01		LAMP,INCAND:5V,0.06A,SEL	S3774	OL683AS15 TPL
E274	276-0507-00	B031890	SHIELDING BEAD,:FERRITE	78488	57-3443
E425	276-0507-00	B031890	SHIELDING BEAD,:FERRITE	78488	57-3443
F90	159 0100 00			75045	270 200
	159-0120-00		FUSE, CAN I NIDGE: U.ZA, 1204, U.U8 SEC AXIAL	12912	219.200
L3	108-0537-00		COIL,RF:200UH	80009	108-0537-00

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	Tektronix	Serial/Model No.	rial/Model No.		
Ckt No	Part No	Eff Decont	Name & Description	Code	Mfr Part Number
OKT NO.	Fall NO.	Ell Discont	Name & Description	Oode	Will Full Hull Hull
L5	108-0537-00		COIL,RF:200UH	80009	108-0537-00
L7	108-0537-00		COIL,RF:200UH	80009	108-0537-00
L324	276-0543-00		SHLD BEAD,ELEK:FERRITE	80009	276-0543-00
L462	108-0240-00		COIL, RF: FIXED, 820UH	76493	B5147
L485	108-0509-00		COIL.RF:2.45UH	80009	108-0509-00
L577	108-0509-00		COIL.RF:2.45UH	80009	108-0509-00
L691	108-0543-00		COIL.RF:FIXED.1.1UH	80009	108-0543-00
1 694	108-0543-00		COIL BE FIXED 1 111H	80009	108-0543-00
2001					
B68	108-0325-00		COIL BE:0.5UH	80009	108-0325-00
1 888	108 0325 00		COIL BE:0 5UH	80009	108-0325-00
	100-0525-00			80000	108 0537 00
LHOID	100-0337-00		COIE, 11 .200011	00005	100-0007-00
0000	100 0527 00			80000	108 0537 00
LROZU	108-0537-00			80009	108-0537-00
LH830	108-0537-00		COIL,RF:2000H	80009	108-0537-00
LR840	108-0537-00		COIL,RF:200UH	80009	108-0537-00
					555007
098	151-1005-00		I KANSISTOR: SILICON, JFE, N-CHANNEL	27014	F55037
Q108	151-1005-00		IRANSISTOR: SILICON, JFE, N-CHANNEL	27014	F55037
Q114	151-1025-00		TRANSISTOR: SILICON, JFE, N-CHANNEL	01295	SFB8129
Q118	151-0441-00		TRANSISTOR:SILICON,NPN	04713	SRF501
Q142	151-0190-00		TRANSISTOR: SILICON, NPN	07263	S032677
Q160	151-0453-00		TRANSISTOR: SILICON, PNP	80009	151-0453-00
Q164	151-0221-00		TRANSISTOR: SILICON, PNP	04713	SPS246
Q174	151-0221-00		TRANSISTOR: SILICON PNP	04713	SPS246
G	IOT OLLT OU			00	0.02.0
Q184	151-0427-00		TRANSISTOR: SILICON.NPN	80009	151-0427-00
0201	151-0221-00		TRANSISTOR SILICON PNP	04713	SPS246
0202	151 0325 00		TRANSISTOR SILICON PNP SEL FROM 20/258	80009	151 0325 00
0202	151 0425 00		TRANSISTOR SILICON PNP	04713	SDS8335
0203	151 0000 00			04713	606000
0204	151-0223-00			04713	SF38020
Q206	151-0223-00		TRANSISTOR: SILICON, NPN	04713	5P58020
0010	151 0070 00		TRANSICTOR OU ICON NON	80000	151 0072 00
Q210	151-02/3-00		TRANSISTOR: SILICON, NPN	80009	151-0273-00
Q214	151-0220-00		TRANSISTOR: SILICON, PNP	07263	5036228
Q230	151-0302-00		TRANSISTOR: SILICON, NPN	07263	S038487
Q234	151-0301-00		TRANSISTOR:SILICON,PNP	27014	2N2907A
Q242	151-0223-00		TRANSISTOR:SILICON,NPN	04713	SPS8026
Q252	151-0190-00		TRANSISTOR: SILICON, NPN	07263	S032677
Q254	151-0190-00		TRANSISTOR: SILICON, NPN	07263	S032677
Q262	151-0223-00		TRANSISTOR: SILICON, NPN	04713	SPS8026
Q264	151-0223-00		TRANSISTOR: SILICON, NPN	04713	SPS8026
Q272	151-0223-00		TRANSISTOR: SILICON, NPN	04713	SPS8026
Q274	151-0223-00		TRANSISTOR: SILICON.NPN	04713	SPS8026
Q282	151-0190-00		TRANSISTOR: SILICON.NPN	07263	S032677
Q284	151-0223-00		TRANSISTOR: SILICON.NPN	04713	SPS8026
0288	151-0190-00		TRANSISTOR SILICON NPN	07263	\$032677
0292	151_0192_00		TRANSISTOR'SILICON NEW SEL FROM MPS652	04713	SPS8801
0294	151 0220 00		TRANSISTOR SILICON PNP	07262	5036228
0300	151-0220-00			07203	6036220
0222	151-0220-00			07203	5030220
Q324	151-0220-00		I MANSISTUK SILIUUN, PNP	0/263	5030220
0000	151 0070 00		TRANSISTOR SILLOON NON	00000	151 0070 00
Q328	151-02/3-00			80009	131-02/3-00
4330	151-0354-00		TRANSISTOR: SILICON, PNP, DUAL	32293	1151200A
Q342	151-0220-00		THANSISTOR: SILICON, PNP	07263	5036228
Q354	151-0367-00		I RANSISTOR: SILICON, NPN, SEL FROM 3571TP	04713	EP7426
Q356	151-0367-00		TRANSISTOR: SILICON, NPN, SEL FROM 3571TP	04713	EP7426
Q372	151-1036-00		TRANSISTOR: SILICON, JFE, N-CHANNEL, DUAL	17856	DN1663

	Tektronix	Serial/Mo	del No.		Mfr	
Ckt No.	Part No.	Eff	Dscont	Name & Description	Code	Mfr Part Number
Q376	151-0127-00			TRANSISTOR: SILICON, NPN	07263	S006075
Q402	151-0221-00			TRANSISTOR:SILICON, PNP	04713	SPS246
2406	151-0221-00			TRANSISTOR:SILICON, PNP	04713	SPS246
2410	151-0223-00			TRANSISTOR: SILICON, NPN	04713	SPS8026
Q415	151-0221-00			TRANSISTOR: SILICON, PNP	04713	SPS246
2420	151-0223-00			TRANSISTOR: SILICON, NPN	04713	SPS8026
Q425	151-0223-00			TRANSISTOR: SILICON.NPN	04713	SPS8026
Q434	151-0220-00			TRANSISTOR: SILICON.PNP	07263	S036228
2438	151-0220-00			TRANSISTOR: SILICON, PNP	07263	S036228
2454	151-0220-00			TRANSISTOR: SILICON, PNP	07263	S036228
2458	151-0325-00			TRANSISTOR: SILICON, PNP, SEL FROM 2N4258	80009	151-0325-00
Q460	151-0220-00			TRANSISTOR: SILICON, PNP	07263	S036228
0464	151-0220-00			TRANSISTOR SILICON PNP	07263	5036228
0468	151 0325 00			TRANSISTOR: SILICON PNP SEL EROM 2N/258	80009	151.0325.00
2400	151 0472 00	B010100	B020204	TRANSISTOR: SILICON NEN	51984	NE41632B
2470	151-0472-00	BODODOS	B020204		04712	ODE 519
2470	151-0212-00	B020205			04713	JET 1112 00
404	151-1113-00	Dototoo	D000004		60009	131-1113-00
1496	151-04/2-00	B010100	B020204	TRANSISTOR:SILICON,NPN	51984	NE41632B
Q496	151-0212-00	B020205		TRANSISTOR: SILICON, NPN	04713	SRF 518
2512	151-0354-00			TRANSISTOR: SILICON, PNP, DUAL	32293	ITS1200A
2518	151-0410-00			TRANSISTOR: SILICON.PNP	80009	151-0410-00
522	151-0354-00			TRANSISTOR: SILICON. PNP. DUAL	32293	ITS1200A
528	151-0410-00			TRANSISTOR: SILICON.PNP	80009	151-0410-00
2534	151-0216-00			TRANSISTOR: SILICON, PNP	04713	SPS8803
2526	151 0216 00				04712	CDC9902
1530	151-0210-00				04713	3F30003 T07201E2
1040	151-0432-00			TRANSISTOR: SILICON NPN	27014	10/391E2 6020677
1040	151-0190-00				0/203	5052077
502	151-0223-00				04713	SF30020
568	151-0223-00			TRANSISTOR SILICON NPN	04713	SPS8026
500	101-0220-000				01110	01 00020
1572	151-0223-00			TRANSISTOR:SILICON,NPN	04713	SPS8026
2574	151-0223-00			TRANSISTOR:SILICON,NPN	04713	SPS8026
¢576	151-0223-00			TRANSISTOR: SILICON, NPN	04713	SPS8026
2578	151-0223-00			TRANSISTOR: SILICON, NPN	04713	SPS8026
2582	151-1059-00			TRANSISTOR: SILICON, FE, N-CHANNEL	80009	151-1059-00
2592	151-1059-00			TRANSISTOR:SILICON,FE,N-CHANNEL	80009	151-1059-00
D618	151-0216-00			TRANSISTOR: SILICON PNP	04713	SPS8803
2642	151-0301-00			TRANSISTOR: SILICON.PNP	27014	2N2907A
Q844	151-0301-00			TRANSISTOR:SILICON,PNP	27014	2N2907A
82	315,0273,00			RES EXD CMPSN-27K OHM 5% 0 25W	01101	CB2735
R10	321-0268-00			RES.,FXD,FILM:6.04K OHM,1%,0.125W	91637	MFF1816G60400F
412	321-0201-00			RES.,FXD,FILM:1.21K OHM,1%,0.125W	91637	MFF1816G12100F
R20	321-0268-00			RES.,FXD,FILM:6.04K OHM,1%,0.125W	91637	MFF1816G60400F
322	321-0201-00			RES.,FXD,FILM:1.21K OHM,1%,0.125W	91637	MFF1816G12100F
323	321-0099-00			RES.,FXD,FILM:105 OHM,1%,0.125W	91637	MFF1816G105R0F
R24	321-0099-00			RES.,FXD,FILM:105 OHM,1%,0.125W	91637 91637	MFF1816G105R0F
104	321-00/4-00			NES., AD, FILWI. 37.0 OFIWI, 1%, 0.123W	91037	
35	315-0163-00			RES.,FXD,CMPSN:16K OHM,5%,0.25W	01121	CB1635
336	315-0302-00			RES.,FXD,CMPSN:3K OHM,5%,0.25W	01121	CB3025
R37	321-0222-00			RES.,FXD,FILM:2K OHM,1%,0.125W	91637	MFF1816G20000F
R38	321-0332-00			RES.,FXD,FILM:28K OHM,1%,0.125W	91637	MFF1816G28001F
R39	321-0184-00			RES.,FXD,FILM:806 OHM,1%,0.125W	91637	MFF1816G806R0F
R42	315-0202-00			RES.,FXD,CMPSN:2K OHM,5%,0.25W	01121	CB2025

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	Tektronix	Serial/Mod	del No.		Mfr		
Ckt No.	Part No.	Eff	Dscont	Name & Description	Code	Mfr Part Number	
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D40	001 0040 00				01607	NEE4046040001E	
R43	321-0349-00			RES.,FXD,FILM:42.2K OHM,1%,0.125W	91037	MFF1810G42201F	
H03	321-0270-00			RES.,FXD,FILM:0.34K OHM, 1%,0.125W	91637	MFF1816G63400F	
R64	315-0203-00			RES.,FXD,CMPSN:20K OHM,5%,0.25W	01121	CB2035	
H65	321-0097-00			RES.,FXD,FILM:100 OHM,1%,0.125W	91637	MFF1816G100R0F	
RDD	321-0248-00			RES.,FXD,FILM:3.74K OHM,1%,0.125W	91637	MFF1816G3/400F	
R67	315-0335-00			RES.,FXD,CMPSN:3.3M OHM,5%,0.25W	01121	CB3355	
	10072-01723						
R68	321-0097-00			RES.,FXD,FILM:100 OHM,1%,0.125W	91637	MFF1816G100R0F	
R69	301-0301-00			RES.,FXD,CMPSN:300 OHM,5%,0.50W	01121	EB3015	
R71	315-0822-00			RES.,FXD,CMPSN:8.2K OHM,5%,0.25W	01121	CB8225	
R72	315-0103-00			RES.,FXD,CMPSN:10K OHM,5%,0.25W	01121	CB1035	
R74	321-0423-00			RES.,FXD,FILM:249K OHM,1%,0.125W	91637	MFF1816G24902F	
R76	315-0105-00			RES.,FXD,CMPSN:1M OHM,5%,0.25W	01121	CB1055	
R77	315-0105-00			RES.,FXD,CMPSN:1M OHM,5%,0.25W	01121	CB1055	
R79	301-0301-00			RES.,FXD.CMPSN:300 OHM.5%.0.50W	01121	EB3015	
R84	315-0181-00			RES., FXD, CMPSN: 180 OHM, 5%, 0, 25W	01121	CB1815	
B85	315-0201-00			BES EXD CMPSN:200 OHM 5% 0.25W	01121	CB2015	
R86	315-0151-00			BES EXD CMPSN:150 OHM 5% 0.25W	01121	CB1515	
ROO	315 0510 00			DES. EVD. CMDSN: 51 OHM 5% 0.25W	01121	CB5105	
130	313-0310-00			RE3.,FXD,GMF3N.51 OHM,5%,0.25W	01121	005105	
P01	222 0005 00			DES EVD EIL M-05 2 OHM 19/ 0 50W/	75042	CECT0 05020E	
DOD	323-0095-00			REG.,FXD,FILM.95.3 OHM, 1%, 0.50W	75042		
H92	323-0095-00			RES.,FXD,FILM:95.3 ORM, 1%,0.50W	75042	CECTU-95R30F	
R93	315-0105-00			RES.,FXD,CMPSN:1M OHM,5%,0.25W	01121	CB1055	
R94	315-0154-00			RES.,FXD,CMPSN:150K OHM,5%,0.25W	01121	CB1545	
R95	315-0510-00			RES.,FXD,CMPSN:51 OHM,5%,0.25W	01121	CB5105	
R96	315-0335-00			RES.,FXD,CMPSN:3.3M OHM,5%,0.25W	01121	CB3355	
R97	315-0105-00			RES.,FXD,CMPSN:1M OHM,5%,0.25W	01121	CB1055	-
R106	315-0335-00			RES.,FXD,CMPSN:3.3M OHM,5%,0.25W	01121	CB3355	
R107	315-0105-00			RES.,FXD,CMPSN:1M OHM,5%,0.25W	01121	CB1055	
R110	315-0911-00			RES.,FXD,CMPSN:910 OHM,5%,0.25W	01121	CB9115	
R114	315-0511-00			RES.,FXD,CMPSN:510 OHM,5%,0.25W	01121	CB5115	
R117	317-0101-00			RES.,FXD,CMPSN:100 OHM,5%,0.125W	01121	BB1015	
R118	315-0152-00			RES.,FXD,CMPSN:1.5K OHM,5%,0.25W	01121	CB1525	
R131	321-0260-00			RES.,FXD,FILM:4,99K OHM,1%,0,125W	91637	MFF1816G49900F	
R132	321-0260-00			BES., FXD, FILM: 4.99K OHM, 1%, 0, 125W	91637	MFF1816G49900F	
B133	315-0102-00			BES EXD CMPSN:1K OHM 5% 0.25W	01121	CB1025	
B134	315 0271 00			RES EXD CMPSN: 270 OHM 5% 0.25W	01121	CB2715	
B135	315 0241 00			RES. FYD CMRSN:240 OHM 5% 0.25W	01121	CB2/15	
1105	010-0241-00			11E3.,1 XD,0101F314.240 01101,3 %,0.2300	01121	002415	
<b>B138</b>	315 0103 00			DES EVD CMDSN-10K OHM 5% 0.25W	01121	CB1025	
D120	225 0052 00				01121	DMEEOCEODOOE	
D140	323-0053-00				03000	PIVIESUCSURUUF	
R140	311-1192-00			RES., VAR, NONWIR: 10K OHM, 20%, 1W, W/SW	71590	BA-232-001	
R141	315-0512-00			RES.,FXD,CMPSN:5.1K OHM,5%,0.25W	01121	CB5125	
R142	315-0391-00			RES.,FXD,CMPSN:390 OHM,5%,0.25W	01121	CB3915	
R143	315-0102-00			RES.,FXD,CMPSN:1K OHM,5%,0.25W	01121	CB1025	
R144	315-0512-00			RES.,FXD,CMPSN:5.1K OHM,5%,0.25W	01121	CB5125	
R146	315-0272-00			RES.,FXD,CMPSN:2.7K OHM,5%,0.25W	01121	CB2725	
R147	311-1234-00			RES., VAR, NONWIR: 50K OHM, 20%, 0.50W	32997	3386F-T06-503	
R148	315-0471-00			RES.,FXD,CMPSN:470 OHM,5%,0.25W	01121	CB4715	
R154	315-0271-00			RES.,FXD,CMPSN:270 OHM,5%,0.25W	01121	CB2715	
R155	315-0241-00			RES.,FXD,CMPSN:240 OHM,5%,0.25W	01121	CB2415	
R158	315-0103-00			RES.,FXD,CMPSN:10K OHM.5%.0.25W	01121	CB1035	
R159	325-0053-00			RES.,FXD.FILM:50 OHM.1% 0.05W	03888	PME50C50R00F	
R161	315-0202-00			RES. FXD.CMPSN:2K OHM 5% 0.25W	01121	CB2025	
B162	315-0101-00			RES_EXD_CMPSN:100_OHM_5% 0.25W	01121	CB1015	
B164	315-0101-00			RES_EXD_CMPSN:100_OHM_5%_0.25W	01121	CB1015	
B168	315_0102_00			RES EVD CMPSN-1K OUM 5% 0 25M	01121	CB1025	
	010-0102-00			1120.,1 AD,0101 010. IN OF101,0 /0,0.2000	01121	001020	

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	Tektronix	Serial/Mode	No		Mfr	
Ckt No	Part No	Eff	Decont	Name & Description	Code	Mfr Part Number
CRINO.	Fait NO.		DSCOIL	Name & Description	Code	Will Tart Wulliber
R173	315-0102-00			RES.,FXD,CMPSN:1K OHM,5%,0.25W	01121	CB1025
R174	315-0470-00			RES.,FXD,CMPSN:47 OHM,5%,0.25W	01121	CB4705
R182	315-0330-00			RES.,FXD,CMPSN:33 OHM,5%,0.25W	01121	CB3305
B183	315-0103-00			BES EXD CMPSN: 10K OHM 5% 0.25W	01121	CB1035
P184	321 0202 00			RES EXD EILM-1 24K OHM 1% 0 125W	01637	MEE1816G12400E
D104	321-0202-00			RES.,FXD,FILM.1.24K OHM,1%,0.125W	91037	MFF1818G12400F
R192	321-0260-00			RE5.,FXD,FILM:4.99K OHM,1%,0.125W	91037	MFF1816G49900F
10220	2022222222					
R201	315-0223-00			RES.,FXD,CMPSN:22K OHM,5%,0.25W	01121	CB2235
R202	315-0202-00			RES.,FXD,CMPSN:2K OHM,5%,0.25W	01121	CB2025
R203	315-0391-00			RES.,FXD,CMPSN:390 OHM,5%,0.25W	01121	CB3915
B204	315-0392-00			BES. FXD.CMPSN:3.9K OHM.5% 0.25W	01121	CB3925
B205	315-0471-00			BES_EXD_CMPSN:470_OHM_5%_0.25W	01121	CB4715
R200	201 0010 00				01627	MEE1916019700E
H200	321-0219-00			RE5.,FXD,FILMI.1.87K OHMI,1%,0.125W	91037	MFF1818G18700F
R207	321-0173-00			RES.,FXD,FILM:619 OHM,1%,0.125W	91637	MFF1816G619R0F
R208	315-0102-00			RES.,FXD,CMPSN:1K OHM,5%,0.25W	01121	CB1025
R209	321-0322-00			RES.,FXD,FILM:22.1K OHM,1%,0.125W	91637	MFF1816G22101F
R210	311-0467-00			RES. VAR.NONWIR: 100K OHM. 20%.0.50W	11237	300SF-41334
R211	301-0432-00			RES EXD CMPSN 4 3K OHM 5% 0 50W	01121	EB4325
D010	201 0272 00				01627	MEE1916075001E
R212	321-0373-00			RES.,FAD,FILWI.75K OHWI, 1%,0.125W	91037	WIFF 1818G7 500 IF
R213	321-0373-00			RES.,FXD,FILM:75K OHM, 1%,0.125W	91637	MFF1816G75001F
R214	321-0327-00			RES.,FXD,FILM:24.9K OHM,1%,0.125W	91637	MFF1816G24901F
R215	315-0101-00			RES.,FXD,CMPSN:100 OHM,5%,0.25W	01121	CB1015
B216	321-0327-00			BES. FXD FILM:24 9K OHM 1% 0 125W	91637	MEE1816G24901E
B217	321-0292-00			BES_EXD FILM 10.7K OHM 1% 0.125W	91637	MEE1816G10701E
D219	221 0267 00				01627	MEL1916059000E
H210	321-0207-00			RE3.,FAD,FILIVI.3.9K ORIVI,1 %,0.123VV	91037	MIFF 1810G39000F
5040					04007	
R219	321-0293-00			RES.,FXD,FILM:11K OHM,1%,0.125W	91637	MFF1816G11001F
R222	315-0472-00			RES.,FXD,CMPSN:4.7K OHM,5%,0.25W	01121	CB4725
R224	315-0622-00			RES.,FXD,CMPSN:6.2K OHM,5%,0.25W	01121	CB6225
R225	315-0103-00			RES.,FXD,CMPSN:10K OHM,5%,0.25W	01121	CB1035
R226	315-0393-00			RES.,FXD.CMPSN:39K OHM.5%.0.25W	01121	CB3935
B227	315-0121-00			BES_EXD_CMPSN:120_0HM_5%_0.25W	01121	CB1215
TILL?	010-0121-00				01121	001210
D008	215 0194 00			DES EXD CMPSN: 190K OHM E% 0.25W	01101	CB1945
n220	315-0164-00				01121	000115
H230	315-0911-00			RES.,FXD,CMPSN:910 OHM,5%,0.25W	01121	CB9115
R231	315-0432-00			RES.,FXD,CMPSN:4.3K OHM,5%,0.25W	01121	CB4325
R232	315-0121-00			RES.,FXD,CMPSN:120 OHM,5%,0.25W	01121	CB1215
R233	315-0561-00			RES.,FXD,CMPSN:560 OHM,5%,0.25W	01121	CB5615
R234	315-0430-00			RES.,FXD,CMPSN:43 OHM,5%.0.25W	01121	CB4305
B240	315-0471-00			BES_EXD_CMPSN:470_OHM_5%_0.25W	01121	CB4715
D2/1	315 0331 00			RES. FYD CMRSN: 320 OHM 5% 0.25W	01121	CB2215
D240	315-0331-00				01121	000005
R242	315-0332-00			RES.,FXD,CMPSN:3.3K OHM,5%,0.25W	01121	CB3325
R243	315-0821-00			RES.,FXD,CMPSN:820 OHM,5%,0.25W	01121	CB8215
R244	315-0432-00			RES.,FXD,CMPSN:4.3K OHM,5%,0.25W	01121	CB4325
R248	315-0163-00			RES.,FXD,CMPSN:16K OHM,5%,0.25W	01121	CB1635
R249	315-0222-00			RES. FXD.CMPSN:2.2K OHM.5%.0.25W	01121	CB2225
B250	315-0102-00			BES EXD CMPSN-1K OHM 5% 0.25W	01121	CB1025
D251	215 0471 00				01101	CD4715
D252	315 0140 00				01121	004713
n253	315-0113-00			RES.,FAD,CMPSN:TIK UHM,5%,U.25W	01121	081135
H254	315-0102-00			RES.,FXD,CMPSN:1K OHM,5%,0.25W	01121	CB1025
R255	315-0510-00			RES.,FXD,CMPSN:51 OHM,5%,0.25W	01121	CB5105
R261	315-0472-00			RES.,FXD,CMPSN:4.7K OHM.5%.0.25W	01121	CB4725
B263	315-0122-00			BES. FXD.CMPSN:1.2K OHM 5% 0.25W	01121	CB1225
B264	315-0102-00			RES EXD CMPSN-1K OHM 5% 0.25W	01121	CB1025
P271	215 0200 00				01121	001025
D070	315-0222-00			RES.,FAD,OMPSN:2.2K URM,5%,0.25W	01121	082225
H2/2	315-0472-00			HES.,FXD,CMPSN:4.7K OHM,5%,0.25W	01121	CB4725
R273	321-0243-00			RES.,FXD,FILM:3.32K OHM,1%,0.125W	91637	MFF1816G33200F

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## Scans by Artekmedia => 2010

## Replaceable Electrical Parts—7B15

	Tektronix	Serial/Model No.		Mfr	
kt No	Part No	Eff Dscont	Name & Description	Code	Mfr Part Number
	i urtito.			0000	
074	015 0170 00			01101	004705
274	315-04/2-00		RES.,FXD,CMPSN:4.7K OHM,5%,0.25W	01121	084725
275	315-0101-00		RES.,FXD,CMPSN:100 OHM,5%,0.25W	01121	CB1015
280	315-0820-00		RES.,FXD,CMPSN:82 OHM,5%,0.25W	01121	CB8205
281	315-0203-00		RES.,FXD,CMPSN:20K OHM,5%,0.25W	01121	CB2035
282	315-0624-00		RES. FXD.CMPSN:620K OHM.5%.0.25W	01121	CB6245
283	315-0512-00		RES.,FXD.CMPSN:5.1K OHM.5%.0.25W	01121	CB5125
284	315-0471-00		RES.,FXD,CMPSN:470 OHM,5%,0.25W	01121	CB4715
285	315-0201-00		RES.,FXD,CMPSN:200 OHM,5%,0.25W	01121	CB2015
286	315-0563-00		RES.,FXD,CMPSN:56K OHM,5%,0.25W	01121	CB5635
287	315-0242-00		BES_EXD_CMPSN-2.4K_OHM 5% 0.25W	01121	CB2425
288	315-0182-00		BES EXD CMPSN: 1.8K OHM 5% 0.25W	01121	CB1825
200	315-0102-00			01121	CB2025
291	315-0202-00		RE3.,FXD,CMF3N.2K OHM,5%,0.25W	01121	002023
292	315-0752-00		BES, EXD CMPSN 7.5K OHM 5% 0.25W	01121	CB7525
293	315,0303.00		RES EXD CMPSN-30K OHM 5% 0 25W	01121	CB3035
200	315-0303-00			01121	000000
:94	315-0432-00		RES.,FAD,UMPSN:4.3K UHM,5%,U.23W	01121	004323
295	311-1322-00		RES., VAR, NONWIR: 5K OHM, 10%, 1W	12697	381-CM39701
296	315-0432-00		RES.,FXD,CMPSN:4.3K OHM,5%,0.25W	01121	CB4325
297	315-0152-00		RES.,FXD,CMPSN:1.5K OHM,5%,0.25W	01121	CB1525
300	311-0467-00		RES.,VAR,NONWIR:100K OHM,20%,0.50W	11237	300SF-41334
301	321-0438-00		RES.,FXD,FILM:357K OHM,1%,0.125W	91637	MFF1816G35702F
302	315-0121-00		RES.,FXD,CMPSN:120 OHM,5%,0.25W	01121	CB1215
303	321-0363-00		RES.,FXD,FILM:59K OHM,1%.0,125W	91637	MFF1816G59001F
304	321-0360-00		BES_EXD FILM:54 9K OHM 1% 0 125W	91637	MEE1816G54901E
305	311-1232-00		RES.,VAR.NONWIR:50K OHM,20%.0.50W	32997	3386F-T04-503
			_ , ,		
306	321-0458-00		RES.,FXD,FILM:576K OHM,1%,0.125W	91637	MFF1816G57602F
310	311-1232-00		RES., VAR, NONWIR: 50K OHM, 20%, 0.50W	32997	3386F-T04-503
312	315-0273-00		BES. FXD.CMPSN:27K OHM.5%.0.25W	01121	CB2735
313	315-0273-00		BES EXD CMPSN: 27K OHM 5% 0.25W	01121	CB2735
215	315 0562 00		RES. EVD CMPSN:5.6K OHM 5% 0.25W	01121	CREEZE
315	001 0400 00			01121	CB3023
316	301-0432-00		RES.,FXD,CMPSN:4.3K OHM,5%,0.50W	01121	EB4325
317	315-0101-00		BES, EXD CMPSN:100 OHM 5% 0.25W	01121	CB1015
321	315 0104 00		RES EXD CMPSN: 100K OHM 5% 0.25W	01121	CB1045
221	215 0201 00			01121	CB1045
022	315-0221-00			01121	CB2215
323	315-0103-00		RES.,FXD,CMPSN:10K OHM,5%,0.25W	01121	CB1035
328	321-0133-00		RES.,FXD,FILM:237 OHM,1%,0.125W	91637	MFF1816G237R0F
332	315-0103-00		RES.,FXD,CMPSN:10K OHM,5%,0.25W	01121	CB1035
222	015 0001 00			01107	00015
000	315-0221-00		RES.,FXD,CMPSN:220 OHM,5%,0.25W	01121	CB2215
334	315-0470-00		RES.,FXD,CMPSN:47 OHM,5%,0.25W	01121	CB4705
335	311-1228-00		RES.,VAR,NONWIR:10K OHM,20%,0.50W	32997	3386F-T04-103
336	321-0275-00		RES.,FXD,FILM:7.15K OHM,1%,0.125W	91637	MFF1816G71500F
337	321-0301-00		RES.,FXD,FILM:13.3K OHM,1%,0.125W	91637	MFF1816G13301F
338	315-0201-00		RES.,FXD,CMPSN:200 OHM,5%,0.25W	01121	CB2015
341	315-0301-00		RES.,FXD,CMPSN:300 OHM,5%,0.25W	01121	CB3015
342	315-0392-00		RES.,FXD,CMPSN:3.9K OHM,5%,0.25W	01121	CB3925
343	315-0101-00		RES.,FXD,CMPSN:100 OHM,5%.0.25W	01121	CB1015
344	315-0101-00		RES.,FXD,CMPSN:100 OHM 5% 0.25W	01121	CB1015
345	315-0112-00		RES_EXD_CMPSN:1.1K_OHM 5% 0.25W	01121	CB1125
352	315-0100-00		RES.,FXD,CMPSN:10 OHM.5%.0.25W	01121	CB1005
	0.00000			01121	55.000
353	315-0222-00		RES.,FXD,CMPSN:2.2K OHM,5%,0.25W	01121	CB2225
354	315-0101-00		RES.,FXD,CMPSN:100 OHM.5%.0.25W	01121	CB1015
356	315-0101-00		RES. FXD.CMPSN:100 OHM 5% 0.25W	01121	CB1015
357	315-0221-00		BES_EXD_CMPSN:220_0HM_5%_0.25W	01121	CB2215
58	323 0175 00		DES EVD EIL MIGAO OLIM 10/ 0 50M	75040	CECT0 6400E
250	325-01/5-00			/ 5042	00100C
338	315-0122-00		HES., FAD. UMPSN: 1.2K UHM.5%.0.25W	01121	UB1225

	Tektronix	Serial/Mo	del No.		Mfr	
Ckt No.	Part No.	Eff	Dscont	Name & Description	Code	Mfr Part Numbe
					1997	1000
R361	315-0330-00			RES.,FXD,CMPSN:33 OHM,5%,0.25W	01121	CB3305
R362	315-0330-00			RES.,FXD,CMPSN:33 OHM,5%,0.25W	01121	CB3305
R363	315-0560-00			RES.,FXD,CMPSN:56 OHM,5%,0.25W	01121	CB5605
R364	315-0100-00			RES.,FXD.CMPSN:10 OHM,5%,0.25W	01121	CB1005
B371	315-0470-00			BES EXD CMPSN:47 OHM 5% 0.25W	01121	CB4705
R373	315-0101-00			RES.,FXD,CMPSN:100 OHM,5%,0.25W	01121	CB1015
R375	315-0101-00			RES.,FXD,CMPSN:100 OHM,5%,0.25W	01121	CB1015
R376	315-0470-00			RES.,FXD,CMPSN:47 OHM,5%,0.25W	01121	CB4705
R377	315-0272-00			RES.,FXD,CMPSN:2.7K OHM,5%,0.25W	01121	CB2725
B380	311-1781-00			RES. VAB.NONWIR:10K OHM.10% 0.50W	12697	388CM40913
B383	315-0513-00			BES EXD CMPSN 51K OHM 5% 0 25W	01121	CB5135
R384	315-0105-00			RES.,FXD,CMPSN:1M OHM,5%,0.25W	01121	CB1055
R385	321-0362-00			RES.,FXD,FILM:57.6K OHM,1%,0.125W	91637	MFF1816G57601F
R386	321-0289-03			RES.,FXD,FILM:10K OHM,0.25%,0.125W	91637	MFF1816D100010
R388	315-0180-00			RES.,FXD,CMPSN:18 OHM,5%,0.25W	01121	CB1805
R391	323-1500-07			RES.,FXD,FILM:1.6M OHM.0.1%,0.50W	91637	HFF129C16003B
R392	323-1500-07			BES., FXD, FILM: 1.6M OHM 0.1% 0.50W	91637	HFF129C16003B
R393	323-0620-07			RES.,FXD,FILM:800K OHM,0.1%,0.50W	91637	MFF1226C80002E
	100000000000					
R394	323-0806-07			RES.,FXD,FILM:266.7K OHM,0.1%,0.50W	91637	MFF1226C26672E
R395	323-1404-07			RES.,FXD,FILM:160K OHM,0.1%,0.50W	91637	MFF1226C16002E
R396	323-0805-07			RES.,FXD,FILM:80.0K OHM,0.1%,0.50W	91637	MFF1226C80001E
B397	323-0802-07			BES., FXD, FILM: 26,67K OHM.0,1%,0,50W	91637	MFF1226C26671E
B398	323-1308-07			BES EXD FILM: 16 0K OHM 0 1% 0 50W	91637	MEE1226C16001E
R399	308-0586-00			RES.,FXD,WW:5K OHM,0.25%,3W	00213	1240S-5 K 0.25%
						1000100
R401	315-0751-00			RES.,FXD,CMPSN:750 OHM,5%,0.25W	01121	CB7515
R402	315-0222-00			RES.,FXD,CMPSN:2.2K OHM,5%,0.25W	01121	CB2225
R403	315-0101-00	B010100	B031434	RES.,FXD,CMPSN:100 OHM,5%,0.25W	01121	CB1015
R403	315-0161-00	B031435		RES.,FXD,CMPSN:160 OHM,5%,0.25W	01121	CB1615
B404	321-0222-07			RES.,FXD,FILM:2K OHM.0.1%.0.125W	91637	MFF1816C20000E
R405	321-0196-00			RES.,FXD,FILM:1.07K OHM,1%,0.125W	91637	MFF1816G10700F
- 100					01101	004005
R406	315-0162-00			RES.,FXD,CMPSN:1.6K OHM,5%,0.25W	01121	CB1625
R409	321-0229-00			RES.,FXD,FILM:2.37K OHM,1%,0.125W	91637	MFF1816G23700F
R410	321-0185-00			RES.,FXD,FILM:825 OHM,1%,0.125W	91637	MFF1816G825R0
R415	315-0122-00			RES.,FXD,CMPSN:1.2K OHM,5%,0.25W	01121	CB1225
R419	315-0121-00			RES.,FXD.CMPSN:120 OHM.5%.0.25W	01121	CB1215
R421	315-0102-00			RES.,FXD,CMPSN:1K OHM,5%,0.25W	01121	CB1025
D.400	001 0170 00				04007	MECIOLOGIA
H422	321-01/3-00			RE3., FXD, FILM:019 URM, 1%, 0.125W	91637	MEE 1010G019R0
H425	315-0272-00			HES.,FXD,CMPSN:2.7K OHM,5%,0.25W	01121	CB2725
R426	315-0510-00			RES.,FXD,CMPSN:51 OHM,5%,0.25W	01121	CB5105
R431	321-0260-00			RES.,FXD,FILM:4.99K OHM,1%,0.125W	91637	MFF1816G49900F
R432	315-0474-00			RES., FXD, CMPSN: 470K OHM. 5%.0.25W	01121	CB4745
R433	321-0263-00	B010100	B032219	RES.,FXD,FILM:5.36K OHM,1%,0.125W	91637	MFF1816G53600F
D422	221 0005 00	Bogoggg			01007	MEETOLOGEOOO
H433	321-0205-00	DU32220		REG. FXD, FILM: 3.02K UHM, 1%,U. 123W	9103/	MFF1010G30200F
H434	315-0431-00			HES.,FXD,CMPSN:430 OHM,5%,0.25W	01121	CB4315
R435	315-0242-00			RES.,FXD,CMPSN:2.4K OHM,5%,0.25W	01121	CB2425
R438	315-0472-00			RES., FXD, CMPSN: 4.7K OHM, 5%, 0.25W	01121	CB4725
R439	315-0510-00			RES.,FXD,CMPSN:51 OHM,5%,0.25W	01121	CB5105
R451	321-0400-00			RES.,FXD,FILM:143K OHM,1%,0.125W	91637	MFF1816G14302F
D452	315 0151 00			DEC. EVD. CMDCNI-150 CUN4 594 O 25M	01101	CB1515
D454	313-0131-00			DEG. EVD EU M.024 OLULA 20 0 40514	01121	UDIDID MEELOLOOOOLDO
H454	321-0190-00			HES.,FXD,FILM:931 OHM,1%,0.125W	91637	MFF1816G931R0
R455	315-0330-00			RES.,FXD,CMPSN:33 OHM,5%,0.25W	01121	CB3305
R456	315-0103-00			RES., FXD, CMPSN: 10K OHM, 5%, 0.25W	01121	CB1035
R457	315-0111-00			RES., FXD, CMPSN: 110 OHM. 5%. 0.25W	01121	CB1115
B458	321-0928-07			BES_EXD FILM:250 OHM 0 1% 0 125W	91637	MEE1816C250B0E
	021-0320-07			1120., AD, 1211.200 01 141, 0.1 /0, 0.12014	5100/	THE FIGTOUZJUNUE

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	Tektronix	Serial/Mo	odel No.		Mfr		
Ckt No.	Part No.	Eff	Dscont	Name & Description	Code	Mfr Part Number	
B459	315-0473-00			BES_EXD_CMPSN:47K_OHM 5% 0.25W	01121	CB4735	
B460	311-1423-00			RES VAB NONWIB:20 OHM 20% 0.50W	73138	72-1-0	
B461	321-0122-00			RES. FXD FILM: 182 OHM 1% 0 125W	91637	MEE1816G182B0E	
B462	308-0366-00			BES EXD WW:3 4K OHM 1% 3W	63743	29338	
B464	321-0190-00			RES. EXD FILM:931 OHM 1% 0 125W	91637	MEE1816G931B0E	
B465	315-0820-00			BES_EXD_CMPSN-82_OHM 5% 0.25W	01121	CB8205	
	010-0020-00				UTTET	OBOLUU	
B466	315-0103-00			BES, EXD, CMPSN: 10K, OHM 5% 0.25W	01121	CB1035	
B468	321-0928-07			BES_EXD FU M:250 OHM 0.1% 0.125W	91637	MEE1816C250B0B	
B469	315-0473-00			RES EXD CMPSN:47K OHM 5% 0.25W	01121	CB4735	
B470	311-1226-00			RES VAB NONWIR: 2 5K OHM 20% 0 50W	32997	3386F-T04-252	
R471	322-0200-00			RES EXD FILM:1 18K OHM 1% 0 25W	91637	MEE1421G11800E	
B472	315-0562.00			RES. EXD CMPSN:5 6K OHM 5% 0 25W	01121	CB5625	
11472	010-0002-00			1123.,1 XD,0101 311.3.01 01101,3 /0,0.2000	01121	003023	
P474	321 0071 00			DES EXD EILM-53 6 OHM 1% 0 125W	01637	MEE1816053860E	
D475	321-0071-00			RES., FXD, FIEW.35.0 OHM, 1%, 0.125W	01637	MEE1016036R60F	
D476	222 0224 00			DEC. EVD EILM-2 15K OHM 1% 0 25M	75040	CERTO 21015	
D490	322-0224-00			RES.,FAD,FILM.2.TSK OHM, 176,0.23W	73042	22865 TOA 502	
R460	311-1232-00			RES., VAR, NONWIR: SUK OHM, 20%, 0.50W	32997	3386F-104-503	
R481	315-0203-00			RES.,FXD,CMPSN:20K UHM,5%,0.25W	01121	CB2035	
H482	315-0683-00			RES.,FXD,CMPSN:68K UHM,5%,0.25W	01121	CB6835	
						0.0.1005	
R483	315-0103-00			RES.,FXD,CMPSN:10K OHM,5%,0.25W	01121	CB1035	
H484	307-0472-00			RES., THERMAL: 100K OHM, 5% DISC	15801	JP51J5	
R485	323-0186-00			RES.,FXD,FILM:845 OHM,1%,0.50W	75042	CECT0-8450F	
R491	322-0200-00			RES.,FXD,FILM:1.18K OHM,1%,0.25W	91637	MFF1421G11800F	
R492	315-0562-00			RES.,FXD,CMPSN:5.6K OHM,5%,0.25W	01121	CB5625	
R494	321-0071-00			RES.,FXD,FILM:53.6 OHM,1%,0.125W	91637	MFF1816G53R60F	
R495	321-0055-00			RES.,FXD,FILM:36.5 OHM,1%,0.125W	91637	MFF1816G36R50F	-
R496	322-0224-00			RES.,FXD,FILM:2.15K OHM,1%,0.25W	75042	CEBT0-2101F	
R509	321-0222-07			RES.,FXD,FILM:2K OHM,0.1%,0.125W	91637	MFF1816C20000B	
R510	311-1594-00			RES., VAR, NONWIR: 10 OHM, 20%, 0.50W	73138	91-93-0	
R513	315-0101-00			RES.,FXD,CMPSN:100 OHM,5%,0.25W	01121	CB1015	
R514	315-0221-00			RES.,FXD,CMPSN:220 OHM,5%,0.25W	01121	CB2215	
R515	321-0193-00			RES.,FXD,FILM:1K OHM,1%,0.125W	91637	MFF1816G10000F	
R518	321-0260-00			RES.,FXD,FILM:4.99K OHM,1%,0.125W	91637	MFF1816G49900F	
R520	311-1889-00			RES., VAR, WW: PNL, 50K OHM, 2W	32997	3541S-458-503	
R521	321-0222-07			RES.,FXD,FILM:2K OHM,0.1%,0.125W	91637	MFF1816C20000B	
R522	315-0331-00			RES.,FXD,CMPSN:330 OHM,5%,0.25W	01121	CB3315	
R523	315-0101-00			RES.,FXD,CMPSN:100 OHM,5%,0.25W	01121	CB1015	
R524	315-0221-00			RES.,FXD,CMPSN:220 OHM,5%,0.25W	01121	CB2215	
R526	321-0260-00			RES., FXD, FILM: 4.99K OHM, 1%, 0.125W	91637	MFF1816G49900F	
R527	321-0285-00			RES.,FXD,FILM:9.09K OHM,1%,0.125W	91637	MFF1816G90900F	
R528	321-0260-00			RES.,FXD,FILM:4.99K OHM,1%,0.125W	91637	MFF1816G49900F	
R530	311-1889-00			RES., VAR, WW: PNL, 50K OHM, 2W	32997	3541S-458-503	
R531	321-0222-07			RES., FXD, FILM: 2K OHM, 0.1%, 0.125W	91637	MFF1816C20000B	
R532	315-0202-00			RES.,FXD,CMPSN:2K OHM,5%,0.25W	01121	CB2025	
R533	321-0161-00			RES.,FXD,FILM:464 OHM,1%.0.125W	91637	MFF1816G464R0F	
R534	321-0257-00			RES.,FXD,FILM:4.64K OHM.1%.0.125W	91637	MFF1816G46400F	
R535	311-1560-00			BES, VAB NONWIR:5K OHM 20% 0.50W	73138	91-82-0	
B536	321-0340-00			RES_EXD_EILM:34K_OHM 1% 0 125W	91637	MEE1816G34001E	
B537	315-0511-00			RES EXD CMPSN:510 OHM 5% 0.25W	01121	CB5115	
	0.0 0011-00				01121	000110	
8541	315-0101-00			RES EXD CMPSN: 100 OHM 5% 0.25W	01121	CB1015	
8542	315-0154-00			RES FXD CMPSN-150K OUM 5% 0 25W	01101	CB1545	
R543	321 0209 00			DEG EYD EILM-15 9K OLMA 10/ O 105M	01627	MEE1016015001F	
R544	315 0204 00			DEC EYD CMDCN: 300K OHM EM A SEM	9103/	CR2045	
D546	315-0204-00				01121	CB5125	
D540	315-0313-00			REG. FXD, CMPSN:31N UHM, 5%, 0.25W	01121	CB3135	
n34/	315-0303-00			HES., FAD, OMPSN: 30K OHM, 5%, 0.25W	01121	083035	

	Tektronix	Serial/N	Iodel No.		Mfr	
Ckt No.	Part No.	Eff	Dscont	Name & Description	Code	Mfr Part Number
R548	315-0204-00			RES.,FXD,CMPSN:200K OHM,5%,0.25W	01121	CB2045
R552	321-0222-07			RES.,FXD,FILM:2K OHM,0.1%,0.125W	91637	MFF1816C20000B
R554	315-0205-00			RES.,FXD,CMPSN:2M OHM,5%,0.25W	01121	CB2055
R555	311-1230-00			RES., VAR, NONWIR: 20K OHM, 20%, 0.50W	32997	3386F-T04-203
R560	321-0196-00			RES., FXD, FILM: 1.07K OHM, 1%, 0.125W	91637	MFF1816G10700F
R561	321-0302-00			RES.,FXD,FILM:13.7K OHM,1%,0.125W	91637	MFF1816G13701F
B562	315-0242-00			BES EXD CMPSN-2 4K OHM 5% 0.25W	01121	CB2425
R563	315.0162.00			RES EXD CMPSN:1 6K OHM 5% 0.25W	01121	CB1625
B564	315 0510 00			RES. EXD. CMPSN:51 OHM 5% 0.25%	01121	CB5105
D567	315-0310-00			REG. FXD CMPSN:31 CHM, 5%, 0.25W	01121	CB2425
R307	315-0242-00				01121	OD2425
n370	315-0511-00			RES. FXD. CMPSN.510 OHM, 5%, 0.25W	01121	001505
H5/1	315-0153-00			RES.,FXD,CMPSN:15K OHM,5%,0.25W	01121	CB1535
R572	315-0270-00			RES.,FXD,CMPSN:27 OHM,5%,0.25W	01121	CB2705
R573	315-0153-00			RES., FXD, CMPSN: 15K OHM, 5%, 0.25W	01121	CB1535
R574	315-0362-00			RES., FXD, CMPSN: 3.6K OHM, 5%, 0.25W	01121	CB3625
R575	315-0223-00			RES., FXD, CMPSN: 22K OHM, 5%, 0.25W	01121	CB2235
R576	315-0112-00			RES., FXD.CMPSN: 1.1K OHM.5% 0.25W	01121	CB1125
R577	315-0471-00			RES.,FXD,CMPSN:470 OHM,5%,0.25W	01121	CB4715
D570	015 0540 00				01404	ODEIOE
H3/8	315-0510-00			RES.,FXD,CMPSN:ST UHM,5%,0.25W	01121	085105
R579	315-0392-00			RES.,FXD,CMPSN:3.9K OHM,5%,0.25W	01121	CB3925
R582	315-0275-00			RES.,FXD,CMPSN:2.7M OHM,5%,0.25W	01121	CB2755
R592	315-0275-00			RES., FXD, CMPSN:2.7M OHM, 5%, 0.25W	01121	CB2755
R616	321-0820-06			RES.,FXD,FILM:42K OHM,0.25%,0.125W	91637	MFF1816C42001C
R617	321-0259-00			RES.,FXD,FILM:4.87K OHM,1%,0.125W	91637	MFF1816G48700F
R620	311-1336-00			BES VAR NONWIR: 100K OHM 0 50W	02111	43P104T672
R621	321-0967-03			BES_EXD FILM:55K OHM 0 25% 0 125W	91637	MEE1816D55001C
R622	321 0095 00			RES EXD EILM:549K OHM 1% 0 125W	24546	NA55D5493E
D602	321-0533-00			BEC EXD CMDCNI-51K OHM F% 0.25W	01101	CD5125
DE24	315-0313-00			DEC. EXD. CMDON: 100 OHM 5% 0 25M	01121	CB1015
R625	315-0101-00			RES. VAR NONWIR:20K OHM 20% 0 50W	32997	3386F-T04-203
11020	311-1200-00			1120., VAN, HORWIN. 2014 OHM, 2016, 0.500	02001	00001-104-200
R626	315-0104-00			RES.,FXD,CMPSN:100K OHM,5%,0.25W	01121	CB1045
R631	321-0289-06			RES.,FXD,FILM:10K OHM,0.25%,0.125W	91637	MFF1816C10001C
R632	321-0289-06			RES.,FXD,FILM:10K OHM,0.25%,0.125W	91637	MFF1816C10001C
R636	315-0563-00			RES., FXD, CMPSN: 56K OHM, 5%, 0.25W	01121	CB5635
R637	315-0222-00			RES.,FXD,CMPSN:2.2K OHM,5%,0.25W	01121	CB2225
R644	315-0182-00			RES., FXD, CMPSN: 1.8K OHM, 5%, 0.25W	01121	CB1825
B653	315-0103-00			RES EXD CMPSN-10K OHM 5% 0 25W	01121	CB1035
R654	315,0302,00			RES EXD CMPSN-3 0K OHM 5% 0 25W	01121	CB3925
Dess	315 0301 00			DES EVD CMDCN:200 CUM EN 0 25M	01121	CP2015
1035	315-0391-00			RES.,FXD,CMPSN:390 OHM,5%,0.25W	01121	004705
R6/2	315-0473-00			RES.,FXD,CMPSN:4/K OHM,5%,0.25W	01121	CB4735
R6/4	315-0472-00			RES.,FXD,CMPSN:4.7K OHM,5%,0.25W	01121	CB4725
1070	313-0473-00			NES., FXD, CIVIPSIN. 47K ONIM, 5%, 0.25W	01121	084733
R678	315-0472-00			RES.,FXD,CMPSN:4.7K OHM,5%,0.25W	01121	CB4725
R681	315-0202-00			RES.,FXD,CMPSN:2K OHM,5%,0.25W	01121	CB2025
R682	315-0332-00			RES.,FXD,CMPSN:3.3K OHM,5%,0.25W	01121	CB3325
R683	315-0331-00			RES.,FXD,CMPSN:330 OHM,5%,0.25W	01121	CB3315
R687	321-1651-04			RES.,FXD,FILM:37.5K OHM.0.1%.0.125W	91637	MFF1816D37501B
R725	311-1590-00			RES., VAR, NONWIR: 10K OHM, 10%, 1W	12697	CM40256
D705						
R725	315-0154-00			(FURNISHED AS A UNIT WITH S725) RES. EXD.CMPSN:150K.OHM 5% 0.25W	01121	CB1545
B752	315-0154.00			BES EXD CMPSN: 150K OHM 5% 0.25W	01121	CB1545
D752	315 0154 00			DEC EVD CMDCNI 150K OLINA EV O 25M	01121	CB1545
D754	315-0154-00			DEG. EVD CMDCNI 150K CHIN, 5%, 0.23W	01121	CD1545
0754	315-0154-00			RES.,FAD, UMPSN: ISUK UHM, 5%, U.25W	01121	081545
H/55	321-0344-00			RES.,FXD,FILM:37.4K OHM,1%,0.125W	91637	MFF1816G37401F

**REV FEB 1984** 

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Tektronix Serial/Model No.			Mfr				
Ckt No	Part No	Eff	Dscont	Name & Description	Code	Mfr Part Number	
011110.	runno.		Dooon				-
					01101	007505	
R756	315-0753-00			RES.,FXD,CMPSN:75K OHM,5%,0.25W	01121	CB/535	
H/5/	321-0327-00			RES.,FXD,FILM:24.9K OHM,1%,0.125W	91637	MFF1816G24901F	
R761	315-0154-00			RES.,FXD,CMPSN:150K OHM,5%,0.25W	01121	CB1545	
R762	315-0154-00			RES.,FXD,CMPSN:150K OHM,5%,0.25W	01121	CB1545	
R763	315-0133-00			RES.,FXD,CMPSN:13K OHM,5%,0.25W	01121	CB1335	
R764	315-0133-00			RES.,FXD,CMPSN:13K OHM,5%,0.25W	01121	CB1335	
R771	315-0753-00			RES.,FXD,CMPSN:75K OHM,5%,0.25W	01121	CB7535	
R772	321-0356-00			RES.,FXD,FILM:49.9K OHM,1%,0.125W	91637	MFF1816G49901F	
R773	315-0154-00			RES.,FXD,CMPSN:150K OHM,5%,0.25W	01121	CB1545	
R779	315-0151-00			RES.,FXD,CMPSN:150 OHM,5%,0.25W	01121	CB1515	
R781	315-0154-00			RES.,FXD,CMPSN:150K OHM,5%,0.25W	01121	CB1545	
R782	315-0753-00			RES.,FXD,CMPSN:75K OHM,5%,0.25W	01121	CB7535	
R783	315-0154-00			RES.,FXD,CMPSN:150K OHM,5%,0.25W	01121	CB1545	
R784	321-0356-00			RES.,FXD,FILM:49.9K OHM,1%,0.125W	91637	MFF1816G49901F	
R785	315-0154-00			RES.,FXD,CMPSN:150K OHM,5%,0.25W	01121	CB1545	
R786	315-0753-00			RES.,FXD,CMPSN:75K OHM,5%,0.25W	01121	CB7535	
R787	321-0356-00			RES.,FXD,FILM:49.9K OHM,1%,0.125W	91637	MFF1816G49901F	
R791	321-0344-00			RES.,FXD,FILM:37.4K OHM,1%,0.125W	91637	MFF1816G37401F	
R792	315-0154-00			RES.,FXD,CMPSN:150K OHM,5%,0.25W	01121	CB1545	
R793	321-0344-00			RES.,FXD,FILM:37.4K OHM.1%.0.125W	91637	MFF1816G37401F	
B794	315-0154-00			BES., FXD.CMPSN: 150K OHM.5%.0.25W	01121	CB1545	
B821	315-0510-00			BES_EXD_CMPSN:51_OHM 5% 0.25W	01121	CB5105	
B832	315-0150-00			BES, EXD CMPSN 15 OHM 5% 0.25W	01121	CB1505	
R841	321-0260-00			BES EXD FILM:4 99K OHM 1% 0 125W	91637	MFF1816G49900F	
	021 0200 00				0.007		
R842	321-0289-03			BES, EXD FILM:10K OHM 0.25% 0.125W	91637	MEE1816D10001C	
R844	315-0101-00			BES_EXD_CMPSN:100_OHM 5% 0.25W	01121	CB1015	
11044	313-0101-00			1123.,1 XD,001 311.100 0110,3 /0,0.231	01121	OBIOID	
\$20	263 0016 03			SWITCH PRIASSY A CATCH 7 5MM 6 CONTACTS	80009	263.0016-03	
\$50	263 0015 00			SWITCH PB ASSY:3 LATCHING 7.5 MM	80009	263.0015-00	
500	263 0010 02			SWITCH PRASSY:1 DUSH 7 5MM 1 CONTACT	80009	263 0010 02	
330	203-0010-02			SWITCHT B ASST. I FOSH, 7.5MM, T CONTACT	00005	203-0010-02	
S140	211 1102 00			DES VAD NONWID: 10K OHM 20% 1W M/SW	71500	BA 222 001	
S140	262 0015 01				80000	262 0015 01	
5200	203-0015-01			SWITCH PD ASST.3 LATCHING,7.3 MIN,5 CONTACT	80009	203-0015-01	
5230	203-0010-02			SWITCH, PD ASST.3 LCH & T CANC, 7.5WIW, 5 CONT	10607	203-0010-02	
5295	311-1322-00			RES., VAR, NONWIR: 5K OHM, 10%, 1W	12097	381-CM39701	
5460	260-1771-00			SWITCH, PUSH: DPDT, 1 BUTTON, 2 POLE	80009	260-1771-00	
5725	311-1590-00			RES.,VAR,NONWIR:TUK OHM,TU%,TW	12097	CM40256	
0705							
5725				(FURNISHED AS A UNIT WITH R725)	00000	000 1100 00	
2800	263-1166-00			SW,CAM,ACTR AS:TIME/CM	80009	263-1166-00	
T4	400 0444 00					100 0111 00	
11	120-0444-00			XFMR, IOROID:5 TURNS, BIFILAR	80009	120-0444-00	
012	156-0105-00			MICROCIRCUIT, LI: OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIER	27014	LM301AN	
038	156-1149-00			MICROCIRCUIT, LI: OPERATIONAL AMP, JFET INPUT	27014	GLEA134	
U64	156-0158-00			MICROCIRCUIT, LI: DUAL OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIER	18324	MC1458N	
U110	156-1149-00			MICROCIRCUIT, LI: OPERATIONAL AMP, JFET INPUT	27014	GLEA134	
U124	155-0160-00			MICROCIRCUIT, LI: TRIGGER AMPL/CHANNEL SW	80009	155-0160-00	
U138	156-0158-00			MICROCIRCUIT, LI: DUAL OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIER	18324	MC1458N	
U144	155-0150-00			MICROCIRCUIT, DI: TRIGGER	80009	155-0150-00	
U220	155-0049-02			MICROCIRCUIT, DI:SWEEP CONTROL, W/LOCKOUT	80009	155-0049-02	
U250	156-0118-03			MICROCIRCUIT, DI:1 DUAL J-K FF, BURN-IN	01295	SN74S112JP3	
U314	156-1149-00			MICROCIRCUIT, LI: OPERATIONAL AMP, JFET INPUT	27014	GLEA134	
U386	156-0067-02			MICROCIRCUIT, LI: OPNL AMPLIFIER, SELECTED	80009	156-0067-02	
U530	156-0158-07			MICROCIRCUIT, LI: DUAL OPNL AMPL, SCREENED	01295	MC1458JG4	
U556	156-0158-07			MICROCIRCUIT, LI: DUAL OPNL AMPL, SCREENED	01295	MC1458JG4	
U608	156-1149-01			MICROCIRCUIT.LI:OPER AMPL.JEET.BURN-IN	27014	GI EA134/A+	

Code	Mfr Part Number
ER.SEL 01295	LM301AJG4
E.SCRN 01295	SN7400(NP3 OR JP
LTMETER 80009	155-0185-00
CTED 80009	156-0067-02
14552	TD3810980
04713	SZG35009K20
14552	TD332317
14552	TD332317
14552	TD3810980
80009	152 0280 00
2	TED 80009 14552 04713 14552 14552 14552 14552

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## **DIAGRAMS AND CIRCUIT BOARD ILLUSTRATIONS**

#### Symbols and Reference Designators

Electrical components shown on the diagrams are in the following units unless noted otherwise:

Capacitors = Values one or greater are in picofarads (pF).

Values less than one are in microfarads ( $\mu$ F).

Resistors = Ohms  $(\Omega)$ .

Graphic symbols and class designation letters are based on ANSI Standard Y32.2-1975.

Logic symbology is based on ANSI Y32.14-1973 in terms of positive logic. Logic symbols depict the logic function performed and may differ from the manufacturer's data.

The overline on a signal name indicates that the signal performs its intended function when it goes to the low state. Abbreviations are based on ANSI Y1.1-1972.

Other ANSI standards that are used in the preparation of diagrams by Tektronix, Inc. are:

Y14.15, 1966 Drafting Practices.

Y14.2, 1973	Line Conventions and Lettering.
Y10.5, 1968	Letter Symbols for Quantities Used in Electrical Science and
	Electrical Engineering.

The following prefix letters are used as reference designators to identify components or assemblies on the diagrams.



Maintenance-7B15



Figure 4-2. Semiconductor lead configuration.





2318-64 REV MAY 1981

FRONT PANEL WIRING

FRONT PANEL WIRING



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7B15



Figure 8-3.	A1-Interface	circuit b	board	assembly
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NO	GRID CODRD	CKT NO	GRID COORD	CKT ND	GRID COORD	CKT NO	GRID COORD	CKT NO	GRID CODRD	CKT NO	GRID CODAD	CKT ND	GRID COORD	CKT NO	GRID COORD	CKT NO	GRID COORD	CKT ND	GRID COORD	
204	4K	C526	18	E274 +	50	0214	21	0522	2D	R227	4K	R334	2F	R394	4G	R459	ZD	R561	10	
211	31	C573	1D	E425 .	58	0230	3K	0529	2E	R228	3J	R335	2F	R395	4H	R460	4D	R562	2D	
212	5J	C574	5E	JI	38	0234	3K	0562	10	R230	3.1	R336	2F	R396	4G	R461	3E	R563	20	
213	51	C576	5C	J2	28	0242	3K	D564	2D	R231	3K	R337	2F	R397	4G	R462	3E	R564	10	
214	5J	C795	48	J100	1H	0270	21	0568	2D	8232	4K	A338	3F	R398	4G	R464	3D	R567	20	
215	41	CB10	38	J200	31	0272	50	0572	4C	R233	4K	R341	2G	R399	41	R465	4D	R570	4C	
221	3J	C820	3C	J300	2K	0274	50	0574	4D	R234	4K	R342	2G	R401	2G	R466	30	R571	46	
222	51	C821	4C	J400	5J	0322	3G	0576	50	R240	2K	R343	2G	R402	2F	R468	30	R572	4C	
225	2J	CB30	3B	J500	5J	0324	3G	0578	5C	R241	3К	R344	2G	R403	1F	R469	4D	R573	2D	
228	2J	C840	2C	L462	38	0328	5F	0844	2J	R242	3K	R345	2G	R404	2G	R470	20	R574	40	
230	3J	C844	2J	L485	30	0336	25			R243	2K	R352	2H	R405	1G	R471	3C	R575	5C	
:302	11	1.	650	L577	4C	0342	2G	R2	48	R244	2K	R353	2H	R4D6	1F	R472	30	R576	4D	
315	3H	CR2D2	4K	1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.	1000	0354	2H	R201	4K	R271	4J	R 354	2H	R409	3K	R474	30	R577	40	
322	2G	CR206	ЗК	LRB1D	38	0356	2H	R202	4K	8272	50	R358	2G	R410	3K	R475	3D	R578	48	*See Parts List
323	3G	CR208	3K	LR820	38	0372	2F	R203	4K	R273	SE	R357	2G	R415	4J	R476	3C	R579	4D	serial number r
324	5F	CR224	2J	LRB30	38	Q37B	2G	R204	3K	R274	5E	R358	2H	A419	48	H480	1F	R821	4C	
338	2F	CR225	2J	LR840	28	0402	2G	R205	4K	R275	4A	R359	2H	8421	48	H482	2E	R832	1.1	
352	2G	CR226	3J	0.000	125	0406	2G	R206	3K	R301	1H	8361	3G	R422	48	R483	3D	R841	2J	
361	2G	CR303	2H	P1	28	0410	3K	R207	3K	R302	21	R362	3G	R425	48	R485	36	<b>RB42</b>	2.1	
382	3G	CR304	1H	P2	28	0415	4.1	R208	3K	R303	1H	R363	3G	R426	48	R491	30	R844	2.1	
364	3F	CR336	2E	P3	28	Q42D	48	R209	21	R304	11	R384	4F	R431	2E	R492	3D			
385	4G	CR337	2F	P8	38	0425	5B	R211	11	R305	1F	R371	2G	R432	2C	R494	30	S230	2K	
366	3F	CR345	3H	R210	3L	0434	2C	R212	21	R306	1H	R373	ЗF	R433	20	R495	30	S460	20	
371	2G	CR375	2F	P230	4L	0438	2C	R213	31	R310	1F	A375	2F	R434	18	R496	3C	S800	3G	
376	3F	CR406	2G	P301	RL	0454	20	R214	21	R312	TH.	R376	28	R435	1C	R514	1E	1000	2352	
386	4E	CR415	41	P482	4L	0458	20	R215	31	R313	18	R377	2F	R438	2B	R518	1E	TI	38	
388	4D	CR420	48	P810	IK	0460	tt	R216	21	R315	4E	R383	46	R439	2B	R522	2E	TP476	3F	
405	2G	CR434	18	P820	1K	0464	4D	R217	21	R316	1.1	R384	4E	R451	2B	R524	2E	U220	2.1	
409	3K	CR452	28			Q468	40	R218	21	R321	ЗН	R385	4E	R452	2E	R526	18	U314	31	
457	2C	CR455	20	0201	41	0476	30	R219	21	R322	ЗН	R388	4E	R454	30	R527	2E	U388	46	
461	3E	CR465	40	0202	4K	0484	30	R222	51	R323	36	R388	4D	R455	2E	R528	28	UB42	2.J	
522	16	CR526	16	0203	4J	0496	30	R224	3.J	8328	SF	R391	41	R456	2C	R542	10	a construction of the second	1.5	
523	16	CR567	10	0204	3K	0512	10	R225	4K	R332	2F	R392	411	R457	2C	R543	1C	VR317	21	
	10.0	CB574	40	0206	3L	0518	15	B226	21	8333	25	8393	4H	R458	30	8560	ID	104933-000	2.2	

tt Mounted on S460

**REV JUN 1983** 



Figure 8-4. A2-Trigger circuit board assembly.

CKT NO	GRID COORD	CKT NO	GRID COORD	CKT NO	GRID COORD	CKT NO	GRID COORD	CKT NO	GRID COOR
-						R93	48		
C3	50	GND	3D	R22	1C	R94	48	R162	2F
C5	4D			A23	1D	R95	48	R164	1F
C7	5E	JIO	20	R24	1C	R96	38	R173	2F
C10	2C	J20	10	R34	3C	R97	4C	R174	16
C37	3C	J200	18	R35	38	R106	5C	R182	2F
C41	3B	J300	2C	R36	3C	R107	5C	B183	16
C42	3B	J400	5D	R37	30	R110	4C	R184	2F
C43	3A			R38	38	8114	40	R195	1E
C61	48	L3	5D	R39	2C	R117	40	1000 - 100 -	
C63	5E	L5	4E	R42	34	R118	30	S20	4A
C64	4A	L7	5E	R43	3A	R131	1E	550	1B
C65	30	0.0206	1.51	R63	3A	R132	10	0.00000	
C90	48	LR69	3C	864	4A	R133	1E	TP138	2D
C95	44	L888	4C	R65	38	R134	30	1P144	3E
C98	4G			R66	48	R135	3D	TPGND	3D
C108	4C	P140	2B	R67	4B	R138	20		
C113	4C			R68	3C	8139	20	U12	1C
C114	38	098	4C	R69	30	R141	28	U38	38
C117	4C	0108	4C	R71	4D	R142	3D	U64	4A
C133	3E	Q114	4C	R72	5D	R143	38	U110	4C
C144	2E	0118	4C	R74	4C	R144	38	U124	3C
C183	16	0142	38	A76	5C	R146	2F	U138	10
C184	1E	Q160	1F	877	50	R147	2F	U144	2E
0074	AC	0164	1F	R79	30	R148	25		
C976	AC	Q174	2F	R84	2D	R154	30	VR118	AC
0977	40	Q184	1F	R85	40	R155	4D	VR134	30
CRIDA	20			R86	2B	<b>R158</b>	20	VR154	30
CDIAS	20	B10	2D	890	4C	R159	20	121122	
CH143	30	R12	20	RSIT	48	R160	1F		
F90	48	R20	10	R92	58	R161	2F		





The voltages and waveforms shown were obtained with the controls set as follows:

TIME/DIV, 1 ms; VARIABLE (CAL IN), knob in; MAG X1 (button in); HOLD OFF, fully counterclockwise; SWP CAL, midranged; POSITION, midranged; TRIGGERING: LEVEL, midranged; MODE, AUTO; COUPLING, AC; SOURCE, EXT; SLOPE, +; EXT TRIG IN, IN (1 MΩ); B DELAY MODE, B STARTS AFTER DLY; DELAY TIME, fully counterclockwise; TIME, fully clockwise; TRACE SEP, fully counterclockwise.

Voltage Conditions. The voltages shown on the diagram were obtained using a digital multimeter with a 1 M $\Omega$  input impedance (Tektronix DM 501 Digital Multimeter or Tektronix 7D13 Digital Multimeter used with readout equipped, 7000-series oscilloscope).

Waveform Conditions. The waveforms shown below were obtained using a test oscilloscope system with 1 M $\Omega$  input impedance and at least 15 MHz bandwidth (Tektronix 7603 Oscilloscope, 7B53A Time Base, and 7A13 Differential Comparator equipped with 10X probe). A 4 volt, 1 kHz square wave signal was fed to the EXT TRIG IN connector.









2.		
200 mV	5 ms	
	3.7	v

21





1.0







TRIGGER GENERATOR





Figure 8-5. A 3-Readout circuit board assembly.

	CKT NO	GRID COORD	CKT NO	GRID COORD
1	CR725	2G	R761	2F
	CR751	28	R762	2F
	CR752	2B	R763	2H
1	CR753	28	R764	2F
	CR754	28	R771	2D
	CR763	2F	R772	2D
ł	CR772	2D	R773	2D
	CR773	2D	R779	2C
	CR782	2D	R781	2C
	CR783	2D	R782	2D
	CR785	2A	R783	2D
	CR786	2A	R784	2C
1			R785	2A
	P21	1H	R786	2A
			R787	2C
	R725	2H	R791	2E
	R751	28	R792	2E
	R762	2A	R793	2E
	R753	28	R794	2E
	R754	28		1.1
	R755	28	\$725	1F
	R756	2C	S800	1C
	R757	2C		

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Figure 8-6. A 4-Digital Voltmeter circuit board assembly.



IO	GRID COORD	CKT NO	GRID COORD	CKT NO	GRID COORD	CKT NO	GRID COORD	CKT NO	GRID COORD
		Services	1809	and the second second	102	Sec. all		900.65a	31523
255	4E	CR548	3E	Q582	2F	R510	2F	R631	2F
263	5E	CR632	16	0592	3F	R513	2E	R632	1 F
:520	2G	CR634	2E	Q618	1F	R515	2G	R636	4E
:532	2G	CR635	IE	Q644	20	8521	2F	R637	3C
556 •	2G	CR643	2D		124	R523	2E	R644	20
:608	2E			R248	48	R531	2G	R653	48
:626	2E	J100	10	R249	3F	R532	2G	R654	4C
627 •	ЗE	J500	5F	R250	4F	R533	2G	R655	20
630	1H			R251	4F	R534	2G	R672	5C
:686	4E	L691	48	R253	3F	R535	2G	R674	5C
687	3D	L694	48	R254	3F	R536	2G	R676	4E
:691	4C		1000	R255	4E	R537	1G	R678	4E
:692	4C	P295	4G	R261	5F	R541	46.	R681	4E
:693	4E	P32	4A	R263	4F	R544	3F	R682	4E
:694	48	P33	4A	8264	4F	R546	25	R683	4C
R248	2F	P38	3G	R280	4H	R547	35	R687	30
R250	3F	P530	2H	R281	3F	8548	3E	11.11.11.11.11.11.11.11.11.11.11.11.11.	
A252	4F			R282	3F	R552	16	S205	3G
R254	4F	0252	4F	R283	бH	A554	2F		
A255	4H	Q254	3F	R284	5F	R555	2F	U250	4G
R256	5H	Q262	5F	R285	3G	R582	2F	U530	IG
R264	4F	0264	4F	R286	5H	R592	2F	U556	1G
R286	4H	0262	38	R287	25	R616	1F	U608	26
8288	4F	0284	5G	R288	36	R617	1E	U626	1 E.
R291	5H	0288	38	R291	5H	R620	3E	U862	4C
8292	4G	0292	4G	R292	4G	R621	2E	0686	40
R293	46	0294	4G	R293	4H	R622	3E	10000	
R294	414	0534	20	8294	414	8623	10	VRE44	20
8296	2H	0536	16	8296	4H	B624	20		
9296	4H	0546	36	8297	414	8625	30		
:R543	38	Q548	38	8509	28	R626	20		

\*See Parts List for serial number ranges.

## VOLTAGE AND WAVEFORM CONDITIONS

The voltages and waveforms shown were obtained with the controls set as follows:

TIME/DIV, 1 ms; VARIABLE (CAL IN), knob in; MAG X1 (button in); HOLD OFF, fully counterclockwise; SWP CAL, midranged; POSITION, midranged; TRIGGERING: LEVEL, midranged; MODE, AUTO; COUPLING, AC; SOURCE, EXT; SLOPE, +; EXT TRIG IN, IN (1 MΩ); B DELAY MODE, B STARTS AFTER DLY; DELAY TIME, fully counterclockwise; TIME, fully clockwise; TRACE SEP, fully counterclockwise.

**Voltage Conditions.** The voltages shown on the diagram were obtained using a digital multimeter with a 1 M $\Omega$  input impedance (Tektronix DM 501 Digital Multimeter or Tektronix 7D13 Digital Multimeter used with readout equipped, 7000-series oscilloscope).

Waveform Conditions. The waveforms shown below were obtained using a test oscilloscope system with 1 M $\Omega$  input impedance and at least 15 MHz bandwidth (Tektronix Oscilloscope, 7B53A Time Base, and 7A13 Differential Comparator equipped with 10X probe). A 4 volt, 1 kHz square wave signal was fed to the EXT TRIG IN connector.





















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7B15

LOGIC



LOGIC

## VOLTAGE AND WAVEFORM CONDITIONS

The voltages and waveforms shown were obtained with the controls set as follows:

TIME/DIV, 1 ms; VARIABLE (CAL IN), knob in; MAG X1 (button in); HOLD OFF, fully counterclockwise; SWP CAL, midranged; POSITION, midranged; TRIGGERING: LEVEL, midranged; MODE, AUTO; COUPLING, AC; SOURCE, EXT; SLOPE, +; EXT TRIG IN, IN (1 M  $\Omega$ ); B DELAY MODE, B STARTS AFTER DLY; DELAY TIME, fully counterclockwise; TIME, fully clockwise; TRACE SEP, fully counterclockwise.

Voltage Conditions. The voltages shown on the diagram were obtained using a digital multimeter with a 1 MΩ input impedance (Tektronix DM 501 Digital Multimeter or Tektronix 7D13 Digital Multimeter used with readout equipped, 7000-series oscilloscope).

Waveform Conditions. The waveforms shown below were obtained using a test oscilloscope system with 1 MΩ input impedance and at least 15 MHz bandwidth (Tektronix 7603 Oscilloscope, 7B53A Time Base, and 7A13 Differential Comparator equipped with 10X probe).



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7B15

SWEEP GENERATOR

 $\diamond$ 

# VOLTAGE AND WAVEFORM CONDITIONS

The voltages and waveforms shown were obtained with the controls set as follows:

TIME/DIV, 1 ms; VARIABLE (CAL IN), knob in; MAG X1 (button in); HOLD OFF, fully counterclockwise; SWP CAL, midranged; POSITION, midranged; TRIGGERING: LEVEL, midranged; MODE, AUTO; COUPLING, AC; SOURCE, EXT; SLOPE, +; EXT TRIG IN, IN (1 MΩ); B DELAY MODE, B STARTS AFTER DLY; DELAY TIME, fully counterclockwise; TIME, fully clockwise; TRACE SEP, fully counterclockwise.

**Voltage Conditions.** The voltages shown on the diagram were obtained using a digital multimeter with a 1 M $\Omega$  input impedance (Tektronix DM 501 Digital Multimeter or Tektronix 7D13 Digital Multimeter used with readout equipped, 7000-series Oscilloscope).

Waveform Conditions. The waveforms shown below were obtained using a test oscilloscope system with 1 M $\Omega$  input impedance and at least 15 MHz bandwidth (Tektronix Oscilloscope, 7B53A Time Base, and 7A13 Differential Comparator equipped with 10X probe). A 4 volt, 1 kHz square wave signal was fed to the EXT TRIG IN connector.













# VOLTAGE AND WAVEFORM CONDITIONS

The voltages and waveforms shown were obtained with the controls set as follows:

TIME/DIV, 1 ms; VARIABLE (CAL IN), knob in; MAG X1 (button in); HOLD OFF, fully counterclockwise; SWP CAL, midranged; POSITION, midranged; TRIGGERING: LEVEL, midranged; MODE, AUTO; COUPLING, AC; SOURCE, EXT; **SL**OPE, +; EXT TRIG IN, IN (1 MΩ); B DELAY MODE, B STARTS AFTER DLY; DELAY TIME, fully counterclockwise; TIME, fully clockwise; TRACE SEP, fully counterclockwise.

Voltage Conditions. The voltages shown on the diagram were obtained using a digital multimeter with a 1 M  $\Omega$  input impedance (Tektronix DM 501 Digital Multimeter or Tektronix 7D13 Digital Multimeter used with readout equipped, series oscilloscope).

Waveform Conditions. The waveforms shown below were obtained using a test oscilloscope system with 1 M $\Omega$  input impedance and at least 15 MHz bandwidth (Tektronix 7603 Oscilloscope, 7853A Time Base, and 7A13 Differential Comparator equipped with 10X probe). A 4 volt, 1 kHz square wave signal was fed to the EXT TRIG IN connector.









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3			
54	U686		DIGITAL VOLTMETER
astrian	ang		
RT	IAL A4 DVM BD		
M	ETER (DVM) 🎸		



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AND POWER SUPPLY

#### TROUBLESHOOTING CHART INSTRUCTIONS:

1. Proceed down the left side of chart until the instrument does not perform as indicated. Then proceed to the right as the symptom(s) indicates.

2. Follow the path(s) of symptoms until a shaded block is reached. The shaded block indicates the circuit(s) that may cause instrument malfunction. Refer to the Theory of Operation section for a detailed discussion of the circuit(s).

NOTE

The upper case titles in shaded blocks are the same titles as used in the Theory of Operation section and on tabs in the diagrams section.









TEST POINT AND ADJUSTMENT LOCATIONS

7B15

## REPLACEABLE **MECHANICAL PARTS**

### PARTS ORDERING INFORMATION

Replacement parts are available from or through your local Tektronix, Inc. Field Office or representative.

Changes to Tektronix instruments are sometimes made to accommodate improved components as they become available, and to give you the benefit of the latest circuit improvements developed in our engineering department. It is therefore important, when ordering parts, to include the following information in your order: Part number, instrument type or number, serial number, and modification number if applicable.

If a part you have ordered has been replaced with a new or improved part, your local Tektronix, Inc. Field Office or representative will contact you concerning any change in part number.

Change information, if any, is located at the rear of this manual.

#### SPECIAL NOTES AND SYMBOLS

X000 Part first added at this serial number

00X Part removed after this serial number

### FIGURE AND INDEX NUMBERS

Items in this section are referenced by figure and index numbers to the illustrations.

ELCTRN

EPL

EXT

FIL

FLEX

FLH

FR

FT

FXD

GSKT

HDL

HEX

нν

IC ID

FLTR

EQPT

### **INDENTATION SYSTEM**

This mechanical parts list is indented to indicate item relationships. Following is an example of the indentation system used in the description column.

1 2 3 4 5

Name & Description

Assembly and/or Component Attaching parts for Assembly and/or Component . . . \* . . .

Detail Part of Assembly and/or Component Attaching parts for Detail Part ---\*---

Parts of Detail Part Attaching parts for Parts of Detail Part ---\*---

Attaching Parts always appear in the same indentation as the item it mounts, while the detail parts are indented to the right. Indented items are part of, and included with, the next higher indentation. The separation symbol - - - \* - - - indicates the end of attaching parts.

Attaching parts must be purchased separately, unless otherwise specified.

#### **ITEM NAME**

In the Parts List, an Item Name is separated from the description by a colon (:). Because of space limitations, an Item Name may sometimes appear as incomplete. For further Item Name identification, the U.S. Federal Cataloging Handbook H6-1 can be utilized where possible.

## ABBREVIATIONS

IN

INTL

NIP

OBD

OVH

OD

PL

PN

PNH

PWR

RES

SCB

INCH NUMBER SIZE ACTR ACTUATOR ADAPTER ADPTR ALIGN ALIGNMENT ALUMINUM AI ASSEM ASSEMBLED ASSEMBLY ASSY ATTEN ATTENUATOR AMERICAN WIRE GAGE AWG BD BOARD BRKT BRACKET BRS BRASS BRONZE BB7 BUSHING BSHG CABINET САВ CAPACITOR CAP CER CHAS CHASSIS СКТ CIRCUIT COMP COMPOSITION CONNECTOR CONN cov COVER CPLG COUPLING CRT CATHODE RAY TUBE DEG DEGREE DWR DRAWER

ELEC ELECTRICAL FLCTLT **ELECTROLYTIC** ELEM ELEMENT ELECTRICAL PARTS LIST EQUIPMENT EXTERNAL FILLISTER HEAD FLEXIBLE FLAT HEAD FILTER FRAME or FRONT FSTNR FASTENER FOOT FIXED GASKET HANDLE HEXAGON HEX HD HEXAGONAL HEAD HEX SOC HEXAGONAL SOCKET HELICAL COMPRESSION HI CPS HELICAL EXTENSION HLEXT HIGH VOLTAGE INTEGRATED CIRCUIT INSIDE DIAMETER IDENT IDENTIFICATION IMPLR IMPELLER

ELECTRON

INCH INCAND INCANDESCENT INSULATOR INSUL INTERNAL LPHLDR LAMPHOLDER MACH MACHINE MECHANICAL MECH MTG MOUNTING NIPPLE NOT WIRE WOUND NON WIRE ORDER BY DESCRIPTION OUTSIDE DIAMETER OVAL HEAD PHOSPHOR BRONZE PH BBZ PLAIN or PLATE PLSTC PLASTIC PART NUMBER PAN HEAD POWER RECEPTACLE RCPT RESISTOR RIGID RGD RLF RTNR RELIEF RETAINER SCH SOCKET HEAD SCOPE OSCILLOSCOPE SCREW

SINGLE END SE SECT SECTION SEMICOND SEMICONDUCTOR SHLD SHIELD SHLDR SHOULDERED SOCKET SKT SLIDE SL SLFLKG SELF-LOCKING SLEEVING SPRING SLVG SPR SQUARE sq STAINLESS STEEL SST STEEL STL SWITCH sw TUBE TERMINAL TERM THREAD THD тніск тнк TNSN TENSION TAPPING TPG TRH TRUSS HEAD VOLTAGE VAR VARIABLE WITH W/ WSHR WASHER XFMR TRANSFORMER XSTR TRANSISTOR

#

## CROSS INDEX—MFR. CODE NUMBER TO MANUFACTURER

Mfr. Code	Manufacturer	Address	City, State, Zip
000CY	NORTHWEST FASTENER SALES, INC.	7923 SW CIRRUS DRIVE	BEAVERTON, OR 97005
000EX	O'HARA METAL PRODUCT COMPANY	542 BRANNAN STREET	SAN FRANCISCO, CA 94107
01536	CAMCAR DIV OF TEXTRON INC. SEMS		
	PRODUCTS UNIT	1818 CHRISTINA ST.	ROCKFORD, IL 61108
07707	USM CORP., USM FASTENER DIV.	510 RIVER RD.	SHELTON, CT 06484
08261	SPECTRA-STRIP CORP.	7100 LAMPSON AVE.	GARDEN GROVE, CA 92642
09922	BURNDY CORPORATION	RICHARDS AVENUE	NORWALK, CT 06852
22526	BERG ELECTRONICS, INC.	YOUK EXPRESSWAY	NEW CUMBERLAND, PA 17070
22599	ESNA, DIV. OF AMERACE CORPORATION	16150 STAGG STREET	VAN NUYS, CA 91409
24931	SPECIALITY CONNECTOR CO., INC.	2620 ENDRESS PLACE	GREENWOOD, IN 46142
46384	PENN ENGINEERING AND MFG. CORP.	P O BOX 311	DOYLESTOWN, PA 18901
57668	R-OHM CORP.	16931 MILLIKEN AVE.	IRVINE, CA 92713
71590	CENTRALAB ELECTRONICS, DIV. OF		
	GLOBE-UNION, INC.	P O BOX 858	FORT DODGE, IA 50501
71785	TRW, CINCH CONNECTORS	1501 MORSE AVENUE	ELK GROVE VILLAGE, IL 60007
73743	FISCHER SPECIAL MFG. CO.	446 MORGAN ST.	CINCINNATI, OH 45206
73803	TEXAS INSTRUMENTS, INC., METALLURGICAL		
	MATERIALS DIV.	34 FOREST STREET	ATTLEBORO, MA 02703
74445	HOLO-KROME CO.	31 BROOK ST. WEST	HARTFORD, CT 06110
78189	ILLINOIS TOOL WORKS, INC.		
	SHAKEPROOF DIVISION	ST. CHARLES ROAD	ELGIN, IL 60120
79136	WALDES, KOHINOOR, INC.	47-16 AUSTEL PLACE	LONG ISLAND CITY, NY 11101
79807	WROUGHT WASHER MFG. CO.	2100 S. O BAY ST.	MILWAUKEE, WI 53207
80009	TEKTRONIX, INC.	P O BOX 500	BEAVERTON, OR 97077
83385	CENTRAL SCREW CO.	2530 CRESCENT DR.	BROADVIEW, IL 60153
87308	N. L. INDUSTRIES, INC., SOUTHERN SCREW		
	DIV.	P. O. BOX 1360	STATESVILLE NC 28677
92101	SCHULZE MEG. 50 INGOLD RD		
	BURLINGAME, CA 94010		
93907	TEXTRON INC. CAMCAR DIV	600 18TH AVE	BOCKFORD, IL 61101

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Index	lektronix	Serial/Mo	del NO.			Mir	
No.	Part No.	Eff	Dscont	Qty	1 2 3 4 5 Name & Description	Code	Mfr Part Numb
				-			
2.2	007 1004 04	D010100	D000400	•		00000	007 1064 00
1-1	337-1064-04	8010100	B032490	2	SHIELD, ELEC: SIDE PLUG-IN UNITS	80009	337-1004-00
	337-1064-12	B032491		2	SHIELD, ELEC: SIDE FOR PLUG-IN UNIT	80009	337-1064-12
-2	366-1391-02			1	KNOB:GY,0.081 ID,0.28 OD,0.32 L	80009	366-1391-02
	213-0725-00			1	SETSCREW:3-48 X 0.095 INCH HEX SOC S	74445	OBD
2	266 1210 02			4		90009	266 1210 02
-0	010-1019-02					74445	000-1019-02
	213-0/25-00			1	SETSCREW:3-48 X 0.095 INCH, HEX SOC S	/4445	OBD
-4	366-1077-00			2	KNOB:GRAY	80009	366-1077-00
	213-0153-00			2	SETSCREW:5-40 X 0.125.STL BK OXD.HEX	000CY	OBD
5	366-1189-00			2	KNOB	80009	366-1189-00
-0	010 0150 00			-		00000	000-1103-00
	213-0153-00			2	SEISCREW:5-40 X 0.125,STL BK OXD,HEX	UUUCY	OBD
-6	366-1058-75			1	KNOB:LATCH,MARKED 7B15	80009	366-1058-75
					""""" (ATTACHING PARTS)		
-7	214-1095-00			1	PIN SPG SPLIT:0.094 OD X 0.187 INCH LONG	22599	52-022-094-0187
	2141000-00				""""""""""""""""""""""""""""""""""""""	LLOUD	
					(END ATTACHING FARTS)		
-8	366-1023-01			1	KNOB:GY,0.127 ID X 0.392 OD X 0.	80009	366-1023-01
	213-0153-00			1	.SETSCREW:5-40 X 0.125,STL BK OXD,HEX	000CY	OBD
.9	366-1166-00			1	KNOB-BED 0 127 ID X 0 392 OD	80009	366-1166-00
-	012 0152 00				SETSCOEW 5 40 Y 0 125 STL BK OVD HEY	00000	OPD
	213-0153-00				SEISCHEW.S-40 A U.123,STL BK UAD,HEA	00004	
-10	366-1103-00			1	KNOB:GRAY	80009	366-1103-00
	213-0153-00			2	.SETSCREW:5-40 X 0.125,STL BK OXD,HEX	000CY	OBD
11	366-1023-01			1	KNOB: GY 0.127 ID X 0.392 OD X 0	80009	366-1023-01
- C.	010 0150 00			1	SETSCOEWIE ANY O 125 STL BY AVD HEY	00000	ORD
	213-0153-00			1	SCISCHEWS-40 X U.123,STL BK UXD,HEX	UUUCY	UBD COD
-12	366-1257-93			1	PUSH BUTTON: + 10 MAG	80009	366-1257-93
-13	366-1559-00			1	PUSH BUTTON: SIL GY,0.18 SQ X 0.43	80009	366-1559-00
14	426-0681-00			1	ER PUSH BUTTON GRAY PLASTIC	80009	426-0681-00
	400 1070 00					00000	400 1070 00
-15	426-10/2-00			1	FRAME, PUSH BIN: PLASTIC	80003	426-10/2-00
-16	131-1315-01			1	CONN, RCPT, ELEC: BNC, FEMALE	24931	OBD
-17	210-0012-00			1	WASHER,LOCK:INTL,0.384 ID,INTL,0.022 TH	78189	1220-02-00-05410
19	105 0076 02	B010100	B031839	1	REL BAR LATCH PLUG IN LINIT	80009	105-0076-02
-18 -19 -20	105-0070-02	0010100	0001000			00000	105-0070-02
	105-0076-04	B031840		1	RELEASE BAR, LCH: PLUG-IN UNIT	80009	105-0076-04
	214-1280-00			1	SPRING, HLCPS: 0.14 OD X 1.126"L, 0.16" DIA	80009	214-1280-00
	333-1213-12			1	PANEL, FRONT:	80009	333-1213-12
21	379 0074 00			7	REELECTOR LIGHT PUSH BUTTON	80008	378 0074 00
-21	378-0074-00			<u>'</u>	REFLECTOR, LIGHT. FUSH BUTTON	00009	378-0074-00
-22	366-1650-00			/	PUSH BUTTON: CLEAR, 0.184 X 0.214 X 8.0 L	80009	360-1650-00
-23	351-0469-00			2	GUIDE,SWITCH:4 BUTTON	80009	351-0469-00
-24	351-0469-01			2	GUIDE.SWITCH:3 BUTTON	80009	351-0469-01
25	200 0025 00			4	RASELAMPHOLDER 0 29 OD Y 0 19 CASE	80009	200 0935 00
-25	200-0935-00			-	BASE,LAMPHOLDER.U.29 OD X 0.19 CASE	00009	200-0535-00
-26	352-0157-00			2	LAMPHOLDER: WHITE PLASTIC	80009	352-0157-00
-27				1	RESISTOR, VAR: (SEE R140 AND S140 REPL)		
00	010 0592 00			4	NUT BLAIN HEY O 25 22 Y O 212 INCH BBS	72742	9100017 400
-20	210-0505-00			1	NUT, FLAIN, NEX. 0.25-52 X 0.512 INCH, BRS	73743	2420317-402
	210-0940-00	B032436		2	WASHER, FLAT: 0.25 ID X 0.375 INCH OD, STL	79807	OBD
					"""""(END ATTACHING PARTS)"""""		
29				1	RESISTOR VAR (SEE B380A AND B REPL)		
					(ATTACHING PARTS)		
-30	210-0583-00			2	NUT, PLAIN, HEX: 0.25-32 X 0.312 INCH, BRS	73743	2X20317-402
-31	210-0046-00			1	WASHER,LOCK:0.261 ID,INTL,0.018 THK,BRS	78189	1214-05-00-05410
					(END ATTACHING PARTS)		
20				2	RESISTOR VAR SEE READ AND READ REDIN		
-32				2	REDIDION, VAR. (DEE NOZU AND ROOU HEFL)		
					"""" (ATTACHING PARTS)		
-33	210-0583-00	B010100	B032435	4	NUT, PLAIN, HEX: 0.25-32 X 0.312 INCH, BRS	73743	2X20317-402
	210-0583-00	B032436		2	NUT PLAIN HEY 0 25-32 X 0 312 INCH BBS	73743	2220317-402
	210-0003-00	0002400	0000405	2		70/40	1014 05 00 05 41
-34	210-0046-00	B010100	B032435	2	WASHER,LOCK:0.261 ID,INTL,0.018 THK,BRS	78189	1214-05-00-05410
	210-0076-00	B032436		2	WASHER,LOCK:0.255 ID SPLIT,0.065 THK,ST	80009	210-0076-00
					(END ATTACHING PARTS)		
35	Color and the			1	RESISTOR VAR (SEE POID DEDI )		
-00				1	HEORION, VAN. (SEE HEIV HEFL)		
					(ATTACHING PARTS)		
-36	210-0583-00			2	NUT, PLAIN, HEX: 0.25-32 X 0.312 INCH, BRS	73743	2X20317-402
-38	210-0046-00			3	WASHER,LOCK:0.261 ID.INTL 0.018 THK BRS	78189	1214-05-00-05410
	-10-00-00				MANA ATTACHING DADTONING	10105	
					(END ATTACHING PARTS)		
-38				1	RESISTOR, VAR: (SEE R295 REPL)		
					(ATTACHING PARTS)		
20	210 0592 00			1	NUT DI AIN HEY O 25 22 Y O 212 INCH DDC	70740	2820217 402
-39	210-0583-00			-		/3/43	2420317-402
-40	210-0046-00	B010100	B032435	1	WASHER,LOCK:0.261 ID,INTL,0.018 THK,BRS	78189	1214-05-00-05410
	210-0076-00	B032436		1	WASHER, LOCK: 0.255 ID SPLIT, 0.065 THK, ST	80009	210-0076-00
		2923113			(END ATTACHING PARTS)		
41							
-41				1	REDIDION, VAR. (DEE HJUU HEPL)	2020	
					WARLED LOCK O OCT ID INTL O OTO THE DDO	70400	101105 00 00110

**REV OCT 1983** 

× ....

Fig. &

Index	Tektronix	Serial/Mo	del No.				Mfr		
No.	Part No.	Eff	Dscont	Qty	12345	Name & Description	Code	Mfr Part Number	_
4.40	100 0000 00						00000	100,0000,00	
1-43	129-0290-00			1	POST, ELEC-MEC	CHING BARTS)*********	80009	129-0290-00	
4.4	358 0342 00			1			80008	358 0342 00	
-44 15	210 0046 00			1	WASHED LOCK	0.261 ID INTL 0.018 THK BBS	78189	1214 05 00 05410	
-45	210-0040-00			I	(END /	ATTACHING PARTS)	70109	1214-03-00-03410	
-46	348-0235-00			2	SHLD GSKT,ELE	C:4.734 INCH LONG	92101	OBD	
-47	348-0067-00			1	GROMMET,PLAS	STIC:0.312 INCH DIA	80009	348-0067-00	
-48	131-1266-00			1	CONTACT, ELEC	GROUND SPRING	80009	131-1266-00	
-49	386-3256-00			1	SUBPANEL, FRO		80009	386-3256-00	
50	212 0102 00	B010100	B021140	٨			97209		
-30	213-0192-00	B010100	D021149	4	SCR, IFG, IND F		02007	OBD	
	213-0793-00	D021130		4	(END /	ATTACHING PARTS)	33307	060	
-51	386-3440-00			1	LT CNDCT,PB IL	L:3 BUTTON,7.5 MM SPACING	80009	386-3440-00	
-52	386-3439-00			1	LT CNDCT,PB IL	L:10 BUTTON,7.5MM SPACING	80009	386-3439-00	
-53	131-1820-00			5	CONNECTOR, PL	UG,:CKT CD,5 MALE	22526	65306-002	
-54	384-1382-00			7	EXTENSION SH	AFT:1.09 INCH LONG	80009	384-1382-00	
-55	214-1054-00			1	SPRING,FLAT:0.	825 X 0.322.SST	80009	214-1054-00	
-56	105-0075-00			1	BOLT.LATCH:7A	& 7B SER PL-IN	80009	105-0075-00	
-57	214-1061-00			1	SPRING GROUN	ID:FLAT	80009	214-1061-00	
-58				1	CKT BOARD AS	SY:DVM(SEE A4 REPL)			
_				_	······(ATT/	ACHING PARTS)		_	
-59	211-0008-00			3	SCREW,MACHIN	NE:4-40 X 0.250,PNH,STL,POZ ATTACHING PARTS)*******	83385	OBD	
				-	CKT BOARD AS	SY INCLUDES:			
-60	136-0252-07			105	SOCKET, PIN CO	DNN:W/O DIMPLE	22526	75060-012	
-61	131-0608-00			10	TERMINAL PIN:	0.365 L X 0.025 PH BRZ GOLD	22526	47357	
-62	263-0015-01			1	SWITCH PB AS	SY:3 LATCHING,7.5 MM,5 CONTAC	80009	263-0015-01	
-63	343-0495-03			5	.CLIP,SWITCH:F	RONT,7.5 MM,3 UNIT	80009	343-0495-03	
64	010 2022 00			2		ACHING PARTS	07707		
-04	210-3033-00			3	.EYELEI,MEIAL	LIC:0.59 OD X 0.156 INCH LONG	07707	SE-25	
CE	242 0400 02	0010100	0001000		CLID OWITCH 7		00000	242 0400 02	
-00	343-0499-03	B010100	B021009	1	CLIP,SWITCH:7		80009	343-0499-03	
	343-0499-12	8021610			(ATT/	ACHING PARTS)	80009	343-0499-12	
-66	210-3033-00			3	EYELET, METAL	LIC:0.59 OD X 0.156 INCH LONG	07707	SE-25	
67	100 0011 00			•	. (END A		70000	000000 0	
-0/	136-0514-00			3	SKI,PL-IN ELEC		73803	CS9002-8	
-68	136-0260-02		0004000	1	SKI,PL-IN ELEK	CMICROCIRCUIT, 16 DIP, LOW CL	/1/85	133-51-92-008	
-69	136-0634-00	B010100	B031889	1	SOCKET,PLUG-	IN:20 LEAD DIP,CKT BD MTG	73803	CS9002-20	
	136-0752-00	B031890		1	SKI,PL-IN ELEK	CMICROCIRCUIT, 20 DIP	09922	DILB20P-108	
-70	214-05/9-00			1	TERM, TEST PO	INT: BRS CD PL	80009	214-05/9-00	
-/1	131-0566-00			1	BUS CONDUCT	OR:DUMMY RES,2.375,22 AWG	5/668	JWW-0200E0	
-72	136-0269-02			3	SKT,PL-IN ELEK	CMICROCIRCUIT, 14 DIP, LOW CL	73803	CS9002-14	
-/3	136-0263-04			10	SOCKET,PIN TE	ERM: FOR 0.025 INCH SQUARE PIN	22526	/53/7-001	
-/4	131-0589-00			22	.TERMINAL, PIN:	0.46 L X 0.025 SQ	22526	48283-029	
-/5				1	CKT BOARD AS	SY:TRIGGER(SEE A2 REPL) ACHING PARTS)*******			
-76	211-0008-00			2	SCREW,MACHIN	NE:4-40 X 0.250,PNH,STL,POZ	83385	OBD	
				-	CKT BOARD AS	SY INCLUDES:			
-77	378-0074-00			7	.REFLECTOR,LIC	GHT:PUSH BUTTON	80009	378-0074-00	
-78	366-1650-00			7	.PUSH BUTTON:	CLEAR,0.184 X 0.214 X 8.0 L	80009	360-1650-00	
-79	263-0016-03			1	.SWITCH,PB AS	SY:4 CATCH,7.5MM,6 CONTACTS	80009	263-0016-03	
-80	263-0015-00			2	SWITCH PB AS	SY:3 LATCHING,7.5 MM	80009	263-0015-00	
-81	343-0495-04			1	.CLIP,SWITCH:F	RONT,7.5 MM,4 UNIT	80009	343-0495-04	
00	010 0000 00			~	(ATTA	CHING PARTS	A77.45	05.07	
-82	210-3050-00			3	.EYELET,METAL	LIC:0.218 L X 0.059 OD,BRS	07707	SE-27	
	210-3033-00			1	.EYELET,METAL	LIC:0.59 OD X 0.156 INCH LONG	07707	SE-25	
-83	343-0499-04	B010100	B021609	1	CLIP SWITCH P	EAR,7.5MM X 4 UNIT	80009	343-0499-04	
	343-0499-13	B021610	0.033	1	.CLIP,SWITCH:7	.5MM X 4 UNIT	80009	343-0499-13	
	200-210-200-200-200-200-200-200-200-200-	<ul> <li>CULTA COLL</li> </ul>			(ATT/	CHING PARTS	10000000000	-5500072599395	
-84	210-3050-00			3	EYELET, METAL	LIC:0.218 L X 0.059 OD,BRS	07707	SE-27	
	210-3033-00			1	EYELET.METAL	LIC:0.59 OD X 0.156 INCH LONG	07707	SE-25	
					(END A	TTACHING PARTS)			

Fig. &	Tables	Costel/Ma	del Ma			146-	
Index	Tektronix	Serial/Mo	del No.			MIT	1002-0040200105
No.	Part No.	Eff	Dscont	Qty	1 2 3 4 5 Name & Description	Code	Mfr Part Numb
							D40 0405 00
1-85	343-0495-03	1000000000	2420201241	1	CLIP,SWITCH:FRONT,7.5 MM,3 UNIT	80009	343-0495-03
-86	343-0499-03	B010100	B021609	1	.CLIP,SWITCH:7.5 MM,4 UNIT	80009	343-0499-03
	343-0499-12	B021610		1	.CLIP,SWITCH:REAR,7.5MM X 3 UNIT	80009	343-0499-12
87	263-0010-02			1	SWITCH PB ASSY:1 PUSH 7 5MM 1 CONTACT	80009	263-0010-02
88	343 0495 01			1	CLIP SWITCH-EBONT 7.5 MM 1 LINIT	80009	343 0495-01
00	545-0455-01					00005	343-0433-01
89	210-3033-00			1	EYELET METALLIC:0.59 OD X 0.156 INCH LONG	07707	SE-25
••					WWWWWWEND ATTACHING PARTS		
00	242 0400 01					00000	242 0400 01
90	343-0499-01				CLIP,SWITCH:REAR,7.5 MM,T UNIT	00009	343-0499-01
					(ATTACHING PARTS)	1.1003	
91	210-3033-00			1	EYELET, METALLIC: 0.59 OD X 0.156 INCH LONG	07707	SE-25
				12.1	(END ATTACHING PARTS)		
92	131-0589-00			5	TERMINAL, PIN: 0.46 L X 0.025 SQ	22526	48283-029
93	131-1003-00			2	.CONN,RCPT,ELEC:CKT BD MT,3 PRONG	80009	131-1003-00
94	136-0252-07			50	SOCKET.PIN CONN:W/O DIMPLE	22526	75060-012
95	426-1337-00			1	EBAME MICBOCKT-1 22 CM	80009	426-1337-00
	20 1001 00			1.1	**************************************	00000	
00	044 0050 05					70400	000
90	211-0259-00			4	SCH,ASSEM WSHR:2-56 X 0.437,PNH,STL CD PL	/8189	ORD
97	220-0797-00			4	.NUT,CAPTIVE:2-56 X 0.218 DIA,STL CD PL	46384	KF2-256
					(END ATTACHING PARTS)		
98	131-1923-00			1	CONTACT, ELEC: MICROCIRCUIT	80009	131-1923-00
99	214-0579-00			3	TERM TEST POINT BBS CD PI	80009	214-0579-00
100	100 0514 00	D010100	D021700			72902	00000 9
100	136-0514-00	BUIUTUU	B031/99	4	SKT,PL-IN ELEC:MICROCIRCOT, O DIP	73003	059002-0
101	136-0263-04			14	SOCKET, PIN TERM: FOR 0.025 INCH SQUARE PIN	22526	/53/7-001
102	386-1402-00			1	PANEL,REAR:	80009	386-1402-00
		122-12200	122232		(ATTACHING PARTS)		
103	213-0192-00	B010100	B021149	4	SCR, TPG, THD FOR: 6-32 X 0.50 INCH, PNH STL	87308	OBD
	213-0793-00	B021150		4	SCREW, TPG, TF: 6-32 X 0.4375, TAPTITE, FIL	93907	OBD
104	361-0326-00			1	SPACER, SLEEVE: 0.18 ID X 0.25 OD X 0.10°L	80009	361-0326-00
					(END ATTACHING PARTS)		
105	384-1100-00			1	EXTENSION SHAFT: 0.13 SQ X 6.215" LONG, PLST	80009	384-1100-00
106	384-1292-00			1	EXTENSION SHAFT: 2.417 INCH LONG. PLASTIC	80009	384-1292-00
107	129-0198-00			5	POST, ELEC-MECH: 0.188 HEX X 0.74 INCH L.BRS	80009	129-0198-00
					(ATTACHING PARTS)		
108	211-0008-00			5	SCREW MACHINE 4.40 X 0 250 PNH STL POZ	83385	OBD
	211 0000 00			•		00000	000
100				4	(END ATTACHING FAR 13)	00500	05050 004
109	204-0683-00			5	BODY, CONN, RCP1:5 FEMALE POSN CONTACT	22526	65058-061
	672-0650-00			1	CKT BOARD ASSY:TIME/CM	80009	672-0650-00
					**************************************		
110	211-0008-00			6	SCREW MACHINE:4-40 X 0.250 PNH STL POZ	83385	OBD
				-	(END ATTACHING PARTS)		
				-	CKT BUARD ASST INCLUDES:	00000	
111	384-1417-00			1	EXTENSION SHAFT:10.275 INCH LONG, PLASTIC	80009	384-1417-00
112	200-1362-00			2	.COVER,CAM SW:BLACK PLASTIC	80009	200-1362-00
					.***********(ATTACHING PARTS)*******		
113	211-0244-00	B010100	B021199	3	SCR,ASSEM WSHR:4-40 X 0.312 INCH.PNH STL	78189	OBD
	211-0292-00	B021200		3	SCB ASSEM WSHB 4.40 X 0.29 BBS NI PI	78189	OBD
114	210 0406 00	DOLILOU		2	NUT DLAIN UEV 14 40 X 0 100 INCU DDS	70700	10161 50
114	210-0400-00			3	NUT, PLAIN, REA.: 4-40 X 0.100 INCH, BRS	13/43	12101-30
					(END ATTACHING PARTS)		
115				1	.CKT BOARD ASSY:READOUT(SEE A3 REPL)		
					.************(ATTACHING PARTS)********		
116	211-0678-00			4	SCR, ASSEM WSHR: 4-40 X 0.281 L.PNH STEEL	01536	OBD
117	211-0008-00			1	SCREW MACHINE 4.40 X 0 250 PNH STL POZ	83385	OBD
	211-0000-00					00000	566
					OUT DO LED ADOV MOLUET		
9557				-	CKT BOARD ASSY INCLUDES:		
118	131-0604-00			13	CONTACT,ELEC:CKT BD SW,SPR,CU BE	80009	131-0604-00
119	136-0263-04			3	SOCKET, PIN TERM: FOR 0.025 INCH SQUARE PI	22526	75377-001
	131-0589-00			10	.TERMINAL.PIN:0.46 L X 0.025 SO	22526	48283-029
120	101-0000-00			2	CONTACT ELEC-GROUNDING	000EV	0200-023
120	121 0062 00			2		UUUEX	
120 121	131-0963-00			1	SW,CAM,ACTR AS:TIME/CM	80009	263-1166-00
120 121	131-0963-00 263-1166-00						
120 121	131-0963-00 263-1166-00			1	************(ATTACHING PARTS)********		
120 121 122	131-0963-00 263-1166-00 211-0207-00			4		83385	OBD
120 121 122	131-0963-00 263-1166-00 211-0207-00			4		83385	OBD
120 121 122 123	131-0963-00 263-1166-00 211-0207-00 210-0406-00			4		83385	OBD
120 121 122 123	131-0963-00 263-1166-00 211-0207-00 210-0406-00			4	(ATTACHING PARTS) SCR,ASSEM WSHR:4-40 X 0.312 DOUBLE SEMS (END ATTACHING PARTS) NUT,PLAIN,HEX.:4-40 X 0.188 INCH,BRS	83385 73743	OBD

**REV OCT 1983** 

Fig. &

Index	lektronix	Serial/Mo	del No.			MIT	
No	Part No	Eff	Decont	Otv	1 2 3 4 5 Name & Description	Code	Mfr Part Number
	runtito.		Dooont	Gry	Name & Description	0006	
1-125	214-1752-00			2	ROLLER.DETENT:	80009	214-1752-00
126	401 0180 00			1	BEARING CAM SWIEBONT & REAR	80008	401-0180-00
-120	401-0100-00					00003	.01-0100-00
						70.000	5400 07110
-127	354-0390-00			2	RING,RETAINING:0.338 ID X 0.025" THK,STL	79136	5100-37MD
					(END ATTACHING PARTS)		
-128	384-0878-00			1	SHAFT,CAM SW:W/DRIVER	80009	384-0878-00
-129	105-0755-00			1	ACTUATOR CAM SW:TIME/CM.DRUM TYPE	80009	105-0755-00
130	210-0406-00			2	NUT PLAIN HEY :4.40 X 0 188 INCH BBS	73743	12161-50
-130	210-0400-00			-	DEADING CAM CMICENTED/DEAD	80000	401 0179 01
-131	401-01/8-01			1	DEARING, CAM SWICENTER/REAR	00009	401-0178-01
-132				1	.SWITCH,PUSH:(SEE S460 REPL)		
-133	361-0411-00			2	.SPACER, PUSH SW:0.13 W X 0.375 INCH L, PLST	71590	J64285-00
-134	352-0274-00			1	HOLDER, TERMINAL: FOR 8 SQUARE PINS	80009	352-0274-00
-135	131-0593-00			3	.CONTACT, ELEC: 1.15 INCH LONG	22526	47354
-136	351-0180-00			1	SLIDE GUIDE: SWITCH ACTUATOR	80009	351-0180-00
197	120 0570 00			4	POST ELEC MECHIO 188 HEY Y 0 0761 ONO BBS	80000	129-0570 00
-137	129-00/0-00				TOST, ELEC-WEGH, U. 100 HEA & U.S/O LUNG, DRS	00009	123-0370-00
	100 100 100				(ATTACHING PARTS)		
-138	211-0008-00			1	.SCREW,MACHINE:4-40 X 0.250,PNH,STL,POZ	83385	OBD
					(END ATTACHING PARTS)		
-139	214-1136-00			1	ACTUATOR, SL SW: DUAL DPST	80009	214-1136-00
-140	214-1190-00			1	CPLG.SHAFT.BGD:0.125 OD TO 0.125 OD AL	80009	214-1190-00
141	L14-1100-00			1	RESISTOR VAR-(SEE B725 AND S725 DEDL)	00000	
140	010 0500 00				NUT DI ANU UEV.O 25 20 V 0 210 NOU DDO	70740	2220217 400
-142	210-0583-00				NUT, PLAIN, HEX:U.25-32 X U.312 INCH, BHS	13/43	2820317-402
-143	210-0046-00			1	.WASHER,LOCK:0.261 ID,INTL,0.018 THK,BRS	78189	1214-05-00-0541C
-144	407-0803-00			1	.BRACKET,ELEC SW:BRASS	80009	407-0803-00
-145	136-0252-04			2	.SOCKET, PIN TERM: U/W 0.016-0.018 DIA PINS	22526	75060-007
-146	352-0196-00			2	HLDR.ELEK CMPNT:PNL MT 0.531 ID MOLD PLST	80009	352-0196-00
-147	263-0016-01			1	SWITCH PB ASSY:31 CH & 1 CANO 7 5MM 5 CON	80009	263-0016-01
149	200-0010-01				CKT BOARD ASSY-INTEDEACE/SEE A1 BEDLY	00003	200 0010-01
-140	040 0405 04				OUR OWITOULEDONT 7 CHURCH CONT	00000	040 0405 04
-149	343-0495-04			1	CLIP,SWITCH:FRONT,7.5 MM,4 UNIT	80009	343-0495-04
					(ATTACHING PARTS)		
-150	210-3033-00			4	EYELET, METALLIC: 0.59 OD X 0.156 INCH LON	07707	SE-25
					**********(END ATTACHING PARTS)*******		
-151	343-0499-04	B010100	B021609	1	CLIP.SWITCH:REAR.7.5MM X 4 UNIT	80009	343-0499-04
	343 0400 12	B021610	2021000	1		80000	343-0400 13
	343-0433-13	DU21010		I		00009	343-0433-13
4							
-152	210-3033-00			4	EYELET, METALLIC: 0.59 OD X 0.156 INCH LON	07707	SE-25
					**********(END ATTACHING PARTS)*******		
-153	131-0608-00			48	TERMINAL, PIN: 0.365 L X 0.025 PH BRZ GOLD	22526	47357
-154	214-0579-00			6	TERM TEST POINT BRS CD PI	80009	214-0579-00
-155	136-0514-00	B010100	B031820	3	SKT PL-IN ELEC-MICBOCIBCUIT & DIP	73803	CS9002-8
- 100	126 0750 00	B010100	0001029	4		10000	
455	130-0/52-00	BU31830			SKI, FL-IN ELEK: MICKUCIKCUII, 20 DIF	09922	DILB207-108
-156	136-0634-00			1	SOCKET,PLUG-IN:20 LEAD DIP,CKT BD MTG	73803	CS9002-20
-157	136-0263-04			25	SOCKET, PIN TERM: FOR 0.025 INCH SQUARE PI	22526	75377-001
-158	136-0252-07			150	SOCKET,PIN CONN:W/O DIMPLE	22526	75060-012
-159	131-0604-00			27	CONTACT,ELEC:CKT BD SW.SPR.CU BE	80009	131-0604-00
-160	131-0566-00			5	BUS CONDUCTOR DUMMY BES 2 375 22 AWG	57668	JWW-0200E0
-161	131_1003_00			2		90000	131_1003.00
101	131-1003-00			4		80009	131-1003-00
-162	220-0547-00			6	NUT,BLOCK:0.38 X 0.25 X 0.282 INCH OA	80008	220-0547-00
					······(ATTACHING PARTS)······		
-183	211-0105-00			6	SCREW, MACHINE: 4-40 X 0.188, 100 DEG, FLH ST	83385	OBD
					(END ATTACHING PARTS)		
-164	426-0505-11			1	FB SECT PLUG-IN TOP	80009	426-0505-11
-165	426 0400 11			1		90000	426 0400 11
- 100	100 2000 00			4		00009	100 2006 00
	198-3826-00			1	WIRE SET, ELEC:	80009	198-3820-00
-166	131-0707-00			63	CONNECTOR, TERM: 22-26 AWG, BRS & CU BE GOLD	22526	47439
-167	352-0161-05			1	.CONN BODY,PL,EL:3 WIRE GREEN	80009	352-0161-05
-168	352-0162-05			2	.CONN BODY,PL,EL:4 WIRE GREEN	80009	352-0162-05
-169	352-0165-06			2	CONN BODY PLEL:7 WIRE BLUE	80009	352-0165-06
_170	352 0167 07			2		80000	352-0167-07
171	350 0100 -07			2		00009	350 0160 00
-1/1	352-0168-00			2	CONN BODY, PL, EL:10 WIRE BLACK	80009	352-0168-00
-172	175-0826-00			FT	.WIRE,ELECTRICAL:3 WIRE RIBBON	80009	175-0826-00
-173	175-0827-00			FT	.CABLE,SP,ELEC:4,26 AWG,STRD.PVC JKT,RBN	08261	SS04267(1061)0C
-174	175-0830-00			FT	WIRE, ELECTRICAL: 7 WIRE RIBBON	08261	SS-0726-710610C
-175	175-0832-00			FT	WIRE.ELECTRICAL:9 WIRE BIBBON	08261	SS-0926(1061)0C
-176	175-0833 00			FT	WIRE ELECTRICAL 10 WIRE RIBBON	08261	SS_1026.7
- 17 0	1/0-0000-00			F 1		VOZUI	00-1020-/

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Fig. &	Tektronix	Sorial/	Model No				Mfr	
No.	Part No.	Eff	Dscont	Qtv	12345	Name & Description	Code	Mfr Part Number
1-177	210-0774-00			6	.EYELET,METAL	LIC:0.152 OD X 0.245 INCH L,B	80009	210-0774-00
-178	210-0775-00			6	.EYELET, METAL	LIC:0.126 OD X 0.23 INCH L,BR	80009	210-0775-00
	198-2479-00			1	WIRE SET ELEC		80009	198-2479-00
	131-0707-00			30	.CONNECTOR,T	ERM:22-26 AWG,BRS & CU BE GOLD	22526	47439
-179	352-0169-00			1	HLDR, TERM CO	DNN:2 WIRE BLACK	80009	352-0169-00
	352-0161-07			1	.CONN BODY, PL	.,EL:3 WIRE VIOLET	80009	352-0161-07
	352-0162-00			1	HLDR, TERM CO	DNN:4 WIRE BLACK	80009	352-0162-00
	352-0162-04			1	.CONN BODY, PL	"EL:4 WIRE YELLOW	80009	352-0162-04
-180	352-0163-04			1	.CONN BODY, PL	,EL:5 WIRE YELLOW	80009	352-0163-04
	352-0163-05			1	.CONN BODY, PL	,EL:5 WIRE GREEN	80009	352-0163-05
	352-0163-06			1	.CONN BODY, PL	,EL:5 WIRE BLUE	80009	352-0163-06
-181	175-0825-00			FT	.WIRE, ELECTRIC	CAL:2 WIRE RIBBON	80009	175-0825-00
	175-0826-00			FT	.WIRE, ELECTRIC	CAL:3 WIRE RIBBON	80009	175-0826-00
	175-0827-00			FT	.CABLE,SP,ELEC	C:4,26 AWG,STRD.PVC JKT,RBN	08261	SS04267(1061)0C
-182	175-0828-00			FT	.WIRE,ELECTRIC	CAL:5 WIRE RIBBON	08261	SS-0526-710610C
-183	198-4156-00			1	WIRE SET ELEC		80009	198-4156-00

**REV OCT 1983** 

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# 7B15 DELAYING TIME BASE

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Fig. & Index	Tektronix	Serial/	Model No.				Mfr	
No.	Part No.	Eff	Dscont	Qty	12345	Name & Description	Code	Mfr Part Number
					STANDARD	ACCESSORIES		
	070-2318-00				MANUAL, TECH: IN	ISTRUCTION	80009	070-2318-00
070-2319-00				1	MANUAL, TECH : OF	PERATORS	80009	070-2319-00

# MANUAL CHANGE INFORMATION

At Tektronix, we continually strive to keep up with latest electronic developments by adding circuit and component improvements to our instruments as soon as they are developed and tested.

Sometimes, due to printing and shipping requirements, we can't get these changes immediately into printed manuals. Hence, your manual may contain new change information on following pages.

A single change may affect several sections. Since the change information sheets are carried in the manual until all changes are permanently entered, some duplication may occur. If no such change pages appear following this page, your manual is correct as printed.